## PHYS 5C:

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$$\operatorname{current} I = \frac{\operatorname{dq}}{\operatorname{dt}}$$

Ohms law: 
$$J = \sigma E$$
  $V = IR$   $\frac{du}{dt} = \frac{dq}{dt}V$ 

I. Electrostatis

• (power) 
$$\frac{\mathrm{d}\mathbf{u}}{\mathrm{d}\mathbf{t}} = \frac{\mathrm{d}\mathbf{q}}{\mathrm{d}\mathbf{t}}V = \mathrm{IV}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \bullet \quad P &= \text{IV} = \frac{\text{joules}}{\text{sec}} = \text{watt} \\ \text{IV} &= I(\text{IR}) = I^2 R \qquad \text{OR} \, \frac{V^2}{R} \end{aligned}$$

II. DC Circuits

• 
$$I_1 = I_2 = I$$
 Charge capacitors 
$$V = V_1 + V_2 \Rightarrow (IR_1 + IR_2) = I(R_1 + R_2) = IR$$

III. Real Batteries

• Series: 
$$V_0 = I(R_{\text{int}} + R_{\text{ext}})$$

• 
$$V_{\mathrm{ext}} = I(R_{\mathrm{ext}}) \Rightarrow \frac{R_{\mathrm{ext}}}{(R_{\mathrm{int}} + R_{\mathrm{ext}})} V_0$$

IV. FOrmalize circuit analysis

• Kirchoff Rules:

1. 
$$I_1 = I_2 + I_3$$

2. Energy cons: sum of changes in potential around any clouse loop is 0