Materialized views & Transactions

Tools: Java Programming, DBMS Seperti Mysql, Postgress, MariaDB dll.

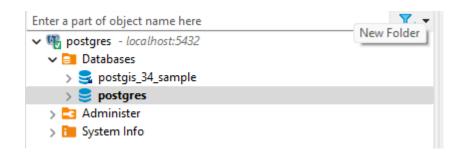
Tujuan: Mampu membuat material view dan transaction

Deskripsi

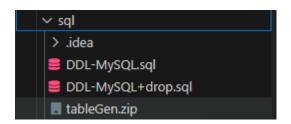
- 1. Pastikan DBMS sudah terinstall dan sedang dalam keadaan run
- 2. Download Query DDL. Download DDL
- Buat Schema Database. Contoh DBMS1
 Eksekusi SQL pada bagian (2)
- 4. Download Code dalam bahasa pemrograman Java. Download Code
- 5. Compile dan jalan code tersebut pada komputer anda. javactableGen.javajava tableGen
- 6. Buat contoh Materialized view dan transactions (masing-masing 5)
 Thank, Selamat mengerjakan ☺️

Jawab:

1. Pastikan DBMS sudah terinstall dan sedang dalam keadaan run



2. Download Query DDL. Download DDL



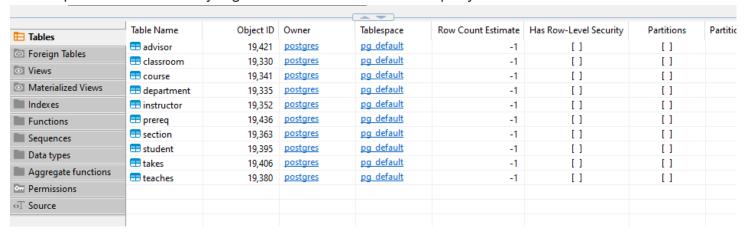


dan Eksekusi SQL pada bagian (2)

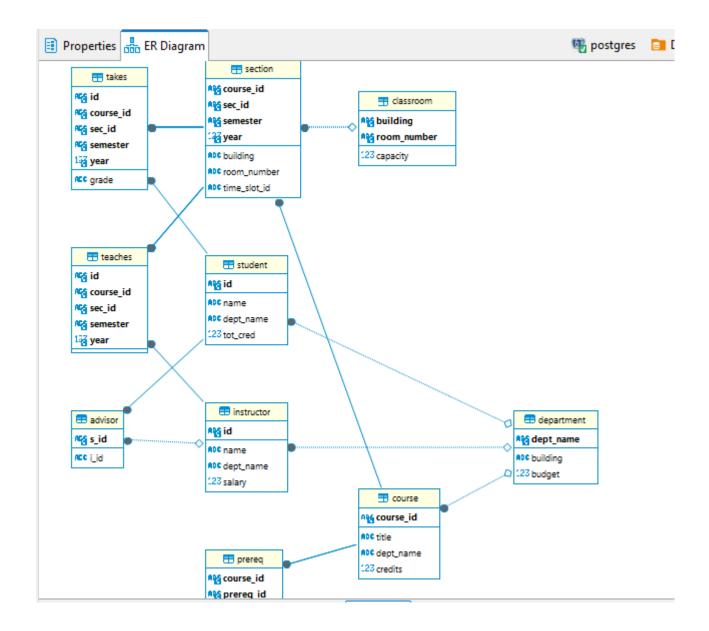
```
create table classroom
        (building
                                varchar(15),
         room number
                                varchar(7),
         capacity
                                numeric(4,0),
         primary key (building, room number)
        );
create table department
        (dept name
                                varchar(20),
         building
                                varchar(15),
                                numeric(12,2) check (budget > 0),
         budget
         primary key (dept_name)
        );
create table course
        (course id
                                varchar(8),
         title
                                varchar(50),
         dept_name
                                varchar(20),
         credits
                                numeric(2,0) check (credits > 0),
         primary key (course_id),
         foreign key (dept_name) references department(dept_name)
                on delete set null
        );
create table instructor
        (ID
                                varchar(5),
                                varchar(20) not null,
         name
         dept name
                                varchar(20),
                                numeric(8,2) check (salary > 29000),
         salary
         primary key (ID),
         foreign key (dept name) references department(dept name)
                on delete set null
        );
create table section
        (course id
                                varchar(8),
         sec_id
                                varchar(8),
                                varchar(6)
         semester
                check (semester in ('Fall', 'Winter', 'Spring', 'Summer')),
         year
                                numeric(4,0) check (year > 1701 and year < 2100),
         building
                                varchar(15),
         room_number
                                varchar(7),
         time_slot_id
                                varchar(4),
         primary key (course_id, sec_id, semester, year),
```

```
foreign key (course_id) references course(course_id)
                on delete cascade,
         foreign key (building, room_number) references classroom(building, room_number)
                on delete set null
        );
create table teaches
        (ID
                                varchar(5),
         course id
                                varchar(8),
         sec id
                                varchar(8),
                                varchar(6),
         semester
                                numeric(4,0),
         vear
         primary key (ID, course id, sec id, semester, year),
         foreign key (course_id, sec_id, semester, year) references section(course_id, sec_id, ser
                on delete cascade,
         foreign key (ID) references instructor(ID)
                on delete cascade
        );
create table student
        (ID
                                varchar(5),
         name
                                varchar(20) not null,
         dept_name
                                varchar(20),
         tot_cred
                                numeric(3,0) check (tot_cred >= 0),
         primary key (ID),
         foreign key (dept_name) references department(dept_name)
                on delete set null
        );
create table takes
        (ID
                                varchar(5),
         course id
                                varchar(8),
         sec id
                                varchar(8),
                                varchar(6),
         semester
                                numeric(4,0),
         year
         grade
                                varchar(2),
         primary key (ID, course_id, sec_id, semester, year),
         foreign key (course_id, sec_id, semester, year) references section(course_id, sec_id, ser
                on delete cascade,
         foreign key (ID) references student(ID)
                on delete cascade
        );
create table advisor
        (s_ID
                                varchar(5),
         i ID
                                varchar(5),
         primary key (s_ID),
```

