# 2 Supplementary Material

#### 1 SUPPLEMENTARY MATHEMATICS

3 Here we prove the equation

$$|Q_L| = 2^{L-2}(2^{L-1} + 1) (S1)$$

- **Proof:** For  $L \geq 2$ , there are  $4^L$  IBD (identical by descent) probabilities  $Q(i_1, i_2, \dots i_L)$  since  $i_l = 0, 1, 2$  or
- 5 3 and furthermore they add up to 1. A number of these probabilities are equal because of two symmetries:
- 6 (1) the two homologous chromosomes in each individual play identical roles, and (2) the siblings play
- 7 identical roles (assuming no sex-dependence of meiosis, so that the recombination rates  $r_{l,l'}$  are sex-
- 8 independent). It is thus appropriate to use only one representative of each symmetry equivalence class. A
- 9 way to do this is to impose that this representative have its first index,  $i_1$ , equal to zero. In fact we can
- 10 identify exactly one element in each class by imposing that the indices of the representative Q's have
- 11 either
- 12 1.  $i_l \in \{0,1\} \ \forall l \in \{2,..,L\}, or$
- 13 2.  $i_l \in \{0,1\} \ \forall l \in \{2,..,K-1\}, i_K = 2 \ \text{and} \ i_l \in \{0,1,2,3\} \ \forall l \in \{K+1,..,L\}$
- 14 The number of equivalence classes and thus of Q's to consider is then

$$|Q_L| = 2^{L-1} + \sum_{l=2}^{L} 2^{l-2} 4^{L-l} = 2^{L-1} + 2^{2L-2} \sum_{l=2}^{L} 2^{-l}$$
 (S2)

- Given that  $\sum_{l=2}^{L} 2^{-l}$  is a geometric progression of common ratio  $2^{-1}$  from 2 to L, the sum of its terms can
- 16 be expressed as:

$$\sum_{l=2}^{L} 2^{-l} = \frac{2^{-2} - 2^{-(L-1)}}{1 - 2^{-1}} = 2^{-1} - 2^{-L}$$
 (S3)

17 Substituting S3 in S2, we get

$$|Q_L| = 2^{L-1} + 2^{2L-2}(2^{-1} - 2^{-L}) = 2^{L-1} + 2^{2L-3} - 2^{L-2}$$
(S4)

18 Factorizing with respect to  $2^{L-2}$  and after simplification, this gives

$$|Q_L| = 2^{L-2}(1+2^{L-1}). (S5)$$

#### 2 THE SELF-CONSISTENT EQUATIONS FOR THREE LOCI

- 19 Here we provide the coefficients entering each of the  $\vert Q_L \vert = 10$  self-consistent equations for L=3.
- 20 **2.1** The self consistent equation for Q(0,0,0)
- Figure S1 displays the 8 factors in the self-consistent equation for Q(0,0,0):

$$Q(0,0,0) = \frac{1}{2}(1-r_{12})(1-r_{23})[Q(0,0,0)+Q(2,2,2)] + \frac{1}{4}(1-r_{12})[Q(0,0,2)+Q(2,2,0)] + \frac{1}{4}(1-r_{13})[Q(0,2,0)+Q(2,0,2)] + \frac{1}{4}(1-r_{23})[Q(0,2,2)+Q(2,0,0)]$$
(S6)

$$Q(0,0,0) = (1-r_{12})(1-r_{23})Q(0,0,0) + \frac{1}{2}(1-r_{12})Q(0,0,2) + \frac{1}{2}(1-r_{13})Q(0,2,0) + \frac{1}{2}(1-r_{23})Q(0,2,2)$$

