OS LAB 3

AIM: Write a C program to simulate multi-level queue scheduling algorithm considering the following scenario. All the processes in the system are divided into two categories — system processes and user processes. System processes are to be given higher priority than user processes. Use FCFS scheduling for the processes in each queue.

SOURCE CODE

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
struct Process {
  int pid;
  int arrival_time;
  int burst_time;
  int priority;
};
void sort_by_arrival_time(struct Process* processes, int num_processes) {
  struct Process temp;
  for (int i = 0; i < num_processes - 1; i++) {
    for (int j = i + 1; j < num_processes; j++) {
      if(processes[i].arrival time>processes[j].arrival time){
         temp = processes[i];
         processes[i] = processes[j];
         processes[j] = temp;
      }
    }
  }
}
void multi_level_queue_scheduling(struct Process* processes, int num_processes) {
```

```
int current_time = 0;
int system_count = 0;
int user_count = 0;
for (int i = 0; i < num_processes; i++) {</pre>
  if (processes[i].priority == 1) {
    system_count++;
  } else {
    user_count++;
  }
}
// Allocate memory for system and user process queues
struct Process* system_queue = (struct Process*)malloc(system_count * sizeof(struct Process));
struct Process* user_queue = (struct Process*)malloc(user_count * sizeof(struct Process));
int system_idx = 0;
int user_idx = 0;
for (int i = 0; i < num_processes; i++) {</pre>
  if (processes[i].priority == 1) {
    system_queue[system_idx++] = processes[i];
  } else {
    user_queue[user_idx++] = processes[i];
  }
}
sort_by_arrival_time(system_queue, system_count);
sort_by_arrival_time(user_queue, user_count);
```

```
printf("Simulation Result:\n");
  for (int i = 0; i < system count; i++) {
    struct Process* current process = &system queue[i];
    printf("Time %d: Process %d (System) is running\n", current_time, current_process->pid);
    current_time += current_process->burst_time;
    printf("Time %d: Process %d (System) is completed\n", current_time, current_process->pid);
 }
  for (int i = 0; i < user_count; i++) {
    struct Process* current process = &user queue[i];
    printf("Time %d: Process %d (User) is running\n", current_time, current_process->pid);
    current_time += current_process->burst_time;
    printf("Time %d: Process %d (User) is completed\n", current_time, current_process->pid);
 }
  free(system_queue);
  free(user_queue);
int main() {
  int num_processes;
  printf("Enter the number of processes: ");
  scanf("%d", &num_processes);
  struct Process* processes = (struct Process*)malloc(num_processes * sizeof(struct Process));
  for (int i = 0; i < num_processes; i++) {</pre>
    printf("Enter arrival time for process %d: ", i + 1);
    scanf("%d", &processes[i].arrival_time);
```

}

```
printf("Enter burst time for process %d: ", i + 1);
scanf("%d", &processes[i].burst_time);
printf("Enter priority for process %d (1 for System, 0 for User): ", i + 1);
scanf("%d", &processes[i].priority);
processes[i].pid = i + 1;
}
multi_level_queue_scheduling(processes, num_processes);
free(processes);
return 0;
}
```

OUTPUT SCREENSHOTS

```
C:\Users\adity\Desktop\4th! ×
Enter the number of processes: 3
Enter arrival time for process 1: 2
Enter burst time for process 1: 5
Enter priority for process 1 (1 for System, 0 for User): 1
Enter arrival time for process 2: 3
Enter burst time for process 2: 5
Enter priority for process 2 (1 for System, 0 for User): 0
Enter arrival time for process 3: 5
Enter burst time for process 3: 6
Enter priority for process 3 (1 for System, 0 for User): 1
Simulation Result:
Time 0: Process 1 (System) is running
Time 5: Process 1 (System) is completed
Time 5: Process 3 (System) is running
Time 11: Process 3 (System) is completed
Time 11: Process 2 (User) is running
Time 16: Process 2 (User) is completed
Process returned 0 (0x0)
                           execution time : 30.893 s
Press any key to continue.
```