## Image Registration

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## **Image Morphing**

Morphing is a special effect in motion pictures and animations that changes (or morphs) one image or shape into another through a seamless transition. Traditionally such a depiction would be achieved through cross-fading techniques; we are using image registration while also performing a cross-dissolve to gradually transform one image into another and create more realistic transition.

We select corresponding control points in both images using Matlab's *cpselect* tool:

```
cpselect (A, B);
```

And click on 4 corresponding pairs of points: the left eye, right eye, tip of the nose, and bottom of the chin (Figure 1):

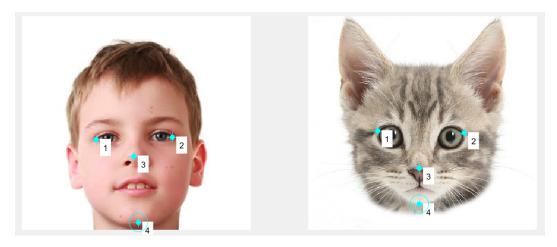


Figure 1: Selecting control points in both images using Matlab's cpselect tool.

Now we can gradually warp the image A to B by performing a weighted average of these control points. Figure 2 shows the result image morphing on every 20th frame of the transformation:



Figure 2: Image morphing on every 20th frame of the transformation.

## Coding Image Morphing

Listing 1 shows the Feature-Based Image Registration technique used to transform one image into another. Note that control points in the images are chosen by the user:

```
A = imread('1.png');
2
   B = imread('2.png');
3
4
   [m,n,k] = size(B);
                            % get reference image size
   A = imresize(A,[m,n]);
                            % make the two images the same size
5
6
   cpselect (A, B);
                            % select control points in both images
8
   for t=0:0.01:1
9
       % gradually warp the image A to B by
10
       % performing weighted average of the control points
11
       P_{mid} = (1-t)*PA + t*PB;
12
13
       \% affine transformation that maps the points PA to P_mid
14
       T_mid = cp2tform(PA, P_mid, 'affine');
15
       % put both images on the same coordinate system
16
17
       [A_T, B_T] = align (A, B, T_mid);
18
19
       % cross-fade between two aligned images
20
       I = (1-t)*A_T + t*B_T;
21
22
       if \mod(t,0.2) == 0
23
           subplot(2,3,1+5*t);
24
           imagesc(I); axis image off; drawnow;
25
       end;
26
   end;
```

Listing 1: Image registration technique used to transform image A into image B