

1. Design a LEX Code to count the number of lines, space, tab-meta character, and rest of characters in given Input pattern.

Code: -

```
%{
#include<stdio.h>
int lineCount=0,spaceCount=0,tabCount=0,restCount=0;
%}

%%
[\\n] {++lineCount;}
[" "] {++spaceCount;}
[\\t] {++tabCount;}
[^\\t"\\n] {++restCount;}
END {return 0;}
%%

int yywrap(){
    return 1;
}

int main(){
    printf("Enter the Sentence : \\n");

    yylex();
    printf("Number of Lines are : %d\\n",lineCount);
    printf("Number of Spaces are : %d\\n",spaceCount);
    printf("Number of Tabs Characters are : %d\\n",tabCount);
    printf("Number of Rest Characters are : %d\\n",restCount);
    return 0;
}
```

Output: -

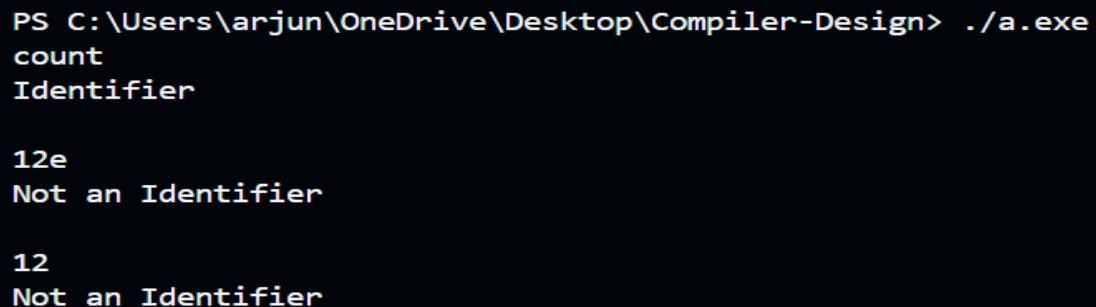
```
PS C:\\Users\\arjun\\OneDrive\\Desktop\\Compiler-Design> flex prog1.1
PS C:\\Users\\arjun\\OneDrive\\Desktop\\Compiler-Design> gcc lex.yy.c
PS C:\\Users\\arjun\\OneDrive\\Desktop\\Compiler-Design> ./a.exe
Enter the Sentence :
Wake Up to Reality
Nothing ever goes as planned in this accursed   World
The longer you live, the more you realize that
                        by Ghost
^Z
Number of Lines are : 4
Number of Spaces are : 19
Number of Tabs Characters are : 4
Number of Rest Characters are : 103
PS C:\\Users\\arjun\\OneDrive\\Desktop\\Compiler-Design> |
```

2. Design a LEX Code to identify and print valid Identifier of C in given Input pattern.

Code: -

```
%{
#include<stdio.h>
%}
%%
[a-zA-Z_][a-zA-Z0-9]*  { printf("Identifier\n"); }
.*                    { printf("Not an Identifier\n"); }
%%
int yywrap()
{
return 1;
}
int main(void)
{
while(yylex());
return 0;
}
```

Output: -



```
PS C:\Users\arjun\OneDrive\Desktop\Compiler-Design> ./a.exe
count
Identifier

12e
Not an Identifier

12
Not an Identifier
█
```

3. Design a LEX Code to identify and print valid Identifier of C in given Input pattern.

Code: -

```
%{  
#include <stdio.h>  
%}  
%%  
[0-9]+      { printf("This is an Integer Number\n"); }  
[0-9]+[.][0-9]+ { printf("This is a Floating Point Number\n"); }  
.+         { printf("This is not a Valid Number\n"); }  
%%  
int main() {  
    yylex();  
    return 0;  
}  
int yywrap(){ return 0;  
}
```

Output: -

```
PS C:\Users\arjun\OneDrive\Desktop\Compiler-Design> flex prog3.1  
PS C:\Users\arjun\OneDrive\Desktop\Compiler-Design> gcc lex.yy.c  
PS C:\Users\arjun\OneDrive\Desktop\Compiler-Design> ./a.exe  
12  
This is an Integer Number  
  
1.2  
This is a Floating Point Number  
  
1.21.  
This is not a Valid Number  
  
PS C:\Users\arjun\OneDrive\Desktop\Compiler-Design> 
```

4. Design a LEX Code for Tokenizing (Identify and print OPERATORS, SEPERATORS, KEYWORDS, and IDENTIFIERS) in the given input:

Code: -

```
%{
#include <stdio.h>

%}

%%

"if"|"else"|"int"|"return"|"for" { printf("%s is a keyword.\n", yytext); }
[a-zA-Z_][a-zA-Z0-9_]* { printf("%s is an identifier.\n", yytext); }
[0-9]+ { printf("%s is a constant.\n", yytext); }
"=="|"!="|"<="|">="|"+"| "-"|"*"|"/" { printf("%s is an operator.\n", yytext); }
"="|"<"|">" { printf("%s is an operator.\n", yytext); }
"{"|"}"|"("|")"|"["|"]"|";"|"," { printf("%s is a separator.\n", yytext); }
[\t\n] ;

%%

int main() {
    printf("Enter C code for tokenization:\n");
    yylex();
    return 0;
}

int yywrap() { return 0; }
```

Output: -

```
PS C:\Users\arjun\OneDrive\Desktop\Compiler-Design> ./a.exe
Enter C code for tokenization:
int a=10,b=15;
int is a keyword.
a is an identifier.
= is an operator.
10 is a constant.
, is a separator.
b is an identifier.
= is an operator.
15 is a constant.
; is a separator.
PS C:\Users\arjun\OneDrive\Desktop\Compiler-Design> |
```

5. Design a LEX Code to count and print the number of total characters, words, and white spaces in given 'Input.txt' file.

Code: -

```
%{  
  
#include<stdio.h>  
  
int totChars=0,whiteSpace=0,wordCount=0;  
  
%}  
  
%%  
  
[ \n\t]{++whiteSpace;}  
  
[^ \n\t]+ {++wordCount; totChars=totChars+yyleng;}  
  
%%  
  
int yywrap(){  
    return 1;  
}  
  
int main(){  
    extern FILE *yyin;  
  
    yyin = fopen("input.txt","r");  
  
    yylex();  
  
    printf("White Spaces : %d\nWords : %d\nTotal Characters :  
%d\n",whiteSpace,wordCount,whiteSpace+totChars);  
  
    return 0;  
}
```

Output: -

```
PS C:\Users\arjun\OneDrive\Desktop\Compiler-Design> flex prog5.1  
PS C:\Users\arjun\OneDrive\Desktop\Compiler-Design> gcc lex.yy.c  
PS C:\Users\arjun\OneDrive\Desktop\Compiler-Design> ./a.exe  
White Spaces : 8  
Words : 8  
Total Characters : 45  
PS C:\Users\arjun\OneDrive\Desktop\Compiler-Design> █
```

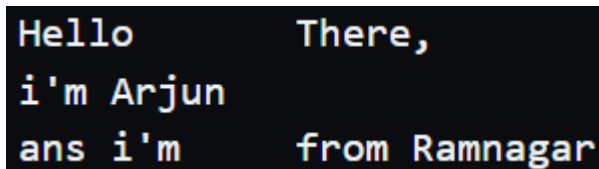
6. Design a LEX Code to replace white spaces of 'Input.txt' file by a single blank character into 'Output.txt' file.

Code: -

```
%{  
#include<stdio.h>  
%}  
%%  
[ \t]+ fprintf(yyout," ");  
. fprintf(yyout,"%s",yytext);  
%%  
int yywrap(){  
    return 1;  
}  
int main(){  
    extern FILE *yyin,*yyout;  
    yyin=fopen("input.txt","r");  
    yyout=fopen("output.txt","w");  
    yylex();  
    return 0;  
}
```

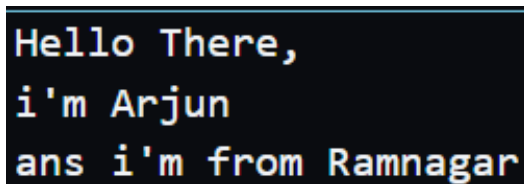
Output: -

Input File: -

A screenshot of a text file with a black background and white text. The text is arranged in three lines: "Hello There," on the first line, "i'm Arjun" on the second line, and "ans i'm from Ramnagar" on the third line. There are multiple spaces between "Hello" and "There," and between "ans i'm" and "from Ramnagar".

```
Hello      There,  
i'm Arjun  
ans i'm      from Ramnagar
```

Output File: -

A screenshot of a text file with a black background and white text. The text is arranged in three lines: "Hello There," on the first line, "i'm Arjun" on the second line, and "ans i'm from Ramnagar" on the third line. The spaces between words have been reduced to a single blank character.

```
Hello There,  
i'm Arjun  
ans i'm from Ramnagar
```