Menampilkan seluruh tabel yang telah ditambahkan melalui query diatas.



tampilan database relationalnya yang terhubung satu sama lain.



4. Download Code dalam bahasa pemrograman Java. Download Code

code java:

```
J tableGen.java 9 🗙
                                                                                                                        ▷ ~ □ …
🔳 tableGen.java > ધ tableGen
      import java.util.Random;
      import java.text.DecimalFormat;
      public class tableGen {
         private static int maxClassroom = 100;
         private static int maxStudent = 4000;
         private static int maxDepartment = 50;
         private static int maxRoom = 1000;
         private static int maxCourse = 1000;
         private static int maxSection = 2000;
         private static int maxAdvisor = 4000;
         private static int maxInstructor = 1000;
         private static int maxTeaches = 5000;
         private static int maxTakes= 40000;
         private static int maxPrereq = 1000;
         private static int maxBuilding = 100;
         private static int maxName = 4200;
         private static int maxDept = 100;
         private static int maxTitle = 1000;
          private static double maxSalary = 100000.0;
          private static double maxBudget = 999999.0;
         private static int maxID = 99999;
         nrivate static Random rnd - new Random().
PROBLEMS (9) OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL PORTS SQL CONSOLE
```

5. Compile dan jalan code tersebut pada komputer anda.

maka menghasilkan output pada terminal seperti berikut

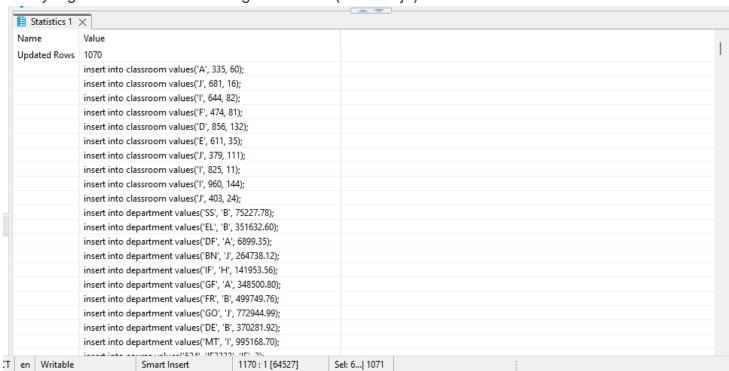
```
PROBLEMS
           OUTPUT
                      DEBUG CONSOLE
                                       TERMINAL
                                                   PORTS
                                                           SQL CONSOLE
'126', 'IF0230', 'DE', 3
'96644', 'Johan', 'BN', 102984.30
'82186', 'Yohan', 'SS', 125350.17
'23365', 'Ahmad', 'GO', 116755.41
'78769', 'Budi', 'IF', 37641.62
'12214', 'rahmat', 'BN', 30824.99
'23971', 'Johan', 'EL', 79277.70
'60585', 'Yohan', 'GO', 37846.98
'30391', 'Adri', 'GF', 94513.98
'71949', 'Adri', 'GF', 122831.57
'44831', 'rahmat', 'BN', 103769.90
'65416', 'Ande', 'DE', 39626.20
'82632', 'Ahmad', 'GO', 123769.39
'2780', 'Yohan', 'GF', 113199.20
'24217', 'Yohan', 'GO', 123178.09
'55652', 'Ahmad', 'MT', 98075.99
'72848', 'rahmat', 'DE', 35151.44
'13557', 'yuyun', 'MT', 49937.52
'46378', 'Ande', 'DE', 76430.32
'9888', 'Ande', 'DE', 122176.07
'75258', 'Adri', 'SS', 128968.89
'47852', 'Ahmad', 'GO', 82113.71
'23279', 'Budi', 'BN', 124551.74
'67582', 'yuyun', 'EL', 52623.57
'1040', 'Ande', 'GO', 35455.05
'9554', 'rahmat', 'GO', 124054.66
'25920', 'Budi', 'DF', 114929.41
'62688', 'Johan', 'FR', 48645.72
'11932', 'yuyun', 'GF', 50129.30
'62330', 'Josu', 'EL', 125024.05
```

