Name	MacID	Student#
i <b>v</b> arric	Macib	Oludenin

(30 min)

1	<pre>int c = 10; switch(c) {     case 1: c=10;break;     case 10:c=21;     case 20:c=60;break;     case 60:c=100;     case 100:     default: c=200; }</pre>	Question: what is <b>c</b> 's value after the implementation? 1' Answer:
2	<pre>int i = 10; do while(i++ &lt;3); while(i=0); printf("i=%d\n", i);</pre>	Question: what is printed to screen? 1' Answer:
3	<pre>int value = 80; if(value &gt;= 50) if(value &gt;= 90) printf("very good A+"); else if(value == 0) printf("did not participate"); else printf("low score and failed");</pre>	Question: what is printed to screen? 1' Answer:
4	int data [5] = {1,2,3};	Question: what is the value of data[4]?  1' Answer:
5	<pre>char str [] = {'M', 'c', '\0', 'm', 'a',   's', 't','e','r'}; printf("%s", str);</pre>	Question: what is printed to screen? 1' Answer:

2. Write a short c program. In the program, you need to use the <b>for</b> loop, to count the number of 7 in the input integer. For example, for input 123, return 0; for input 127, return 1; for input 277, return 2.		
1	int count7(unsigned number)	
2	{	
3		
4		
5		
6		
7		
8		
9		
10		
11		
12		
13		
14		
15	}	

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1	<pre>int c = 100; switch(c) {     case 1: c=10;break;     case 10:c=21;     case 20:c=60;break;     case 60:c=100;     case 100:     default: c=200; }</pre>	Question: what is <b>c</b> 's value after the implementation?  1'  Answer:
2	<pre>int i = 10; do while(i++ &lt;3); while(i=0); printf("i=%d\n", i);</pre>	Question: what is printed to screen? 1' Answer:
3	<pre>int value = 60;  if(value &gt;= 50)    if(value &gt;= 90)    printf("very good A+");    else if(value == 0)    printf("did not participate");    else    printf("low score and failed");</pre>	Question: what is printed to screen? 1' Answer:
4	int data [5] = {3};	Question: what is the value of data[4]?  1' Answer:
5	<pre>char str [] = {'J', 'o', 'e', '\0', 'A',   'v', 'g'}; printf("%s", str);</pre>	Question: what is printed to screen? 1' Answer:

of 3 in	ite a short c program. In the program, you need to use the <b>for</b> loop, to count the number in the input integer. For example, for input 123, return 1; for input 127, return 0; for input return 2.
1	int count3(unsigned number)
2	{
3	
4	
5	
6	
7	
8	
9	
10	
11	
12	
13	
14	
15	}

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(30 min)

1	<pre>int c = 60; switch(c) {     case 1: c=10;     case 10:c=21;     case 20:c=60;     case 60:c=100;     case 100:     default: c=200; }</pre>	Question: what is <b>c</b> 's value after the implementation?  1'  Answer:
2	<pre>int i = 100; do while(i++ &lt;3); while(i=0); printf("i=%d\n", i);</pre>	Question: what is printed to screen? 1' Answer:
3	<pre>int value = 70;  if(value &gt;= 50) if(value &gt;= 90) printf("very good A+"); else if(value == 0) printf("did not participate"); else printf("low score and failed");</pre>	Question: what is printed to screen? 1' Answer:
4	int data [5] = {};	Question: what is the value of data[4]?  1' Answer:
5	<pre>char str [] = {'A', 'n', 'n', '\0', 'A', 'v', 'g'}; printf("%s", str);</pre>	Question: what is printed to screen? 1' Answer:

numb	rite a short c program. In the program, you need to use the <b>while</b> loop, to count the per of 8 in the input integer. For example, for input 123, return 0; for input 128, return 1; for 388, return 2.
1	int count8(unsigned number)
2	{
3	
4	
5	
6	
7	
8	
9	
10	
11	
12	
13	
14	
15	}

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(30 min)

```
int c = 1;
                                                       Question: what is c's value after
   switch(c)
                                                       the implementation?
        case 1: c=10;
                                                       Answer:
        case 10:c=21;
        case 20:c=60;
        case 60:c=100;
        case 100:
        default: c=200;
2 \mid int i = 100;
                                                       Question: what is printed to screen?
   do;
   while (i++ < 3);
                                                       Answer:
   while(i=0);
   printf("i=%d\n", i);
3 \mid \text{int value} = 0;
                                                       Question: what is printed to screen?
   if(value >= 50)
                                                       Answer:
   if(value \geq 90)
   printf("very good A+");
   else if(value == 0)
   printf("did not participate");
   printf("low score and failed");
4 | int data [5] = {9};
                                                       Question: what is the value of
                                                       data[4]?
                                                       1'
                                                       Answer:
  char str [] = {'J', 'a', 'y', '\setminus 0', 'A',}
                                                       Question: what is printed to screen?
   'v', 'g'};
   printf("%s", str);
                                                       Answer:
```

numb	rite a short c program. In the program, you need to use the <b>while</b> loop, to count the per of 9 in the input integer. For example, for input 123, return 0; for input 129, return 1; for 399, return 2.
1	int count9(unsigned number)
2	{
3	
4	
5	
6	
7	
8	
9	
10	
11	
12	
13	
14	
15	}