7. Design a LEX Code to remove the comments from any C Program given at run time and store into 'out.c' file.

Code: -

```
%{
#include<stdio.h>

%}

%%

"//":* ;

"/*"([^[*]]|[*]+[^\/] )*[*]+"/" ;

. fprintf(yyout,"%s",ytext);

%%

int yywrap(){
    return 1;
}

int main(){
    extern FILE *yyin,*yyout;
    yyin=fopen("input.txt","r");
    yyout=fopen("output.txt","w");
    yylex();
    return 0;
}
```

Output: -

Input File: -

```
#include<bits/stdc++.h> //header file
using namespace std; // std namespace
int main() { //main function
    cout<<"Hello World<<endl; //prints Hello world on screen
}
/*
This is a multi-line comment in C++.
It starts with /* and ends with */
```

Output File: -

```
#include<bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
int main() {
    cout<<"Hello World<<endl;
}
```


8. Design a LEX Code to extract all html tags in the given HTML file at run time and store into Text file given at run time.

Code: -

```
%{
#include<stdio.h>
%}
%%
"<"[^>]*">" {fprintf(yyout,"%s",yytext);}
.;
%%
int yywrap(){
    return 1;
}
int main(){
    extern FILE *yyin,*yyout;
    yyin=fopen("index.html","r");
    yyout=fopen("output.txt","w");
    yylex();
    return 0;
}
```

Html file :-

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>

<head>
|   <title>I don't know</title>
</head>

<body>
|   <h1>Wassup Everyone</h1>
|   <p>My name is <strong>Arjun</strong>...</p>
</body>

</html>
```

Output file: -

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>

<head>
<title></title>
</head>

<body>
<h1></h1>
<p><strong></strong></p>
</body>

</html>
```

9. Design a LEX Code to recognize and print the following tokens: a) string b) keywords c) constants d) identifiers e) literals.

Code: -

```
%{
#include <stdio.h>
%}
%%
"int"|"float"|"char"|"if"|"else"|"return"|"string"|"printf" { printf("KEYWORD: %s\n", yytext); }

\[^\"]*\"    { printf("STRING: %s\n", yytext); }

'[^']*'      { printf("LITERAL: %s\n", yytext); }

[0-9]+       { printf("CONSTANT: %s\n", yytext); }

[a-zA-Z_][a-zA-Z0-9_]* {
    printf("IDENTIFIER: %s\n", yytext);
}

[ \t\n]+     { /* Ignore whitespace */ }

.            { printf("UNKNOWN: %s\n", yytext); }

%%
int yywrap() {
    return 1;
}
int main() {
    yylex();
    return 0;
}
```

Output :-

```
PS C:\Users\arjun\OneDrive\Desktop\Compiler-Design> ./a.exe
int a = 10;
KEYWORD: int
IDENTIFIER: a
UNKNOWN: =
CONSTANT: 10
UNKNOWN: ;
string str = "Hello World!"
KEYWORD: string
IDENTIFIER: str
UNKNOWN: =
STRING: "Hello World!"
PS C:\Users\arjun\OneDrive\Desktop\Compiler-Design> |
```

10. Design a LEX Code to take check whether the given number is even or odd.

Code :-

```
%{
#include <stdio.h>
%}

%%

[0-9]+      { long num = atol(yytext);
              if (num % 2 == 0) {
                  printf("%s is an even number.\n", yytext);
              } else {
                  printf("%s is an odd number.\n", yytext);
              }
            }
.+          { printf("This is not a valid number.\n"); }
%%

int main() {
    yylex();
    return 0;
}

int yywrap(){ return 0;}
```

Output :-

```
PS C:\Users\arjun\OneDrive\Desktop\Compiler-Design> flex prog10.1
PS C:\Users\arjun\OneDrive\Desktop\Compiler-Design> gcc lex.yy.c
PS C:\Users\arjun\OneDrive\Desktop\Compiler-Design> ./a.exe
12
12 is an even number.

13
13 is an odd number.

13a
This is not a valid number.
```

11. Design a LEX Code to count number of vowels and consonants in a given pattern.

Code: -

```
%{
#include <stdio.h>
int vowels = 0;
int consonants = 0;
}%

%%
[aeiouAEIOU] { vowels++; }
[bcd fghjklmnpqrstvwxyzBCDFGHJKLMNPQRSTVWXYZ] { consonants++; }
.\n      ;
%%

int main() {
    yylex();
    printf("Total number of Vowels are: %d\n", vowels);
    printf("Total number of Consonants are: %d\n", consonants);
    return 0;
}
int yywrap(){
    return 1;
}
```

