Exercises on diversity metrics

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In this exercise, you will compare among four diversity metrics for allelic diversity: Shannon entropy, exponential Shannon entropy, Gini-Simpson index and allele richness. The comparison will be based on simulated data for loci with different allele numbers and frequencies. The following code will be useful:

```
#Function to get a simulated list
sim.p<-function(n){</pre>
    a<-list()
    for (i in 1:n){
        x<-floor(runif(1)*10)+1 #Decide number of classes
        y<-runif(x) #Random probabilities
        y<-y/sum(y) #Normalize
        a[[i]]<-y}
    }
#Shannon diversity
\#x \log x
MyLog2p < -function(x) \{ if(x==0) \ 0 \ else \ x*log(x,2) \}
entropy<-function(x){-sum(sapply(x,MyLog2p),na.rm=T)}</pre>
\#Gini-Simpson index
gs < -function(x) \{1-sum(x^2)\}
#Allele richness
ar<-function(x){length(x)}</pre>
```

- 1. Simulate 1000 random loci with x < -sim.p(1000). The variable x will be a list of vectors of allele frequencies for 1000 loci.
- 2. Make a vector for each on of the diversity metrics, by applying the functions to the list x. For each metrics, the vector should be of size 1000. Hint: use *lapply* and *unlist*. The way to calculate the exponential Shannon entropy is up to you.
- 3. The simulations were designed to have a uniform distribution of numbers of alleles and individual allele frequencies. How the distributions of the different measures of diversity look like?
- 4. Make a matrix of scatter plot diagrams. How the measures are related to each other? Which one is the most linear with allele richness? Can you draw some conclusions. Hint: use *pairs*.