

21N501

Roll No. _____

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21N501

B. Tech. II - Sem. (New Scheme) (Main) Exam., (Academic Session 2021- 2022),

All Branch

2FY1 – 01 Engineering Mathematics – II

Common to all Branches

Time: 2 Hours

Maximum Marks: 70

Instructions to Candidates:

Part – A: Short answer questions (up to 25 words) 5×3 marks = 15 marks.
Candidates have to answer five questions out of ten.

Part – B: Analytical/Problem solving questions 3×5 marks = 15 marks.
Candidates have to answer three questions out of seven.

Part – C: Descriptive/Analytical/Problem Solving questions 2×20 marks = 40 marks.
Candidates have to answer two questions out of five.

Schematic diagrams must be shown wherever necessary. Any data you feel missing may suitably be assumed and stated clearly. Units of quantities used/calculated must be stated clearly.

Use of following supporting material is permitted during examination.
(Mentioned in form No. 205)

1. NIL

2. NIL

PART – A

Q.1 Evaluate -

$$\left\lceil \left(\frac{-9}{2} \right) \right\rceil$$

Q.2 Evaluate -

$$\int_0^{\pi} \int_0^a r \sin \theta dr d\theta$$

Q.3 Evaluate -

$$\int_0^{\infty} x^3 e^{-2x^2} dx$$

Q.4 Determine the constant b such that

$$\vec{A} = (bx^2y + yz)i + (xy^2 - xz^2)j + (2xyz - 2x^2yz - 2x^2y^2)k \text{ is solenoidal vector.}$$

Q.5 Find a unit vector normal to the surface $x^2y + 2xz = 4$ at the point (2, -2, 3).

Q.6 State Gauss divergence theorem.

Q.7 Define right circular cone.

Q.8 Find the equation of the sphere through the circle $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 9$, $x + y - 2z + 4 = 0$ and the origin.

Q.9 Find the eigenvalues of the matrix $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 4 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$.

Q.10 Are the following vectors linearly independent.

$$X_1 = (1, 1, 1, 3), X_2 = (1, 2, 3, 4), X_3 = (2, 3, 4, 9)$$

PART - B

Q.1 Evaluate by changing the order of integration:

$$\int_0^1 \int_{e^x}^e \frac{1}{\log y} dx dy$$

Q.2 Prove that -

$$\int_0^1 \frac{dx}{\sqrt{1-x^3}} = \frac{[\Gamma(1/3)]^3}{2^{1/3}\sqrt{3\pi}}$$

Q.3 If $\vec{r} = xi + yj + zk$ and $r = |\vec{r}|$, then find (a) $\operatorname{div}(r^n \vec{r})$ (b) $\operatorname{Curl}(r^n \vec{r})$.

Q.4 Use Green's theorem to evaluate the integral $\int_C [-y^3 dx + x^3 dy]$ where C is the circle $x^2 + y^2 = 1$.

Q.5 Find the equation of right circular cone generated by rotation of the line $\frac{x}{1} = \frac{y}{2} = \frac{z}{3}$ about the line $\frac{x}{-1} = \frac{y}{1} = \frac{z}{2}$.

Q.6 Determine the rank of matrix.

$$\begin{bmatrix} -1 & 2 & 3 & -2 \\ 2 & -5 & 1 & 2 \\ 3 & -8 & 5 & 2 \\ 5 & -12 & -1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

Q.7 For what values of λ and μ does the system of equation $2x + 3y + 5z = 9$, $7x + 3y - 2z = 8$ and $2x + 3y + \lambda z = \mu$ has

- (i) No Solution
- (ii) Unique solution
- (iii) Infinite number of solutions

PART – C

Q.1 Find the volume and surface area of the solid generated by the revolution of the astroid $x = a \cos^3 t$, $y = a \sin^3 t$ about the x-axis.

Q.2 If $\vec{F} = xi - yj + (z^2 - 1)k$ find $\iint_S \vec{F} \cdot \hat{n} ds$, where S is the closed surface bounded by the planes $z = 0$, $z = 1$ and the cylinder $x^2 + y^2 = 4$.

Q.3 Find the equation of the right circular cylinder described on the circle through the point $(1,0,0)$, $(0,1,0)$ and $(0,0,1)$ as the guiding curve.

Q.4 Verify Cayley - Hamilton theorem for the matrix -

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 2 \\ 0 & 2 & 1 \\ 2 & 0 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$$

Hence, find A^{-1} .

Q.5 Find the constant λ so that \vec{F} is a conservative vector field, where

$$\vec{F} = (\lambda xy - z^3)i + (\lambda - 2)x^2j + (1 - \lambda)xz^2k.$$

Find the work done in moving particle from $(1, 2, -3)$ to $(1, -4, 2)$