File tableGen.class adalah file bytecode yang dihasilkan setelah kompilasi dari kode sumber Java (tableGen.java). File ini tidak dapat dibaca dan diedit secara langsung menggunakan editor teks karena berisi bytecode yang dirancang untuk dijalankan oleh Java Virtual Machine (JVM).

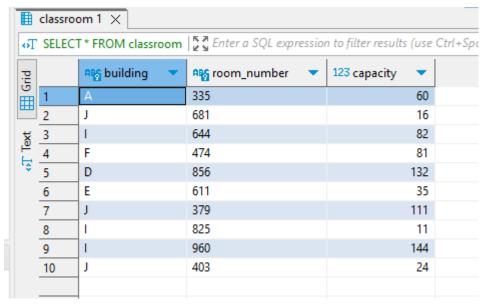
selain itu akan dihasilkan output sql yang menampilkan

```
🖊 tugas tbd riil.md 🌘 📒 🛢 all.sql
                                                                                                                                                    Ⅲ …
sql > 🛢 all.sql
         insert into classroom values('A', 335, 60);
        insert into classroom values('J', 681, 16);
        insert into classroom values('I', 644, 82);
        insert into classroom values('F', 474, 81);
        insert into classroom values('D', 856, 132);
        insert into classroom values('E', 611, 35);
        insert into classroom values('J', 379, 111);
        insert into classroom values('I', 825, 11);
        insert into classroom values('I', 960, 144);
        insert into classroom values('J', 403, 24);
        insert into department values('SS', 'B', 75227.78);
        insert into department values('EL', 'B', 351632.60);
        insert into department values('DF', 'A', 6899.35);
insert into department values('BN', 'J', 264738.12);
insert into department values('IF', 'H', 141953.56);
        insert into department values('GF', 'A', 348500.80);
        insert into department values('FR', 'B', 499749.76);
       insert into department values('GO', 'J', 772944.99);
        insert into department values('DE', 'B', 370281.92);
        insert into department values('MT', 'I', 995168.70);
        insert into course values('534', 'IF3333', 'IF', 3);
insert into course values('618', 'IF0230', 'BN', 4);
        insert into course values('596', 'IF4041', 'EL', 3);
        insert into course values('607', 'IF3031', 'EL', 3);
        insert into course values('254'. 'IF3022'. 'FR'. 4):
                                                                                                                     \triangleright powershell + \lor \square \square \square \cdots
PROBLEMS 9
                         DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL
```

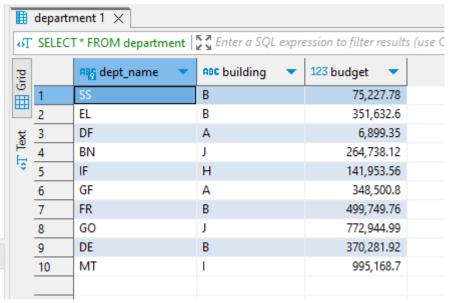
versi yang ada di server lokal dengan dbeaver (sama saja)