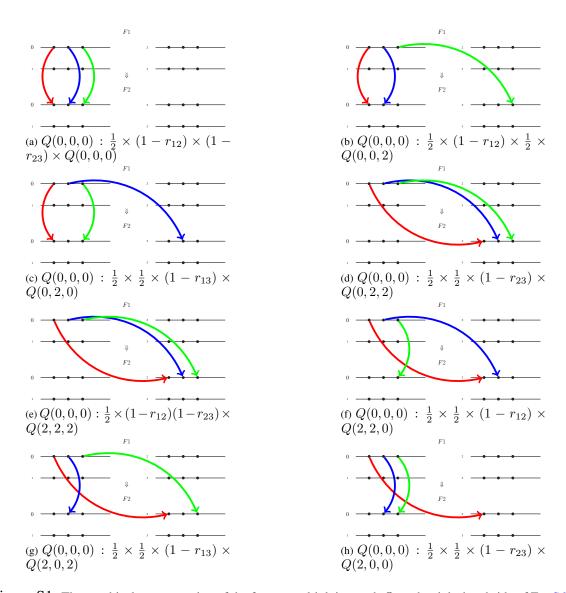


Figure S1: The graphical representation of the factors multiplying each Q on the right-hand side of Eq. S6 for Q(0,0,0).

## 24 **2.2** The self consistent equation for Q(0,0,1)

Figure S2 displays the 8 factors in the self-consistent equation for Q(0,0,1):

$$Q(0,0,1) = \frac{1}{2}(1-r_{12})r_{23}[Q(0,0,0) + Q(2,2,2)] + \frac{1}{4}(1-r_{12})[Q(0,0,2) + Q(2,2,0)] + \frac{1}{4}r_{13}[Q(0,2,0)Q(2,0,2)] + \frac{1}{4}r_{23}[Q(0,2,2) + Q(2,0,0)]$$
(S7)

$$Q(0,0,1) = (1 - r_{12})r_{23}Q(0,0,0) + \frac{1}{2}(1 - r_{12})Q(0,0,2) + \frac{1}{2}r_{13}Q(0,2,0) + \frac{1}{2}r_{23}Q(0,2,2)$$

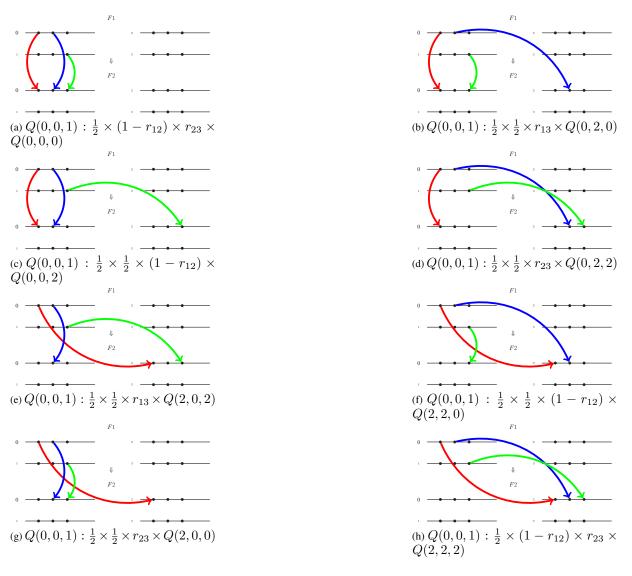


Figure S2: The graphical representation of the factors multiplying each Q on the right-hand side of Eq. S7 for Q(0,0,1).

### 28 2.3 The self consistent equation for Q(0,0,2)

Figure S3 displays the 8 factors in the self-consistent equation for Q(0,0,2):

$$Q(0,0,2) = \frac{1}{4}(1 - r_{12})[Q(0,0,1) + Q(2,2,3)] + \frac{1}{4}(1 - r_{12})[Q(0,0,3) + Q(2,2,1)] + \frac{1}{8}[Q(0,2,1) + Q(2,0,3)] + \frac{1}{8}[Q(0,2,3) + Q(2,0,1)]$$
(S8)

$$Q(0,0,2) = \frac{1}{2}(1 - r_{12})Q(0,0,1) + \frac{1}{2}(1 - r_{12})Q(0,0,2) + \frac{1}{4}Q(0,2,1) + \frac{1}{4}Q(0,2,3)$$