Output :-

```
PS C:\Users\arjun\OneDrive\Desktop\Compiler-Design> flex prog11.1
PS C:\Users\arjun\OneDrive\Desktop\Compiler-Design> gcc lex.yy.c
PS C:\Users\arjun\OneDrive\Desktop\Compiler-Design> ./a.exe
This is the LEX code.
^Z
Total number of Vowels are: 6
Total number of Consonants are: 10
```

12. Design a LEX Code to check for a valid E-mail Id.

Code: -

```
%{
#include<stdio.h>

%}

%%

^[a-zA-Z0-9._%+-]+@gmail\.com$ {
    printf("Valid Email\n");
}

.* {
    printf("Not a valid email\n");
}

%%

int yywrap(){
    return 1;
}

int main(){
    printf("Enter your email: ");
    yylex();
    return 0;
}
```

Output: -

```
PS C:\Users\arjun\OneDrive\Desktop\Compiler-Design\Program-12> flex valid_email.l
PS C:\Users\arjun\OneDrive\Desktop\Compiler-Design\Program-12> gcc lex.yy.c
PS C:\Users\arjun\OneDrive\Desktop\Compiler-Design\Program-12> ./a.exe
Enter your email: arjunkandari15@gmail.com
Valid Email

arjun.com
Not a valid email
```

13. Design a DFA in LEX Code which accepts all possible set of string containing even number of 'a' and even number of 'b' over input alphabet $\Sigma = \{a, b\}$.

Code: -

```
%{  
    #include <stdio.h>  
}%  
  
%option noyywrap  
  
%s A B C DEAD  
  
%%  
  
<INITIAL>a      BEGIN A;  
<INITIAL>b      BEGIN B;  
<INITIAL>\n      { printf("String Accepted\n"); BEGIN INITIAL; }  
<INITIAL>[^ab\n] BEGIN DEAD;  
  
  
<A>a      BEGIN INITIAL;  
<A>b      BEGIN C;  
<A>\n      { printf("String Unaccepted\n"); BEGIN INITIAL; }  
<A>[^ab\n]    BEGIN DEAD;  
  
  
<B>a      BEGIN C;  
<B>b      BEGIN INITIAL;  
<B>\n      { printf("String Unaccepted\n"); BEGIN INITIAL; }  
<B>[^ab\n]    BEGIN DEAD;  
  
  
<C>a      BEGIN B;  
<C>b      BEGIN A;  
<C>\n      { printf("String Unaccepted\n"); BEGIN INITIAL; }  
<C>[^ab\n]    BEGIN DEAD;  
  
  
<DEAD>\n      { printf("String Unaccepted\n"); BEGIN INITIAL; }  
<DEAD>[^ \n]  BEGIN DEAD;
```

%%

```
int main() {  
    yylex();  
    return 0;  
}
```

Output: -

```
PS C:\Users\arjun\OneDrive\Desktop\Compiler-Design\Program-13> flex even_a_and_even_b.l  
PS C:\Users\arjun\OneDrive\Desktop\Compiler-Design\Program-13> gcc lex.yy.c  
PS C:\Users\arjun\OneDrive\Desktop\Compiler-Design\Program-13> ./a.exe  
ab  
String Unaccepted  
aabb  
String Accepted  
ababa  
String Unaccepted  
abababab  
String Accepted
```

14. Design a DFA in LEX Code to Identify and print Integer, Float Constants and Identifier.

Code: -

```
%{  
    #include <stdio.h>  
}%  
  
%option noyywrap  
%s INT A FLOAT ID DEAD  
  
%%  
  
<INITIAL>[0-9]    BEGIN INT;  
<INITIAL>[a-zA-Z_] BEGIN ID;  
<INITIAL>[^a-zA-Z0-9_\n] BEGIN DEAD;  
<INITIAL>\n    { printf("Invalid String\n"); BEGIN INITIAL; }  
  
<INT>[0-9]        BEGIN INT;  
<INT>\.          BEGIN A;  
<INT>[^0-9\.\n]    BEGIN DEAD;  
<INT>\n    { printf("Integer\n"); BEGIN INITIAL; }  
  
<A>[0-9]          BEGIN FLOAT;  
<A>[^0-9\n]       BEGIN DEAD;  
<A>\n    { printf("Invalid String\n"); BEGIN INITIAL; }  
  
<FLOAT>[0-9]      BEGIN FLOAT;  
<FLOAT>[^0-9\n]    BEGIN DEAD;  
<FLOAT>\n    { printf("Floating Number\n"); BEGIN INITIAL; }  
  
<ID>[a-zA-Z0-9_]  BEGIN ID;  
<ID>[^a-zA-Z0-9_\n] BEGIN DEAD;
```



```
<ID>\n      { printf("Identifier\n"); BEGIN INITIAL; }
```

```
<DEAD>\n      { printf("Invalid String\n"); BEGIN INITIAL; }
```

```
<DEAD>[^\\n]      BEGIN DEAD;
```

```
%%
```

```
int main() {  
    yylex();  
    return 0;  
}
```

