# Name of your project

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#### Abstract

This is where we write our abstract

#### 1 Introduction

Recommender systems predict recommendations for users that are likely to match their needs or interests. Our goal is to create recommendations for amazon customers, based on their previous purchases and ratings.

#### 2 Dataset

The dataset that we used for the training of our model was Amazon review data, which was retrieved from here. This database contains review information about numerous kinds of products, ranging from groceries to clothes to video games. But reviews about for example kitchen appliances would say more about the quality of the product, and not about a consumers individual tastes. most suitable kinds of products to train a recommender system on are those of which the review reflects the particular persons interests and tastes. Therefore, we chose to use the datasets of Kindle books, video games, and digital music. The database offers two options for the dataset: all aggregated reviews, or a filtered dataset to only include reviewers that rated 5 or more products. We chose the second option, because it reduces the cost of training, and it is more relevant to have several datapoints per user, so as to have more information for good recommendations.

### 2.1 Splitting the data

The sizes of the datasets are: 31MB and 64k lines for the music, 110MB and 231k lines for

	reviewerID	asin	reviewText	overall
C	A3EBHHCZO6V2A4	5555991584	It's hard to believe "Memory of Trees" came ou	5.0
1	AZPWAXJG9OJXV	5555991584	A clasically-styled and introverted album, Mem	5.0
2	A38IRL0X2T4DPF	5555991584	I never thought Enya would reach the sublime h	5.0
3	A22IK3I6U76GX0	5555991584	This is the third review of an irish album I w	5.0
4	A1AISPOIIHTHXX	5555991584	Enya, despite being a successful recording art	4.0
5	A2P49WD75WHAG5	5555991584	Who knows why I initially considered this to b	5.0
6	A3O90G1D7I5EGG	5555991584	Enya is one of a few artists whom I consider s	3.0
7	A3EJYJC25OJVKK	5555991584	Enya is one of of the most mysterious singers	5.0
8	A1DA8VOH9NR6C7	5555991584	This is not another lousy Celtic New Age album	5.0
g	A33TRNCQK4IUO7	5555991584	Many times, AND WITH GOOD REASON, the "new age	5.0
10	AWY3EPKEOUV1W	5555991584	I just recently purchased her "Paint The Sky	5.0
11	A1SCJWCMQ3W3KK	5555991584	Over the past twenty-odd years, Enya Brennan h	4.0

Figure 1: Pandas dataframe of the data

the video games, and 266MB and 982k lines for the books. For each review, there are several features that we can include. Some are necessary for our analysis, such as the reviewer ID, product ID, and the review score. Many features are also less relevant for our purposes, but can be included if needed, such as the review time or a review text. A printout sample of the data can be seen in figure 1.

For testing purposes, we want to split our data into a training and a testing set. This is not just a simple randomized split of the datapoints. For the evaluation of our recommender system, we need to split our user base, taking out 10% of all users and putting them in a test set. Our test set will therefore consist of completely new users who have not been used for the training of our model. By looking at a few of those new user's preferences, the model can then recommend them new items to buy. We will be able to compare these recommendations to our expected recommendations, to evaluate our model.

### 3 Similarity measures

There are several ways to calculate the similarity between two users. A user is represented by a vector, where each entry is the users interaction with a product. These vectors are sparse, with most of the entries set to 0, as the user does not interact with most of the items. The other entries contain the users rating for that product, between 1 to 5. To find out which users are similar to a target user, we want to look at their shared interactions, and compare their ratings for those shared items. There are three similarity measures that we consider, and during the development phase we see which of these measures performs best. The first is Euclidean similarity, which is the inverse of the Euclidean distance of the points in space. The second is cosine similarity, which is the dot product of the two vectors scaled by their length, thus giving the angle between the vectors. The third is pearson correlation, a measure of the strength of linear dependence between two vectors. Because we only computed the similarity between the shared items, we need to weigh this similarity. If two users would have one item in common for which they both gave a 5.0, their similarity would be 1.0, but indeed they are quite different in their preferences. So we weigh the similarity by multiplying it with the size of their shared items divided by the amount of items reviewed by the target user.

### 4 k-NN

K-nn classification is a simple concept, where a point is given the same class as the nearest k points around it. In our case, we will have to figure out the optimal k-values, as well as a method to compute the best recommendations based on the recommendations of the Nearest Neighbors. K-nn has the advantages of speed and minimal necessary processing power. It also requires no training time-this can potentially be seen as a negative aspect, as there is no 'learning' within a model. However, our dataset has enough datapoints that it should be able to provide reliable recommendations, even with such a simple algorithm.