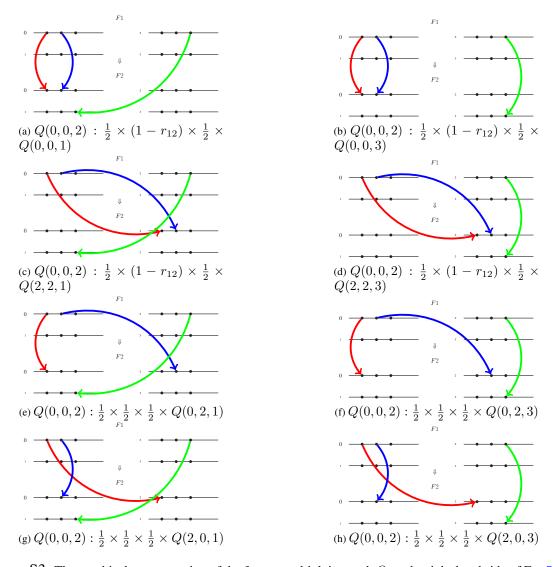


Figure S3: The graphical representation of the factors multiplying each Q on the right-hand side of Eq. S8 for Q(0,0,2).

### 32 **2.4** The self consistent equation for Q(0, 1, 0)

Figure S4 displays the 8 factors in the self-consistent equation for Q(0, 1, 0):

$$Q(0,1,0) = \frac{1}{2}r_{12}r_{23}[Q(0,0,0) + Q(2,2,2)] + \frac{1}{4}r_{12}[Q(0,0,2) + Q(2,2,0)] + \frac{1}{4}(1-r_{13})[Q(0,2,0) + Q(2,0,2)] + \frac{1}{4}r_{23}[Q(0,2,2) + Q(2,0,0)]$$

$$Q(0,1,0) = r_{12}r_{23}Q(0,0,0) + \frac{1}{2}r_{12}Q(0,0,2) + \frac{1}{2}(1-r_{13})Q(0,2,0) + \frac{1}{2}r_{23}Q(0,2,2)$$

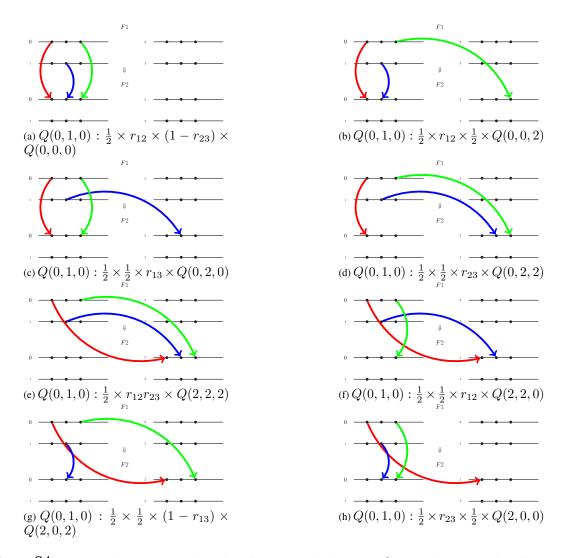


Figure S4: The graphical representation of the factors multiplying each Q on the right-hand side of Eq. S9 for Q(0, 1, 0).

## 36 2.5 The self consistent equation for Q(0,1,1)

Figure S5 displays the 8 factors in the self-consistent equation for Q(0, 1, 1):

$$Q(0,1,1) = \frac{1}{2}r_{12}(1-r_{23})[Q(0,0,0)+Q(2,2,2)] + \frac{1}{4}r_{12}[Q(0,0,2)+Q(2,2,0)] + \frac{1}{4}r_{13}[Q(0,2,0)+Q(2,0,2)] + \frac{1}{4}(1-r_{23})[Q(0,2,2)+Q(2,0,0)]$$
(S10)

$$Q(0,1,1) = r_{12}(1-r_{23})Q(0,0,0) + \frac{1}{2}r_{12}Q(0,0,2) + \frac{1}{2}r_{13}Q(0,2,0) + \frac{1}{2}(1-r_{23})Q(0,2,2)$$

