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package com.example.raytrace;
import java.lang.Math.*;
                                                                //Imports the "Math" class from the
"java.lang" package, which provides mathematical operations.
public class Vector {
                                                                // A "Vector" class which represents
the 3 dimentional vector in space.
                                                                //Declares 3 instance variables of
 double x, y, z;
the "Vector" class "x", "y" and "z". Reresenting the coordinates of the vector.
 public Vector() {}
                                                                //Default constructor for the
"Vector" class. Initializes a vector with all coordinates set to 0.
 public Vector(double i, double j, double k) {
                                                       //Declares constructor for the "Vector"
class.
  x = i:
                                                                //Takes 3 parameters, "i", "j" and
"k" representing the "x", "y" and "z" coodinates.
                                                                //Initializes a vector to those values.
 y = j;
 z = k;
 }
 public double magnitude() {
                                                                //Declares a method "magnitude".
  return Math.sqrt(x * x + y * y + z * z);
                                              //Returns the magnitude of the vector, calculared
by the sqaure root of the sum of the sqaures of the coordinates.
 }
 public void normalise() {
                                                                //mathod "normalise" normalizes
the vector to have a magnitude of 1.
                                                                //divides each coordinate by the
  double mag = magnitude();
magnitude of the vector, but only if the magnitude is set to 0.
  if (mag != 0) {
   x /= mag;
   y /= mag;
   z /= mag;
  }
 }
 public double dot(Vector a) {
                                                        //Method "dot" calculares the dot product
of the vector with another vector "a".
  return x * a.x + y * a.y + z * a.z;
                                                        //"dot" product is calculated by the sum of
all products of the corresponding coordinates of the two vectors.
```

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}
 public Vector sub(Vector a) {
                                                         //"sub" method, returns a new vector that
is the result of subtracting another vector "a" from the currect vector
  return new Vector(x - a.x, y - a.y, z - a.z);
 }
 public Vector add(Vector a) {
                                                          //"add" method returns a new vector that is
the result of adding another vector "a" to the current vector.
  return new Vector(x + a.x, y + a.y, z + a.z);
 }
 public Vector mul(double d) {
                                                          //"mul" method returns a new vector, the
result is by multiplying the vector by the scalar "d"
  return new Vector(d * x, d * y, d * z);
 public void print() {
  System.out.println("x=" + x + ", y=" + y + ", z=" + z);
 public double getX() {
  return x;
 public double getY() {
  return y;
 public double getZ() {
  return z;
 public void setX(double x) {
  this.x = x;
```

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public void setY(double y) {
  this.y = y;
}

public void setZ(double z) {
  this.z = z;
}
```