

```
In [1]: import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
```

```
In [2]: #pandas operations
#conditional selection
#access rows and col's
#add and delete columns
#concatenation merging & joining data frames
#handling missing values
#apply()
```

```
In [93]: d={'USN':[100,101,102],
          'name':['raj','ram','rajesh'],
          'mobile':[99,88,77],
          'marks':[10,9,8]
        }
```

```
In [94]: std=pd.DataFrame(d)
```

```
In [95]: print(std)
```

	USN	name	mobile	marks
0	100	raj	99	10
1	101	ram	88	9
2	102	rajesh	77	8

```
In [9]: #dataframe operations
std.head(2)
#head displays row - head
#if we pass any parameter it shows upto that row
#by default it shows all rows
```

```
Out[9]:
```

	USN	name	mobile	marks
0	100	raj	99	10
1	101	ram	88	9

```
In [11]: std.info()
#all the info regarding the dataframe
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 3 entries, 0 to 2
Data columns (total 4 columns):
#   Column  Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  -
0    USN      3 non-null      int64
1   name      3 non-null      object
2  mobile    3 non-null      int64
3   marks    3 non-null      int64
dtypes: int64(3), object(1)
memory usage: 224.0+ bytes
```

```
In [13]: std.columns
#return list of columns in dataframe
```

```
Out[13]: Index(['USN', 'name', 'mobile', 'marks'], dtype='object')
```

```
In [17]: std.isnull()
```

```
Out[17]:
```

	USN	name	mobile	marks
0	False	False	False	False
1	False	False	False	False
2	False	False	False	False

```
In [28]: #accessing columns
std['USN']
```

```
Out[28]:
```

0	100
1	101
2	102

Name: USN, dtype: int64

```
In [33]: #accessing multiple columns we need to send the list as parameter that we need
std[['USN', 'name']]
```

```
Out[33]:
```

	USN	name
0	100	raj
1	101	ram
2	102	rajesh

```
In [82]: #access rows - returns row - index start from 0
#it takes row label
std.loc[2]
```

```
Out[82]:
```

USN	102
name	rajesh
mobile	77
marks	null

Name: 2, dtype: object

```
In [85]: std.iloc[2]
```

```
Out[85]:
```

USN	102
name	rajesh
mobile	77
marks	null

Name: 2, dtype: object

```
In [87]: index=['A', 'B', 'C']
std.set_index('USN')
```

```
Out[87]:
```

	name	mobile	marks
USN			
100	raj	99	10
101	ram	88	null
102	rajesh	77	null

```
In [89]: std.iloc[2]
```

```
Out[89]:
```

USN	102
name	rajesh
mobile	77
marks	null

Name: 2, dtype: object

In []: QN : Create a data frame cars **with** attributes car id , car name ,

```
In [47]: cars={'carid':[1,2,3,4,5],
             'name':['rollsroyce','rangerover','benz','bmw','lambhorgini']}
```

```
In [49]: ra=pd.DataFrame(cars)
```

```
In [50]: ra
```

```
Out[50]:
```

	carid	name
0	1	rollsroyce
1	2	rangerover
2	3	benz
3	4	bmw
4	5	lambhorgini

```
In [52]: ra.info()
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 5 entries, 0 to 4
Data columns (total 2 columns):
 #   Column  Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  -
 0   carid   5 non-null        int64
 1   name    5 non-null        object
dtypes: int64(1), object(1)
memory usage: 208.0+ bytes
```

```
In [77]: #to prove that isnull is true
f={'USN':[100,101,102],
  'name':['raj','ram','rajesh'],
  'mobile':[99,88,77],
  'marks':[10,None,None]}
}
```

```
In [78]: td=pd.DataFrame(f)
```

```
In [79]: td
```

```
Out[79]:
```

	USN	name	mobile	marks
0	100	raj	99	10.0
1	101	ram	88	NaN
2	102	rajesh	77	NaN

```
In [80]: td.info()
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 3 entries, 0 to 2
Data columns (total 4 columns):
 #   Column  Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  ---
 0    USN      3 non-null      int64
 1   name     3 non-null      object
 2  mobile   3 non-null      int64
 3   marks   1 non-null      float64
dtypes: float64(1), int64(2), object(1)
memory usage: 224.0+ bytes
```

```
In [81]: td.isnull()
```

```
Out[81]:
```

	USN	name	mobile	marks
0	False	False	False	False
1	False	False	False	True
2	False	False	False	True

```
In [96]: std
```

```
Out[96]:
```

	USN	name	mobile	marks
0	100	raj	99	10
1	101	ram	88	9
2	102	rajesh	77	8

```
In [97]: #conditional selection
std['marks']<9
```

```
Out[97]:
```

0	False
1	False
2	True

Name: marks, dtype: bool

```
In [104... #we will get only boolean values
#using this to overcommen this and get the values we need to use new data fra
newdf=std['marks']<9
```

```
In [105... std[newdf]
```

```
Out[105]:
```

	USN	name	mobile	marks
2	102	rajesh	77	8

```
In [106... #to get the particular attribute in the dataframe we use this
std[newdf]['name']
```

```
Out[106]:
```

2	rajesh
---	--------

Name: name, dtype: object

```
In [107... newd=std['marks']>9
```

```
In [109... std[newd]
```

```
Out[109]:
```

	USN	name	mobile	marks
0	100	raj	99	10

```
In [110]: #multiple conditions
std[(std['USN']>101)|(std['marks']<40)]
```

```
Out[110]:
```

	USN	name	mobile	marks
0	100	raj	99	10
1	101	ram	88	9
2	102	rajesh	77	8

```
In [113]: std[(std['USN']>101)&(std['marks']<10)]
```

```
Out[113]:
```

	USN	name	mobile	marks
2	102	rajesh	77	8

```
In [115]: #adding new column
std
```

```
Out[115]:
```

	USN	name	mobile	marks
0	100	raj	99	10
1	101	ram	88	9
2	102	rajesh	77	8

```
In [122]: s='banglore,chennai,dmm'.split(',')
#split divides the string and makes into a list
print(s)
print(type(s))

['banglore', 'chennai', 'dmm']
<class 'list'>
```

```
In [124]: std['Address']=s
```

```
In [125]: std
```

```
Out[125]:
```

	USN	name	mobile	marks	Address
0	100	raj	99	10	banglore
1	101	ram	88	9	chennai
2	102	rajesh	77	8	dmm

```
In [130]: #drop will effect only on that instance
#original data will not be affected
std.drop(2)
```

```
Out[130]:
```

	USN	name	mobile	marks	Address
0	100	raj	99	10	banglore
1	101	ram	88	9	chennai

```
In [138... d2={'USN':[None,101,102],  
      'name':[None,None,'rajesh'],  
      'mobile':[99,88,77],  
      'marks':[35,33,None]  
      }
```

```
In [139... df=pd.DataFrame(d2)
```

```
In [140... df
```

```
Out[140]:
```

	USN	name	mobile	marks
0	NaN	None	99	35.0
1	101.0	None	88	33.0
2	102.0	rajesh	77	NaN

```
In [ ]:
```