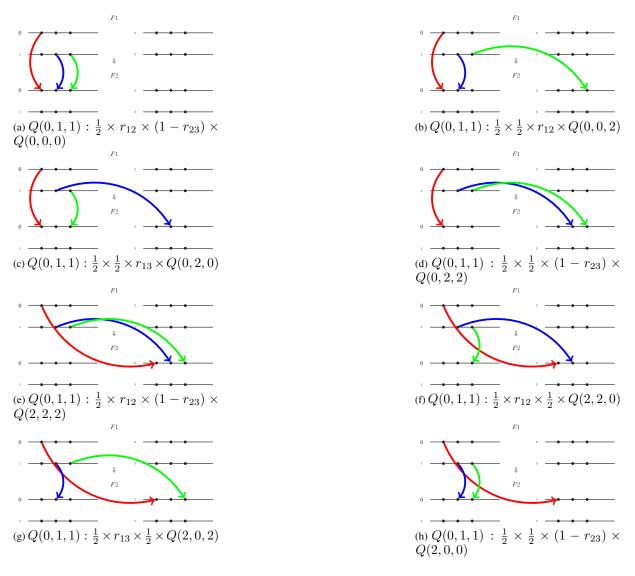


Figure S5: The graphical representation of the factors multiplying each Q on the right-hand side of Eq. S10 for Q(0,1,1).

### 40 **2.6** The self consistent equation for Q(0, 1, 2)

Figure S6 displays the 8 factors in the self-consistent equation for Q(0, 1, 2):

$$Q(0,1,2) = \frac{1}{4}r_{12}[Q(0,0,1) + Q(2,2,3)] + \frac{1}{4}r_{12}[Q(0,0,3) + Q(2,2,1)] + \frac{1}{8}[Q(0,2,1) + Q(2,0,3)] + \frac{1}{8}[Q(0,2,3) + Q(2,0,1)]$$
(S11)

$$Q(0,1,2) = \frac{1}{2}r_{12}Q(0,0,1) + \frac{1}{2}r_{12}Q(0,0,2) + \frac{1}{4}Q(0,2,1) + \frac{1}{4}Q(0,2,3)$$

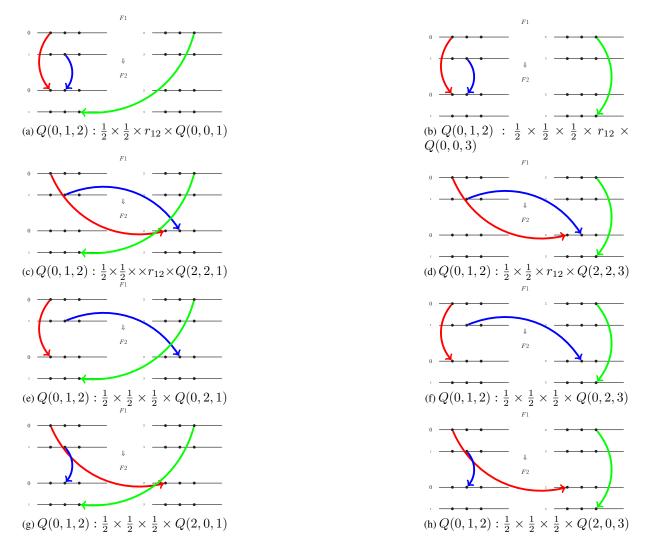


Figure S6: The graphical representation of the factors multiplying each Q on the right-hand side of Eq. S11 for Q(0, 1, 2).