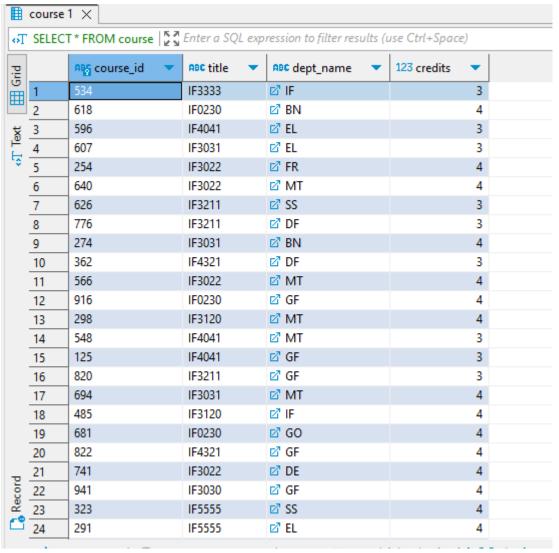
1. tampilan tabel classroom setelah diinput



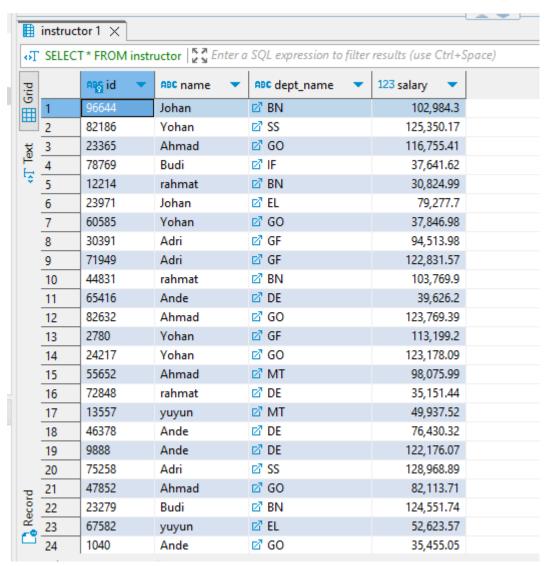
2. tampilan tabel departemen setelah diinput



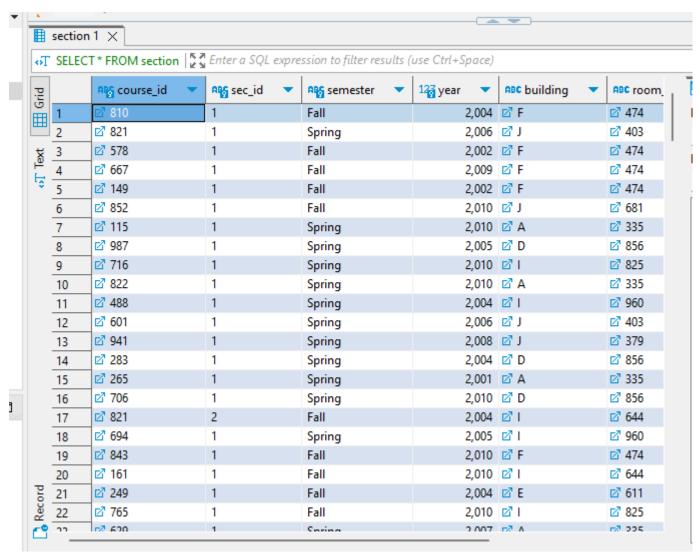
3. tampilan tabel course setelah diinput



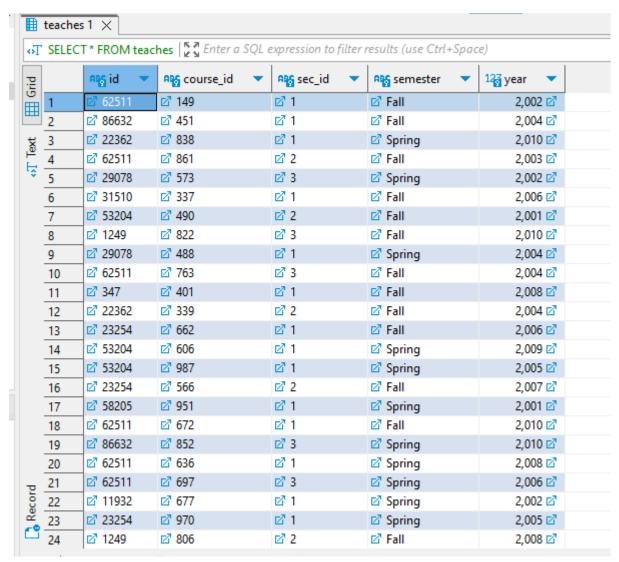
4. tampilan tabel instructor setelah diinput



