

JavaScript

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1. Make a car object

- Hardcode a car object
- The object should have properties: acceleration and maxSpeed
- The object should have a method: getSpeed that accepts time in seconds as parameter
- The method should return us speed that the car will have after the time

```
example.js
```

```
const car = {
   acceleration: 5,
   maxSpeed: 200,
   getSpeed(time) {
      const calculateSpeed = this.acceleration * time;
      return calculateSpeed > this.maxSpeed ? this.maxSpeed : calculateSpeed;
}
}
```

2. Make a car function

- Create function to produce car objects
- Created object should have properties: acceleration and maxSpeed
- The object should have a method: getSpeed that accepts time in seconds as parameter
- The method should be available to every created object

```
example.js
```

```
function Car(acceleration, maxSpeed) {
   this.acceleration = acceleration;
   this.maxSpeed = maxSpeed;
}

Car.prototype.getSpeed = function (time) {
   const calculatedSpeed = this.acceleration * time;
   return calculatedSpeed >= this.maxSpeed ? this.maxSpeed : calculatedSpeed;
};
};
```

3. Make a car class

- Write a class that will produce car objects
- Created object should have fields: acceleration, maxSpeed, wheels
- Created object should have method getSpeed

```
class Car {
     acceleration;
     maxSpeed;
     wheels = 4;
     constructor(acceleration, maxSpeed) {
       this.acceleration = acceleration;
       this.maxSpeed = maxSpeed;
10
11
12
     getSpeed(time) {
13
       const calculatedSpeed = this.acceleration * time;
14
       return calculatedSpeed >= this.maxSpeed ? this.maxSpeed : calculatedSpeed;
15
16
17
```

4. Add features to the class

- Add new fields:
 - \circ id
 - price
 - production date
 - o and a method changePrice

example.js

```
class Car {
  wheels = 4;
  constructor(acceleration, maxSpeed, price, productionDate) {
    this.id = Date.now(); // correct way is to use uuid
    this.acceleration = acceleration;
    this.maxSpeed = maxSpeed;
    this.price = price;
    this.productionDate = productionDate
      ? new Date(productionDate)
      : new Date();
  getSpeed(time) {
    const calculatedSpeed = this.acceleration * time;
    return calculatedSpeed >= this.maxSpeed ? this.maxSpeed : calculatedSpeed;
  changePrice(newPrice) {
    if (typeof newPrice !== "number") {
      throw new Error("Price should be a number!");
    this.price = newPrice;
```

5. Add static method

 Add static method that for a given object, will check if the object is a car • • • example.js

```
class Car {
 wheels = 4;
  constructor(acceleration, maxSpeed, price, productionDate) {
   this.id = Date.now(); // correct way is to use uuid
    this.acceleration = acceleration;
   this.maxSpeed = maxSpeed;
   this.price = price;
    this.productionDate = productionDate
      ? new Date(productionDate)
      : new Date();
  getSpeed(time) {
   const calculatedSpeed = this.acceleration * time;
   return calculatedSpeed >= this.maxSpeed ? this.maxSpeed : calculatedSpeed;
  changePrice(newPrice) {
   if (typeof newPrice !== "number") {
      throw new Error("Price should be a number!");
    this.price = newPrice;
  static isCar(inputObj) {
    return inputObj instanceof Car;
```

6. Add another feature

- Add new field: status
- Create Car status object with acceptable statuses (NEW, USED, REFUND)
- Add method changeStatus that accepts new status as a parameter
- Add static method to check if car is after return

```
2 const CAR_STATUS = require("./const");
4 class Car {
     wheels = 4;
     status = CAR_STATUS.NEW;
     constructor(acceleration, maxSpeed, price, productionDate) {
      this.id = Date.now();
      this.acceleration = acceleration;
      this.maxSpeed = maxSpeed;
      this.price = price;
       this.productionDate = productionDate
        ? new Date(productionDate)
         : new Date();
     getSpeed(time) {
       const calculatedSpeed = this.acceleration * time;
       return calculatedSpeed >= this.maxSpeed ? this.maxSpeed : calculatedSpeed;
     changePrice(newPrice) {
       if (typeof newPrice !== "number") {
         throw new Error("Price should be a number!");
       this.price = newPrice;
     changeStatus(newStatus) {
       const acceptableStatuses = Object.values(CAR_STATUS);
       if (!acceptableStatuses.includes(newStatus)) {
         throw new Error("Incorrect status");
       this.status = newStatus;
     static isCar(inputObj) {
       return inputObj instanceof Car;
     static isRefund(car) {
       if (!Car.isCar(car)) {
         throw new Error("Input should be a car!");
       return car.status === CAR_STATUS.REFUND;
```

- Create a class Car Dealer
- Class should have field: name
- It should have a private field where cars are stored
- A getter availableCars to see all available cars for sell



- Add new methods
- A method to add a car (that would check if the input object is a car)
- A method to remove a car by ID
- A getter that would return the total price of all cars in the storage

```
2 const Car = require("./car-class");
 4 class CarDealer {
     #carsStorage;
     constructor(name) {
       this.#carsStorage = [];
       this.name = name;
     addCar(newCar) {
       if (!Car.isCar(newCar)) {
         throw new Error("Input should be a car!");
       this.#carsStorage.push(newCar);
     removeCar(id) {
       this.#carsStorage = this.#carsStorage.filter((car) => car.id !== id);
      getAvailableCars() {
       return this.#carsStorage;
      get availableCars() {
       return this.#carsStorage;
     get totalCarsPrice() {
       return this.#carsStorage.reduce((sum, car) => {
         return (sum += car.price);
       }, 0);
```

