# Rajalakshmi Engineering College

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# NeoColab\_REC\_CS23231\_DATA STRUCTURES

REC\_DS using C\_Week 4\_MCQ\_Updated

Attempt : 1 Total Mark : 20 Marks Obtained : 19

Section 1: MCQ

1. What will be the output of the following code?

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdib.h>
#define MAX_SIZE 5
typedef struct {
  int* arr;
  int front;
  int rear;
  int size;
} Queue;
Queue* createQueue() {
  Queue* queue = (Queue*)malloc(sizeof(Queue));
  queue->arr = (int*)malloc(MAX_SIZE * sizeof(int));
  queue->front = -1;
  queue->rear = -1;
```

```
queue->size = 0;
return queue;
}
int isEmpty(Queue* queue) {
    return (queue->size == 0);
}
int main() {
    Queue* queue = createQueue();
    printf("Is the queue empty? %d", isEmpty(queue));
    return 0;
}
Answer
Is the queue empty? 1
Status: Correct
Marks: 1/1
```

2. Which operations are performed when deleting an element from an array-based queue?

Answer

Dequeue

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

3. What are the applications of dequeue?

Answer

All the mentioned options

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

4. Front and rear pointers are tracked in the linked list implementation of a queue. Which of these pointers will change during an insertion into the EMPTY queue?

Answer

Status : Correct

Marks: 1/1

5. What will be the output of the following code?

```
#include <stdio.h>
#define MAX_SIZE 5
typedef struct {
  int arr[MAX_SIZE];
  int front;
  int rear;
  int size;
} Queue;
void enqueue(Queue* queue, int data) {
  if (queue->size == MAX_SIZE) {
     return;
  }
  queue->rear = (queue->rear + 1) % MAX_SIZE;
  queue->arr[queue->rear] = data;
  queue->size++;
int dequeue(Queue* queue) {
  if (queue->size == 0) {
     return -1;
  int data = queue->arr[queue->front];
  queue->front = (queue->front + 1) % MAX_SIZE;
  queue->size--;
  return data;
int main() {
  Queue queue;
  queue.front = 0;
  queue.rear = -1;
  queue.size = 0;
 enqueue(&queue, 1);
  enqueue(&queue, 2);
```

```
enqueue(&queue, 3);
printf("%d ", dequeue(&queue));
printf("%d ", dequeue(&queue));
enqueue(&queue, 4);
enqueue(&queue, 5);
printf("%d ", dequeue(&queue));
printf("%d ", dequeue(&queue));
return 0;
}

Answer

1 2 3 4

Status: Correct
```

6. The essential condition that is checked before insertion in a queue is?

Marks : 1/1

**Answer** 

Overflow

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

7. Which of the following properties is associated with a queue?

Answer

First In First Out

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

8. In what order will they be removed If the elements "A", "B", "C" and "D" are placed in a queue and are deleted one at a time

Answer

**ABCD** 

Statús: Correct Marks: 1/1

9. Which of the following can be used to delete an element from the front end of the queue?

### Answer

public Object deleteFront() throws emptyDEQException(if(isEmpty())throw new emptyDEQException("Empty");else{Node temp = head.getNext();Node cur = temp;Object e = temp.getEle();head.setNext(cur);size--;return e;}}

Status: Wrong Marks: 0/1

10. What will the output of the following code?

```
#include <stdio.h>
   #include <stdlib.h>
typedef struct {
      int* arr;
      int front;
      int rear;
      int size;
   } Queue;
   Queue* createQueue() {
      Queue* queue = (Queue*)malloc(sizeof(Queue));
      queue->arr = (int*)malloc(5 * sizeof(int));
      queue->front = 0;
     queue->rear = -1;
   queue->size = 0;
      return queue;
   int main() {
      Queue* queue = createQueue();
      printf("%d", queue->size);
      return 0:
   }
   Answer
   Status: Correct
```

Marks: 1/1, 225

11. After performing this set of operations, what does the final list look to contain?

InsertFront(10); InsertFront(20); InsertRear(30); DeleteFront(); InsertRear(40); InsertRear(10); DeleteRear(); InsertRear(15); display(); Answer

10 30 40 15

Status: Correct

12. When new data has to be inserted into a stack or queue, but there is no available space. This is known as

Answer

overflow

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

13. In a linked list implementation of a queue, front and rear pointers are tracked. Which of these pointers will change during an insertion into a nonempty queue?

Answer

Only rear pointer

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

Insertion and deletion operation in the queue is known as

Answer

**Enqueue and Dequeue** 

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

15. Which one of the following is an application of Queue Data Structure?

#### Answer

All of the mentioned options

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

16. In linked list implementation of a queue, the important condition for a queue to be empty is?

## Answer

FRONT is null

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

17. A normal queue, if implemented using an array of size MAX\_SIZE, gets full when

#### Answer

Rear = MAX\_SIZE - 1

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

18. The process of accessing data stored in a serial access memory is similar to manipulating data on a

#### Answer

**Oueue** 

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

19. What does the front pointer in a linked list implementation of a queue contain?

Answer

The address of the first element

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

20. What is the functionality of the following piece of code?

```
public void function(Object item)
      Node temp=new Node(item,trail);
      if(isEmpty())
        head.setNext(temp);
        temp.setNext(trail);
      else
        Node cur=head.getNext();
        while(cur.getNext()!=trail)
           cur=cur.getNext();
        cur.setNext(temp);
740} size++;
    Answer
```

Insert at the rear end of the dequeue

Status: Correct

Marks: 1/1