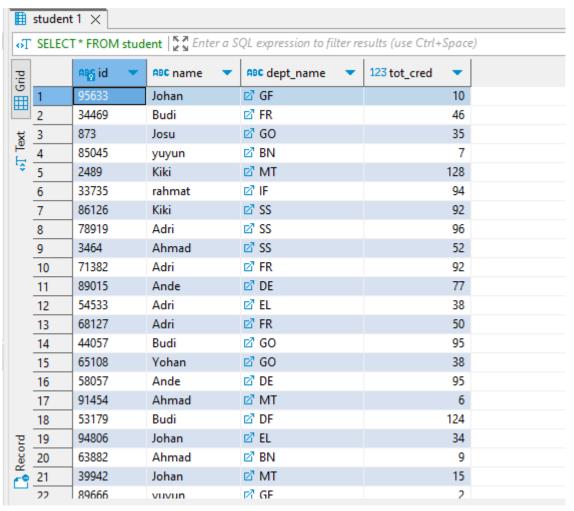
5. tampilan tabel section setelah diinput



6. tampilan tabel teaches setelah diinput



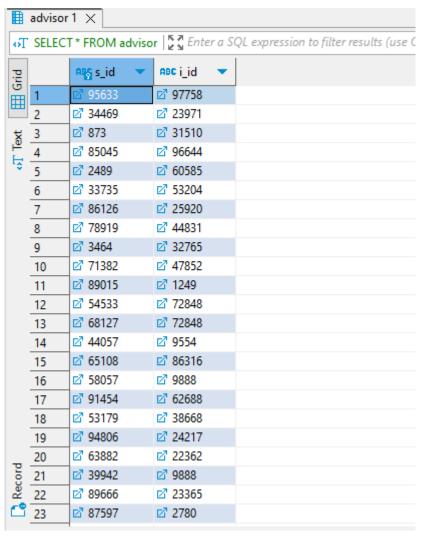
7. tampilan tabel student setelah diinput



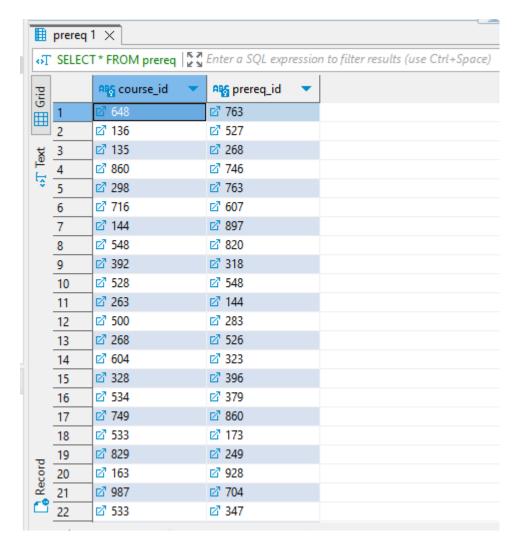
8. tampilan tabel takes setelah diinput

grid		ନନ୍ଧୁ id 🔻	മെട്ട് course_id ▼	ନଞ୍ଜୁ sec_id 💌	ନଞ୍ଜ semester 💌	12₫ year ▼	ABC grade
<u>5</u>	1	☑ 81456	☑ 763	☑ 3	☑ Fall	2,004 🗹	С
ш	2	☑ 55906	☑ 749	☑ 3	☑ Fall	2,007 🗹	B+
Ķ	3	☑ 8344	☑ 970	₫1	☑ Spring	2,005 🗹	Α
.∏ext	4	☑ 8326	☑ 116	₫ 1	☑ Spring	2,001 🗹	Α
\$	5	☑ 11532	☑ 942	₫ 1	☑ Spring	2,004 🗹	B-
	6	☑ 28340	☑ 822	☑ 3	☑ Fall	2,010 🗹	B-
	7	☑ 69935	☑ 575	₫ 1	☑ Fall	2,006 🗹	A+
	8	☑ 86934	☑ 467	₫ 1	☑ Spring	2,001 🗹	B+
	9	☑ 34469	☑ 998	₫1	☑ Spring	2,008 🗹	В
	10	☑ 32650	☑ 606	₫ 1	☑ Spring	2,009 🗹	C-
	11	☑ 53246	☑ 844	₫1	☑ Fall	2,009 🗹	C-
	12	☑ 14341	☑ 116	₫ 1	☑ Spring	2,001 🗹	В
	13	☑ 72326	☑ 116	₫1	☑ Spring	2,001 🗹	Α
	14	☑ 81456	☑ 404	₫1	☑ Fall	2,008 🗹	B+
	15	☑ 69935	☑ 749	₫1	☑ Fall	2,001 🗹	Α
	16	☑ 89221	☑ 293	⊿ 2	☑ Fall	2,006 🗹	B-
	17	☑ 94806	☑ 734	₫1	☑ Fall	2,002 🗹	В
	18	☑ 93520	☑ 617	₫1	☑ Spring	2,003 🗹	С
	19	☑ 74600	⊿ 469	₫1	☑ Fall	2,003 🗹	A+
	20	☑ 53246	⊿ 490	₫1	☑ Spring	2,006 🗹	Α-
0	21	☑ 32650	☑ 488	⊿ 2	☑ Spring	2,008 🗹	C-
Record	22	☑ 85045	☑ 763	⊿ " 1	☑ Fall	2,007 ☑	В
Ϋ́ O	23	☑ 84963	☑ 225	₫ 1	☑ Fall	2,003 🗹	A-