- Add new methods
- A method to accept car return, method should mark car as refund
- Add a static method, that would check if a given car is a refund car (it will have "REFUND" status)

```
• • •
2 const Car = require("./car-class");
4 class CarDealer {
     #carsStorage;
     constructor(name) {
       this.#carsStorage = [];
       this.name = name;
     acceptCarReturn(car) {
       car.changeStatus("REFUND");
       this.#carsStorage.push(car);
     addCar(newCar) {
       if (!Car.isCar(newCar)) {
         throw new Error("Input should be a car!");
       this.#carsStorage.push(newCar);
     removeCar(id) {
       this.#carsStorage = this.#carsStorage.filter((car) => car.id !== id);
     getAvailableCars() {
       return this.#carsStorage;
     get availableCars() {
       return this.#carsStorage;
     get totalCarsPrice() {
       return this.#carsStorage.reduce((sum, car) => {
         return (sum += car.price);
       }, 0);
     static isCarAfterRefund(car) {
       return Car.isRefund(car);
```

- Add new method orderFromFactory
- Method should be asynchronous
- Method should accept cars amount to order as a parameter
- Handle error in this method in case something goes wrong

```
. .
2 const Car = require("./car-class");
    #carsStorage;
       this.#carsStorage = [];
     acceptCarReturn(car) {
       car.changeStatus("REFUND");
       this.#carsStorage.push(car);
     addCar(newCar) {
      if (!Car.isCar(newCar)) {
        throw new Error("Input should be a car!");
       this.#carsStorage.push(newCar);
     removeCar(id) {
      this.#carsStorage = this.#carsStorage.filter((car) => car.id !== id);
     getAvailableCars() {
      return this.#carsStorage;
     async orderCarsFromFactory(carsAmount) {
        const orderedCars = await orderCars(carsAmount);
         orderedCars.forEach((car) => this.addCar(car));
         return this.#carsStorage;
         return this.#carsStorage;
     get availableCars() {
       return this.#carsStorage;
     get totalCarsPrice() {
       return this.#carsStorage.reduce((sum, car) => {
       }, 0);
     static isCarAfterRefund(car) {
      return Car.isRefund(car);
```

- Add new method sell
- Method should accept id as a parameter end return found car
- Method should also remove car from storage, create transaction history entry in new private transactionsHistory field
- Method should include discount from base car price

```
const Car = require("./car-class");
const { orderCars } = require("./fake-api");
class CarDealer {
  #carsStorage;
  #transactionsHistory;
  constructor(name) {
    this.#carsStorage = [];
    this.#transactionsHistory = [];
    this.name = name:
  acceptCarReturn(car) {
    car.changeStatus("REFUND");
    this.#carsStorage.push(car);
  addCar(newCar) {
    if (!Car.isCar(newCar)) {
      throw new Error("Input should be a car!");
    this.#carsStorage.push(newCar);
  removeCar(id) {
    this.#carsStorage = this.#carsStorage.filter((car) => car.id !== id);
  getAvailableCars() {
    return this.#carsStorage;
```

```
async orderCarsFromFactory(carsAmount) {
       try {
         const orderedCars = await orderCars(carsAmount);
         orderedCars.forEach((car) => this.addCar(car));
         return this.#carsStorage;
       } catch (e) {
         console.error(e);
         return this.#carsStorage;
     sell(id) {
       const carToSell = this.#carsStorage.find((car) => car.id === id);
       if (!carToSell) {
         throw new Error("Sorry this car has already been sold");
       this.#useDicount(carToSell);
       this.#transactionsHistory.push(carToSell);
       return carToSell;
     get availableCars() {
       return this.#carsStorage;
     get totalCarsPrice() {
       return this.#carsStorage.reduce((sum, car) => {
         return (sum += car.price);
       }, 0);
     static isCarAfterRefund(car) {
       return Car.isRefund(car);
     #useDicount(car) {
       if (car.price >= 200 000) {
         car.changePrice(car.price * 0.9);
       } else if (car.price >= 150_000) {
         car.changePrice(car.price * 0.95);
       } else {
         car.changePrice(car.price * 0.98);
83 }
```

Electric Car.

- Create a class ElectricCar that will extend the Car class
- Add a new field: batteryCapacity

```
const Car = require("./car-class");

class ElectricCar extends Car {
   constructor(acceleration, maxSpeed, price, productionDate, batteryCapacity) {
     super(acceleration, maxSpeed, price, productionDate);
     this.batteryCapacity = batteryCapacity;
   }
}
```

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Electric Car.

- Add getRemainingBattery method that will return % battery left after n amount of seconds
- This method should use a private method that will calculate battery drainage per second (let's say its acceleration * batteryCapacity / 100000)

```
const Car = require('./car.js');
   class ElectricCar extends Car {
     constructor(acceleration, maxSpeed, price, batteryCapacity) {
       super(acceleration, maxSpeed, price);
       this.batteryCapacity = batteryCapacity;
     getRemainingBattery(time) {
       return (
          ((this.batteryCapacity - this.#calculateBatteryDrainagePerSec() * time) /
11
           this.batteryCapacity) *
12
13
         100
14
        );
17
     #calculateBatteryDrainagePerSec() {
18
       return (this.batteryCapacity * this.acceleration) / 100000;
19
21
```

HOMEWORK

- Josephus's Problem
- 1 EXAM tasks