Output: -

```
PS C:\Users\arjun\OneDrive\Desktop\Compiler-Design\program-14> flex constants_and_identifiers.l  
PS C:\Users\arjun\OneDrive\Desktop\Compiler-Design\program-14> gcc lex.yy.c  
PS C:\Users\arjun\OneDrive\Desktop\Compiler-Design\program-14> ./a.exe  
int  
Identifier  
12  
Integer  
12.5  
Floating Number  
12.  
Invalid String  
in3  
Identifier  
3a  
Invalid String
```

15. Design a DFA in LEX Code over $\Sigma = \{a, b\}$ which contains set of all possible strings where every string starts with a and ends with b.

Code: -

```
%{  
    #include<stdio.h>  
%}  
  
%option noyywrap  
  
%s A B DEAD  
  
%%  
  
<INITIAL>a      BEGIN A;  
<INITIAL>[^a\n]  BEGIN DEAD;  
<INITIAL>\n      { printf("String not accepted\n"); BEGIN INITIAL; }  
  
<A>a            BEGIN A;  
<A>b            BEGIN B;  
<A>[^ab\n]       BEGIN DEAD;  
<A>\n              { printf("String not accepted\n"); BEGIN INITIAL; }  
  
<B>a            BEGIN A;  
<B>b            BEGIN B;  
<B>[^ab\n]       BEGIN DEAD;  
<B>\n              { printf("String Accepted\n"); BEGIN INITIAL; }  
  
<DEAD>[^*\n]     BEGIN DEAD;  
<DEAD>\n              { printf("String not accepted\n"); BEGIN INITIAL; }  
  
%%  
  
int main() {
```

```
yylex();  
  
return 0;  
  
}
```

Output: -

```
PS C:\Users\arjun\OneDrive\Desktop\Compiler-Design\Program-15> flex DFA_StartA_EndB.1  
PS C:\Users\arjun\OneDrive\Desktop\Compiler-Design\Program-15> gcc lex.yy.c  
PS C:\Users\arjun\OneDrive\Desktop\Compiler-Design\Program-15> ./a.exe  
ab  
String Accepted  
aab  
String Accepted  
aba  
String not accepted  
abc  
String not accepted  
aaaabbbbab  
String Accepted
```

16. Design YACC / LEX code to recognize valid arithmetic expression with operators +, -, * and /.

Code: -

Arithmetic_Expression_Validator.l

```
%{
#include "parser.tab.h"
}%
%%
[0-9]+ {yylval = atoi(yytext); return NUMBER;}
"+" {return PLUS;}
"-" {return MINUS;}
"*" {return MUL;}
"/" {return DIV;}
"(" {return LP;}
")" {return RP;}
[ \t] {} /* Skip spaces and tabs */
[\n] {return 0;} /* Return 0 to signal end of input on newline */
. {printf("Invalid character: %s\n", yytext); return 0;}
%%
int yywrap(){
    return 1;
}
```

Parser.y

```
%{
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
void yyerror(const char *s);
int yylex();
}%

%token NUMBER
%token PLUS MINUS MUL DIV LP RP
%left PLUS MINUS
%left MUL DIV
%%

input: /* empty */
    | expr {printf("Valid Arithmetic Expression\n");}
    ;

expr: expr PLUS expr
    | expr MINUS expr
    | expr DIV expr
    | expr MUL expr
    | LP expr RP
```

```

| NUMBER
;

%%

void yyerror(const char *s){
    printf("Not a Valid Arithmetic Expression\n");
}

int main(){
    printf("Enter an Arithmetic Expression: ");
    int x = yyparse();
    return 0;
}