9. tampilan tabel advisor setelah diinput



10. tampilan tabel prereq setelah diinput



program ini adalah sebuah program untuk menghasilkan data acak dan menyimpannya dalam file SQL yang akan kita lakukan langkah berikutnya untuk aterialized view dan transactions (masing-masing 5)

6. Buat contoh Materialized view dan transactions (masing-masing 5)

contoh Materialized view

Total SKS yang Diperoleh Mahasiswa di Tiap Jurusan codenya :

CREATE MATERIALIZED VIEW department_total_credits_mv AS SELECT d.dept_name, SUM(s.tot_cred) AS total_credits FROM department d

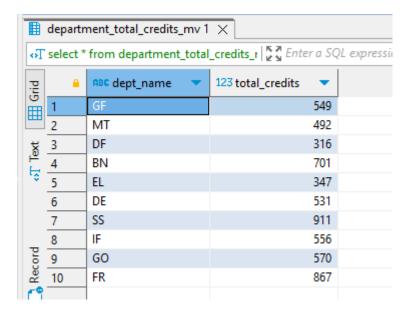
LEFT JOIN student s ON d.dept_name = s.dept_name

GROUP BY d.dept_name;

-- Refresh tampilan materialized secara periodik
REFRESH MATERIALIZED VIEW department_total_credits_mv;

output:

Statistics 1	×
Name	Value
Updated Rows	10
Query	CREATE MATERIALIZED VIEW department_total_credits_mv AS
	SELECT d.dept_name, SUM(s.tot_cred) AS total_credits
	FROM department d
	LEFT JOIN student s ON d.dept_name = s.dept_name
	GROUP BY d.dept_name
Start time	Tue May 28 13:21:32 ICT 2024
Finish time	Tue May 28 13:21:32 ICT 2024



disini akan terus di update Total SKS yang Diperoleh Mahasiswa di Tiap Jurusan

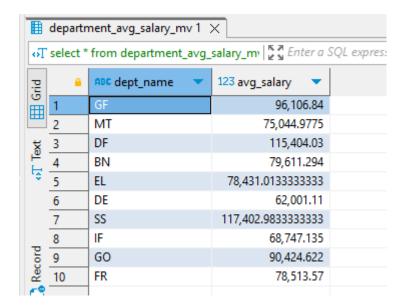
2. Gaji Rata-Rata Instruktur di Setiap Departemen codenya :

CREATE MATERIALIZED VIEW department_avg_salary_mv AS SELECT d.dept_name, AVG(i.salary) AS avg_salary FROM department d LEFT JOIN instructor i ON d.dept_name = i.dept_name GROUP BY d.dept_name;

-- Refresh the materialized view periodically
REFRESH MATERIALIZED VIEW department_avg_salary_mv;

outputnya:

Statistics 1	×
Name	Value
Updated Rows	10
Query	CREATE MATERIALIZED VIEW department_avg_salary_mv AS
	SELECT d.dept_name, AVG(i.salary) AS avg_salary
	FROM department d
	LEFT JOIN instructor i ON d.dept_name = i.dept_name
	GROUP BY d.dept_name
Start time	Tue May 28 13:31:47 ICT 2024
Finish time	Tue May 28 13:31:47 ICT 2024



disini dapat kita lihat untuk Gaji Rata-Rata Instruktur di Setiap Departemen yang dapat kita lihat secara periodik akan terus terupdate apabila transaksi terus dilakukan.