## 44 2.7 The self consistent equation for Q(0,2,0)

Figure S7 displays the 8 factors in the self-consistent equation for Q(0, 2, 0):

$$Q(0,2,0) = \frac{1}{4}(1-r_{13})[Q(0,1,0)+Q(2,3,2)] + \frac{1}{8}[Q(0,1,2)+Q(2,3,0)] + \frac{1}{4}(1-r_{13})[Q(0,3,0)+Q(2,1,2)] + \frac{1}{8}[Q(0,1,3)+Q(2,1,0)]$$

$$Q(0,2,0) = \frac{1}{2}(1-r_{13})Q(0,1,0) + \frac{1}{4}Q(0,1,2) + \frac{1}{2}(1-r_{13})Q(0,2,0) + \frac{1}{4}Q(0,1,2)$$

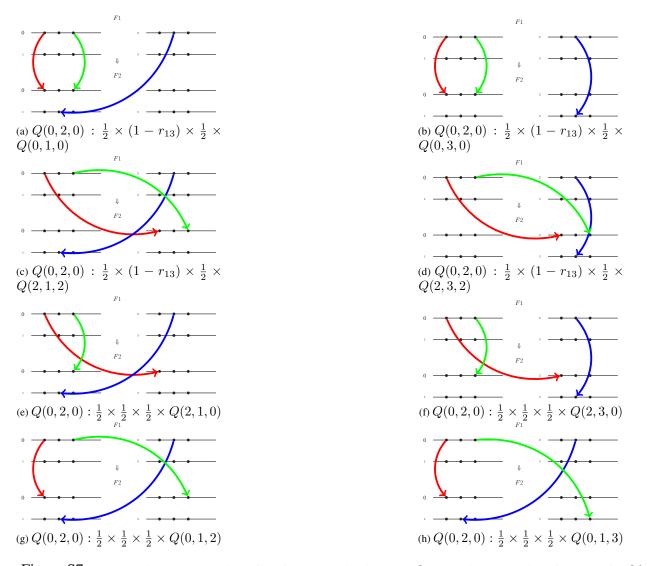


Figure S7: The graphical representation of the factors multiplying each Q on the right-hand side of Eq. S12 for Q(0,2,0).

### 48 **2.8** The self consistent equation for Q(0,2,1)

Figure S8 displays the 8 factors in the self-consistent equation for Q(0, 2, 1):

$$Q(0,2,1) = \frac{1}{4}r_{13}[Q(0,1,0) + Q(2,3,2)] + \frac{1}{8}[Q(0,1,2) + Q(2,3,0)] + \frac{1}{4}r_{13}[Q(0,3,0) + Q(2,1,2)] + \frac{1}{8}[Q(0,3,2) + Q(2,1,0)]$$
(S13)

$$Q(0,2,1) = \frac{1}{2}r_{13}Q(0,1,0) + \frac{1}{4}Q(0,1,2) + \frac{1}{2}r_{13}Q(0,2,0) + \frac{1}{4}Q(0,2,3)$$

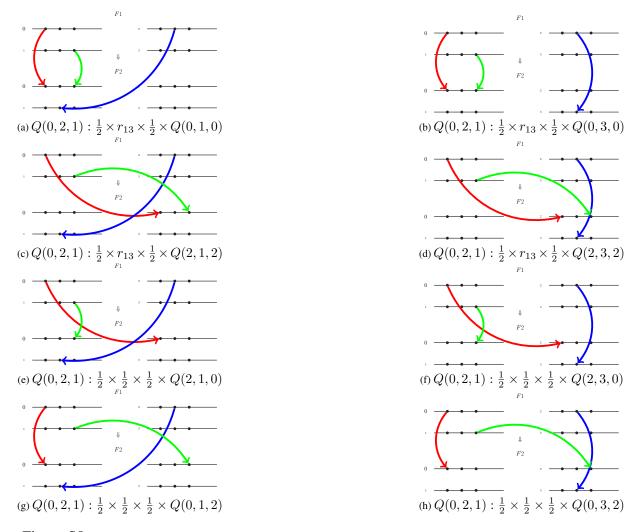


Figure S8: The graphical representation of the factors multiplying each Q on the right-hand side of Eq. S13 for Q(0,2,1).

