AMS 20

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I. FIrst Order Linear Time ODE

- General form $\frac{dx}{dt}$
- $\bullet \quad \frac{\mathrm{dx}}{\mathrm{dt}} = x + t$

i.
$$\frac{1}{x+t}\frac{\mathrm{dx}}{\mathrm{dt}} = 1$$

ii.
$$\int \frac{1}{x+t} dx = t + c_1$$

iii.
$$\ln|x+t| = t + c_1$$

iv.
$$x + t = ce^t$$

v.
$$x = ce^t - t$$

vii.
$$\frac{d(e^t - t)}{dx} = x + t \Rightarrow e^t - t - t$$

viii.
$$x+t=ce^t$$

•
$$\int F(x(t), t) \frac{\mathrm{dx}}{\mathrm{dt}} \mathrm{dt} \neq \int F(x, t) \mathrm{dx}$$

$$\bullet \quad \frac{\mathrm{dx}}{\mathrm{dt}} = a(t) x$$

i.
$$\frac{1}{x} \frac{\mathrm{dx}}{\mathrm{dt}} = a(t)$$

ii.
$$\int \frac{1}{x} dx = \int a(t) dt$$

iii.
$$\ln|x| + c = \int a(t)dt + c$$

iv.
$$x(t) = ce^{\int a(t)dt}$$

$$\bullet \quad \frac{\mathrm{dx}}{\mathrm{dt}} = -x + e^{2t}$$

i.
$$\frac{\mathrm{dx}}{\mathrm{dt}} + x = e^{-2t}$$

ii.
$$e^t x + e^t \frac{dx}{dt} = e^t e^{-2t} = e^{-t}$$

iii.
$$\frac{\mathrm{d}\mathrm{e}^t}{\mathrm{d}\mathrm{t}}x + e^t \frac{\mathrm{d}\mathrm{x}}{\mathrm{d}\mathrm{t}} = \text{LHS}$$

iv.
$$\frac{d(e^t x)}{dt} = e^{tt} x \Rightarrow \int \frac{d(e^t x)}{dt} dt = \int e^{-t} = -e^{-t} + c$$

v.
$$x = ce^{-t} - e^{-2t}$$

$$\bullet \quad \frac{\mathrm{dx}}{\mathrm{dt}} = a(t)x + b(t)$$

i.
$$\frac{\mathrm{dx}}{\mathrm{dt}} - a(t)x = b(t)$$

ii.
$$-\mu(t)a(t)x + \mu(t)\frac{\mathrm{dx}}{\mathrm{dt}} = \mu(t)b(t)$$
 determine $\mu(t)$ for later

iii.
$$\frac{d(\mu(t) x)}{\mathrm{d}t} = \mathrm{LHS} = \frac{d\mu}{\mathrm{d}t} x + \mu(t) \frac{\mathrm{d}x}{\mathrm{d}t}$$

$$if \frac{d\mu}{dt} = -a(t)\mu(t)$$
 requirement for μ

iv.
$$\frac{d\mu(t)x}{dt} = \mu(t) b(t)$$

v.
$$\mu(t)x = \int \mu(t)b(t)dt + c$$

vi.
$$x = \frac{c}{\mu(t)} + \frac{1}{\mu(t)} \int \mu(t)b(t)dt$$

vii.
$$-a(t)\mu(t) \Rightarrow \mu(t) = ce^{-\int a(t)dt}$$

•
$$\frac{\mathrm{dx}}{\mathrm{dt}} = \mathrm{ax} + b(t)$$
 $a = \mathrm{constant}$

i.
$$\frac{\mathrm{dx}}{\mathrm{dt}} - \mathrm{ax} = b(t)$$

ii.
$$\mu(t) \frac{\mathrm{dx}}{\mathrm{dt}} - \mu(t) \mathrm{ax} = \mu(t) b(t)$$

iii.
$$-\frac{d\mu}{dt}x + \mu(t)\frac{dx}{dt} = \frac{d(\mu(t)x(t))}{dt}$$

$$\frac{d\mu}{dt} = a\mu \Rightarrow \mu(t) = \text{ce}^{-\text{at}}$$

iv.
$$\frac{d(e^{-at}x)}{dt} = e^{-at}b(t)$$

v.
$$e^{-at}x = \int e^{-at}b(t)dt + c$$

vi.
$$x(t) = ce^{at} + e^{at} \int e^{-at} b(t) dt$$

$$\bullet \quad \frac{\mathrm{dx}}{\mathrm{dt}} = -x + \sin(t)$$

i.
$$\frac{\mathrm{dx}}{\mathrm{dt}} + x = \sin(t)$$

ii.
$$\mu(t) \frac{\mathrm{d}x}{\mathrm{d}t} + \mu(t)x = \mu(t)\sin(t)$$

iii.
$$\frac{d(\mu(t)x)}{dt} = \frac{d\mu}{dt} + \mu(t)\frac{dx}{dt}$$

$$\frac{d\mu}{\mathrm{dt}} = \mu \Rightarrow \mu(t) = e^t$$

iv.
$$\frac{d(e^t x)}{dt} = e^t \sin(t) \Rightarrow e^t x = \int e^t \sin(t) dt + c$$

v.
$$x = ce^{-t} + e^{-t} \int e^t \sin(t) dt$$

vi.
$$x(t) = ce^{-t} + e^{-t}$$
 (insert formula here)