3. Jumlah Pendaftaran di Setiap Bagian Kursus codenya :

```
CREATE MATERIALIZED VIEW course_enrollment_count_mv AS

SELECT course_id, sec_id, semester, year, COUNT(ID) AS enrollment_count

FROM takes

GROUP BY course_id, sec_id, semester, year;

-- Refresh the materialized view periodically

REFRESH MATERIALIZED VIEW course_enrollment_count_mv;
```

outputnya:

Statistics 1	X
Name	Value
Updated Rows	128
Query	CREATE MATERIALIZED VIEW course_enrollment_count_mv AS
	${\tt SELECTcourse_id,sec_id,semester,year,COUNT(ID)ASenrollment_count}$
	FROM takes
	GROUP BY course_id, sec_id, semester, year
Start time	Tue May 28 13:37:00 ICT 2024
Finish time	Tue May 28 13:37:00 ICT 2024

		enrollment_count_m					
φT	select *	from course_enrollm	ent_count_ 🖁 🖔 Er	nter a SQL expression	to filter results (u	ise Ctrl+Space)	
Grid	<u> </u>	ABC course_id 🔻	ABC sec_id ▼	ABC semester 🔻	123 year 🔻	123 enrollment_count	•
9 ⊞	1	573	2	Spring	2,004		2
	2	697	1	Spring	2,001		2
봈	3	686	1	Spring	2,002		2
≎T Text	5	648	1	Spring	2,001		2
\$	5	102	1	Fall	2,006		2
	6	806	1	Fall	2,006		1
	7	142	2	Fall	2,002		- 1
	8	697	3	Spring	2,006		1
	9	224	1	Spring	2,001		- 1
	10	431	1	Spring	2,006		1
	11	829	1	Fall	2,008		3
	12	249	2	Spring	2,010		2
	13	761	1	Spring	2,008		2
	14	254	1	Spring	2,001		1
	15	942	1	Spring	2,004		- 1
Record	16	548	1	Fall	2,004		1
	17	467	1	Spring	2,001		- 1
	18	573	3	Spring	2,002		1
	19	852	1	Fall	2,010		2

dari query diatas kita bisa nemampilkan data pendaftaran di setiap bagian kursus yang nantinya bisa kita lakukan terus secara update untuk menampilkan data yang terbaru dan sesuai dengan data transaksionalnya.

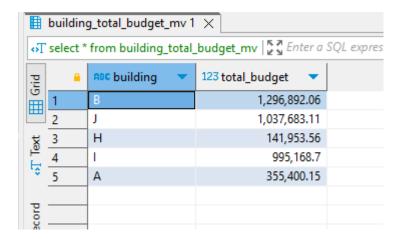
4. Total Alokasi Anggaran Tiap Gedung codenya :

CREATE MATERIALIZED VIEW building_total_budget_mv AS
SELECT c.building, SUM(d.budget) AS total_budget
FROM department d
JOIN course c ON d.dept_name = c.dept_name
GROUP BY c.building;

-- Refresh the materialized view periodically
REFRESH MATERIALIZED VIEW building_total_budget_mv;

outputnya:

☐ Statistics 1 ×				
Name	Value			
Updated Rows	5			
Query	CREATE MATERIALIZED VIEW building_total_budget_mv AS			
	SELECT d.building, SUM(d.budget) AS total_budget			
	FROM department d			
	GROUP BY d.building			
Start time	Tue May 28 13:42:52 ICT 2024			
Finish time	Tue May 28 13:42:52 ICT 2024			



disini dapat kita lihat untuk dana yang dikeluarkan untuk anggaran dari setiap gedung, disini tentunya bisa akan terus terupdate apabila ada perubahan pada data yang inputan terbaru untuk anggaran bangunan tersebut

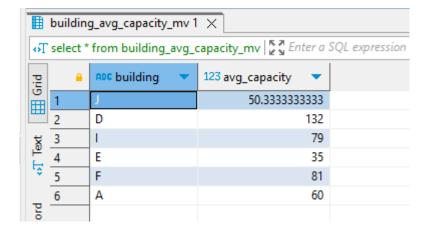
5. Rata-rata Kapasitas Ruangan Berdasarkan Bangunan codenya :

CREATE MATERIALIZED VIEW building_avg_capacity_mv AS SELECT building, AVG(capacity) AS avg_capacity FROM classroom GROUP BY building;

-- Refresh the materialized view periodically
REFRESH MATERIALIZED VIEW building_avg_capacity_mv;

outputnya:

Name	Value		
Updated Rows	6		
Query	CREATE MATERIALIZED VIEW building_avg_capacity_mv AS		
	SELECT building, AVG(capacity) AS avg_capacity		
FROM classroom			
	GROUP BY building		
Start time	Tue May 28 14:03:55 ICT 2024		
Finish time	Tue May 28 14:03:55 ICT 2024		



dari query tersebut kita bisa melihat rata rata untuk kapasitas di setiap ruangan berdasarkan gedungnya yang dapat dilihat dari tampilan tabel tersebut.

Contoh Transactions

Dalam melakukan transaksional, artinya mengubah dari isi entry tabel baik itu menambahkan data dan sebagainya, biasanya bentuknya berupa CRUT Create Read Update Delete.