## 52 **2.9** The self consistent equation for Q(0,2,2)

Figure S9 displays the 8 factors in the self-consistent equation for Q(0, 2, 2):

$$Q(0,2,2) = \frac{1}{4}(1-r_{23})[Q(0,1,1)+Q(2,3,3)] + \frac{1}{8}[Q(0,1,3)+Q(2,3,1)] + \frac{1}{8}[Q(0,3,1)+Q(2,1,3)] + \frac{1}{4}(1-r_{23})[Q(0,3,3)+Q(2,1,1)] \tag{S14}$$

$$Q(0,2,2) = \frac{1}{2}(1 - r_{23})Q(0,1,1) + \frac{1}{4}Q(0,1,2) + \frac{1}{4}Q(0,2,1) + \frac{1}{2}(1 - r_{23})Q(0,2,2)$$

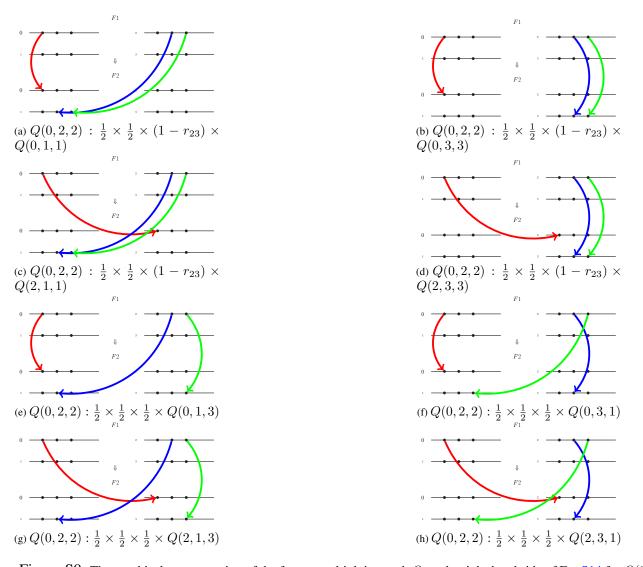


Figure S9: The graphical representation of the factors multiplying each Q on the right-hand side of Eq. S14 for Q(0,2,2).

## 56 **2.10** The self consistent equation for Q(0,2,3)

Figure S10 displays the 8 factors in the self-consistent equation for Q(0, 2, 3):

$$Q(0,2,3) = \frac{1}{4}r_{23}[Q(0,1,1) + Q(2,3,3)] + \frac{1}{8}[Q(0,1,3) + Q(2,3,1)] + \frac{1}{8}[Q(0,2,1) + Q(2,1,3)] + \frac{1}{4}r_{23}[Q(0,3,3) + Q(2,1,1)]$$
(S15)

$$Q(0,2,3) = \frac{1}{2}r_{23}Q(0,1,1) + \frac{1}{4}Q(0,1,2) + \frac{1}{4}Q(0,2,1) + \frac{1}{2}r_{23}Q(0,2,2)$$

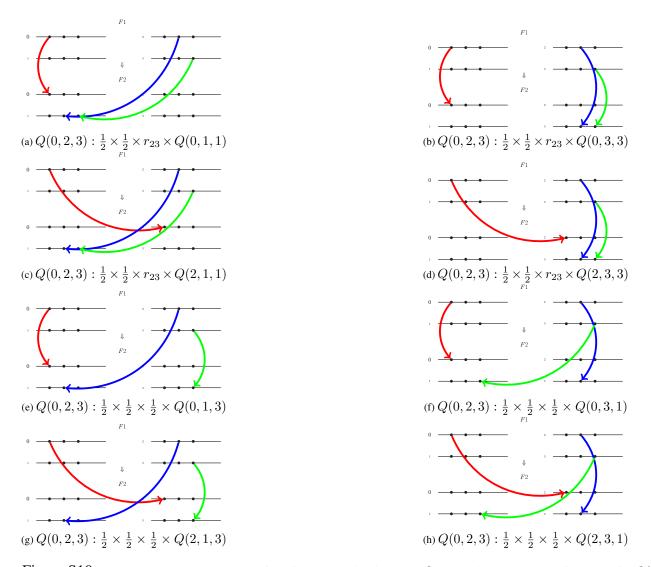


Figure S10: The graphical representation of the factors multiplying each Q on the right-hand side of Eq. S15 for Q(0,2,3).