

Strain - Displacement Relation from Cylindrical to Spherical Coordinate System

The relation between cylindrical and spherical coordinate is:
 $r = \rho \sin \phi$, $z = \rho \cos \phi$, $\theta = \theta$
 Where $\rho = \sqrt{r^2 + z^2}$, $\phi = \tan^{-1}(r/z)$, $\phi = \arccos(z/\rho)$

The partial derivatives for the above equations are

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial r} = \frac{\partial \rho}{\partial r} \cdot \frac{\partial}{\partial \rho} + \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial r} \cdot \frac{\partial}{\partial \phi}$$

$$= \sin \phi \frac{\partial}{\partial \rho} + \frac{r^2}{\sqrt{r^2 - z^2} \cdot \rho^{3/2}} \cdot \frac{\partial}{\partial \phi}$$

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial z} = \frac{\partial \rho}{\partial z} \cdot \frac{\partial}{\partial \rho} + \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial z} \cdot \frac{\partial}{\partial \phi}$$

$$= \cos \phi \frac{\partial}{\partial \rho} + \frac{\partial z}{\sqrt{r^2 - z^2} \cdot \rho^{3/2}} \cdot \frac{\partial}{\partial \phi}$$

Now

$$u_r = u_\rho \sin \phi + u_\phi \frac{r^2}{\sqrt{r^2 - z^2} \cdot \rho^{3/2}}, \quad u_z = u_\rho \cos \phi + u_\phi \frac{\partial z}{\sqrt{r^2 - z^2} \cdot \rho^{3/2}}, \quad u_\theta = u_\theta$$

Calculating $e_r = \frac{\partial u_r}{\partial r}$

$$\hat{e}_r = \sin \phi \left[\frac{\partial}{\partial \rho} \left(u_\rho \sin \phi + u_\phi \frac{r^2}{\sqrt{r^2 - z^2} \cdot \rho^{3/2}} \right) + \frac{r^2}{\sqrt{r^2 - z^2} \cdot \rho^{3/2}} \cdot \frac{\partial}{\partial \phi} \left(u_\rho \sin \phi + u_\phi \frac{r^2}{\sqrt{r^2 - z^2} \cdot \rho^{3/2}} \right) \right]$$

$$= \left[\frac{\partial u_\rho}{\partial \rho} \sin \phi + \frac{\partial u_\phi}{\partial \rho} \cdot \frac{r^2 \sin \phi}{\rho^{3/2} \sqrt{r^2 - z^2}} + \frac{u_\phi r^2}{\sqrt{r^2 - z^2}} \cdot \frac{\sin \phi}{\rho^{-5/2}} + \frac{\partial u_\rho}{\partial \phi} \cdot \frac{\sin \phi r^2}{\sqrt{r^2 - z^2} \cdot \rho^{3/2}} + \frac{r^2 u_\rho \cos \phi}{\sqrt{r^2 - z^2}} + \frac{\partial u_\phi}{\partial \phi} \cdot \frac{r^4}{\rho^3 \cdot (r^2 - z^2)} \right]$$

$$\hat{e}_r = \frac{\partial u_\rho}{\partial \rho} \sin \phi + \left(\frac{\partial u_\phi}{\partial \rho} \cdot \frac{1}{\rho^{3/2}} + \frac{u_\phi}{\rho^{-5/2}} + \frac{\partial u_\rho}{\partial \phi} \cdot \frac{1}{\rho^{3/2}} \right) \frac{r^3 \cdot \sin \phi}{\sqrt{r^2 - z^2}}$$

$$+ \left(u_\rho \cos \phi + \frac{\partial u_\phi}{\partial \phi} \cdot \frac{1}{\rho^3} \right) \cdot \frac{r^2}{\sqrt{r^2 - z^2}} \cdot \frac{r^2}{\sqrt{r^2 - z^2}}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \epsilon_r &= \frac{\partial u_r}{\partial r} \\
 \epsilon_\phi &= \cos \phi \frac{\partial}{\partial r} \left[u_\phi \cos \phi + u_r \frac{r z}{r^2 - z^2} \right] + \frac{r z}{r^2 - z^2} \frac{\partial}{\partial \phi} \left[u_r \cos \phi + u_\phi \frac{r z}{r^2 - z^2} \right] \\
 &= \frac{\partial u_r}{\partial r} \cos^2 \phi + \frac{\partial u_r}{\partial r} \frac{r z \cos \phi}{r^{3/2} \sqrt{r^2 - z^2}} + \frac{u_\phi r z}{r^2 - z^2} \cdot \frac{\cos \phi}{r^{5/2}} + \frac{\partial u_\phi}{\partial \phi} \frac{\cos \phi r z}{r^{3/2} \sqrt{r^2 - z^2}} - \sin \phi \frac{r z u_r}{r^2 - z^2} \frac{1}{r^{5/2}} \\
 &\quad + \frac{\partial u_\phi}{\partial \phi} \frac{r^2 z^2}{(r^2 - z^2) r^3} \\
 \epsilon_\phi &= \frac{\partial u_r}{\partial r} \cos^2 \phi + \left(\frac{\partial u_r}{\partial r} \cdot \frac{1}{r^{3/2}} + \frac{u_\phi}{r^{5/2}} + \frac{\partial u_\phi}{\partial \phi} \cdot \frac{1}{r^{3/2}} \right) \frac{\cos \phi r z}{r^2 - z^2} \\
 &\quad + \left(\frac{\partial u_\phi}{\partial \phi} \cdot \frac{r z}{r^2 - z^2} \frac{1}{r^{3/2}} - \frac{u_r \sin \phi}{r^{5/2}} \right) \frac{r z}{r^2 - z^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

Therefore the strain-displacement relation becomes

$$\epsilon_r = \frac{\partial u_r}{\partial r}, \quad \epsilon_\phi = \frac{1}{r} \left(u_r + \frac{\partial u_z}{\partial \phi} \right)$$

$$\epsilon_\theta = \frac{1}{r \sin \phi} \left(\frac{\partial u_\theta}{\partial \theta} + \sin \phi u_r + \cos \phi u_z \right)$$

$$\epsilon_{r\phi} = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial u_r}{\partial \phi} + \frac{\partial u_z}{\partial r} - \frac{u_z}{r} \right)$$

$$\epsilon_{\phi\theta} = \frac{1}{2r} \left(\frac{1}{\sin \phi} \frac{\partial u_z}{\partial \theta} + \frac{\partial u_\theta}{\partial \phi} - \cos \phi u_\theta \right)$$

$$\epsilon_{\theta r} = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{r \sin \phi} \frac{\partial u_r}{\partial \theta} + \frac{\partial u_\theta}{\partial r} - \frac{u_\theta}{r} \right)$$