Mendaftarkan Siswa Baru dan Mendaftar untuk Kursus codenya :

START TRANSACTION;

```
-- Insert a new student

INSERT INTO student (ID, name, dept_name, tot_cred)

VALUES ('S1001', 'Alice Smith', 'Computer Science', 0);

-- Enroll the new student in a course section

INSERT INTO takes (ID, course_id, sec_id, semester, year, grade)

VALUES ('S1001', 'CS101', '001', 'Fall', 2024, NULL);

COMMIT;
```

■ Statistics 1 ×				
Name	Value			
Updated Rows	0			
Query	COMMIT			
Start time	Tue May 28 17:58:21 ICT 2024			
Finish time	Tue May 28 17:58:21 ICT 2024			

2. Assign an Advisor to a Student

```
START TRANSACTION;
```

```
-- Check if the student exists

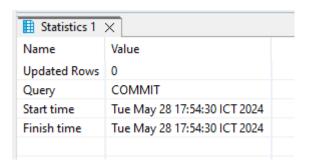
SELECT * FROM student WHERE ID = 'S1001' FOR UPDATE;

-- Assign an advisor to the student

INSERT INTO advisor (s_ID, i_ID)

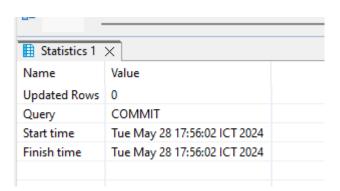
VALUES ('S1001', 'I2001');
```

COMMIT;



3. Update Instructor Salary and Budget codenya:

```
-- Update instructor salary
UPDATE instructor
SET salary = salary + 5000
WHERE ID = 'I2001';
-- Update department budget accordingly
UPDATE department
SET budget = budget - 5000
WHERE dept_name = (SELECT dept_name FROM instructor WHERE ID = 'I2001');
-- Ensure budget does not go negative
SELECT budget FROM department WHERE dept_name = (SELECT dept_name FROM instructor WHERE ID = 'I'
-- Rollback if budget becomes negative
SAVEPOINT budget_check;
IF (SELECT budget FROM department WHERE dept_name = (SELECT dept_name FROM instructor WHERE ID =
    ROLLBACK TO budget_check;
    RAISE EXCEPTION 'Budget cannot be negative';
END IF;
```



Drop a Course Section codenya :

COMMIT;

START TRANSACTION;

START TRANSACTION;

-- Check if students are enrolled in the course section

SELECT * FROM takes WHERE course_id = 'CS101' AND sec_id = '001' AND semester = 'Fall' AND year

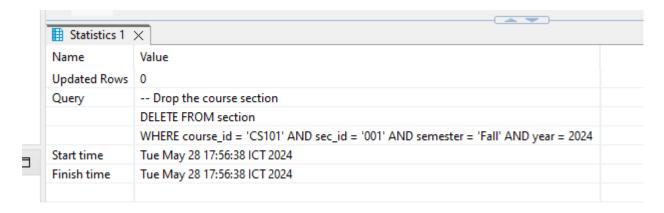
-- Drop the course section

DELETE FROM section

WHERE course_id = 'CS101' AND sec_id = '001' AND semester = 'Fall' AND year = 2024;

-- Ensure all related records in 'takes' are deleted as well (on delete cascade)

COMMIT;



5. Transfer a Student to a Different Department codenya:

```
-- Check if the student exists and current department
SELECT * FROM student WHERE ID = 'S1001' FOR UPDATE;
-- Update student's department
UPDATE student
SET dept_name = 'Electrical Engineering'
WHERE ID = 'S1001';
-- Adjust department budgets accordingly
UPDATE department
SET budget = budget + 5000
WHERE dept_name = 'Electrical Engineering';
UPDATE department
SET budget = budget - 5000
WHERE dept_name = 'Computer Science';
-- Ensure no department budget goes negative
SAVEPOINT budget_check;
IF (SELECT budget FROM department WHERE dept_name = 'Computer Science') < 0 THEN
    ROLLBACK TO budget_check;
    RAISE EXCEPTION 'Budget for Computer Science cannot be negative';
END IF;
IF (SELECT budget FROM department WHERE dept_name = 'Electrical Engineering') < 0 THEN</pre>
    ROLLBACK TO budget_check;
    RAISE EXCEPTION 'Budget for Electrical Engineering cannot be negative';
END IF;
COMMIT;
```

Statistics 1	×	
Name	Value	
Updated Rows	0	
Query	COMMIT	
Start time	Tue May 28 17:58:02 ICT 2024	
Finish time	Tue May 28 17:58:02 ICT 2024	

START TRANSACTION;