```

Output file: -

```

PS C:\Users\arjun\OneDrive\Desktop\Compiler-Design\Program-16> bison -d parser.y
PS C:\Users\arjun\OneDrive\Desktop\Compiler-Design\Program-16> flex Arithmetic_Expression_Validator.1
PS C:\Users\arjun\OneDrive\Desktop\Compiler-Design\Program-16> gcc lex.yy.c parser.tab.c
PS C:\Users\arjun\OneDrive\Desktop\Compiler-Design\Program-16> ./a.exe
Enter an Arithmetic Expression: 2+3
Valid Arithmetic Expression
PS C:\Users\arjun\OneDrive\Desktop\Compiler-Design\Program-16> bison -d parser.y
PS C:\Users\arjun\OneDrive\Desktop\Compiler-Design\Program-16> flex Arithmetic_Expression_Validator.1
PS C:\Users\arjun\OneDrive\Desktop\Compiler-Design\Program-16> gcc lex.yy.c parser.tab.c
PS C:\Users\arjun\OneDrive\Desktop\Compiler-Design\Program-16> ./a.exe
Enter an Arithmetic Expression: 2+3
Valid Arithmetic Expression
PS C:\Users\arjun\OneDrive\Desktop\Compiler-Design\Program-16> ./a.exe
Enter an Arithmetic Expression: 2+
Not a Valid Arithmetic Expression

```

17. Design YACC / LEX code to evaluate arithmetic expression involving operators +, -, * and / without operator precedence grammar and with operator precedence grammar.

i. No Precedence

lexer_no_precedence.l

```
%{  
  
#include "parser_no_precedence.tab.h"  
  
%}  
  
%%  
  
[0-9]+ { yylval = atoi(yytext); return NUMBER; }  
  
"+" { return PLUS; }  
  
"-" { return MINUS; }  
  
"*" { return MUL; }  
  
"/" { return DIV; }  
  
"(" { return LP; }  
  
")" { return RP; }  
  
[ \t] { /* Skip spaces and tabs */ }  
  
[\n] { return 0; /* End of input */ }  
  
. { printf("Invalid character: %s\n", yytext); return 0; }  
  
%%  
  
int yywrap() {  
    return 1;  
}
```

parser_no_precedence.y

```
%{  
  
#include <stdio.h>  
  
#include <stdlib.h>  
  
void yyerror(const char *s);  
  
int yylex();  
  
%}  
  
  
%token NUMBER
```

%token PLUS MINUS MUL DIV LP RP

%%

input: /* empty */

```
| expr { printf("Result = %d\n", $1); }  
;
```

expr: term { \$\$ = \$1; }

```
| expr PLUS term { $$ = $1 + $3; }  
| expr MINUS term { $$ = $1 - $3; }  
;
```

term: factor { \$\$ = \$1; }

```
| term MUL factor { $$ = $1 * $3; }  
| term DIV factor {  
    if ($3 == 0) {  
        yyerror("Division by zero");  
        $$ = 0;  
    } else {  
        $$ = $1 / $3;  
    }  
}  
;  
;
```

factor: NUMBER { \$\$ = \$1; }

```
| LP expr RP { $$ = $2; }  
| MINUS factor { $$ = -$2; } /* Unary minus */  
;
```

```
%%
```

```
void yyerror(const char *s) {  
    printf("Error: %s\n", s);  
}
```

```
int main() {  
    printf("Enter an arithmetic expression (without operator precedence grammar): ");  
    yyparse();  
    return 0;  
}
```

Output :-

```
PS C:\Users\arjun\OneDrive\Desktop\Compiler-Design\Program-17\No_Precedence> bison -d parser.y  
PS C:\Users\arjun\OneDrive\Desktop\Compiler-Design\Program-17\No_Precedence> flex lexer.l  
PS C:\Users\arjun\OneDrive\Desktop\Compiler-Design\Program-17\No_Precedence> gcc lex.yy.c parser.tab.c  
PS C:\Users\arjun\OneDrive\Desktop\Compiler-Design\Program-17\No_Precedence> ./a.exe  
Enter an arithmetic expression (without operator precedence grammar): 2+3*4  
Result = 14
```

ii. **With precedence**
Lexer.y

```
%{  
#include "parser.tab.h"  
%}  
%%  
[0-9]+ { yylval = atoi(yytext); return NUMBER; }  
"+" { return PLUS; }  
"- " { return MINUS; }  
"*" { return MUL; }  
"/" { return DIV; }  
"(" { return LP; }  
")" { return RP; }  
[ \t] { /* Skip spaces and tabs */ }  
[\n] { return 0; /* End of input */ }  
. { printf("Invalid character: %s\n", yytext); return 0; }  
%%  
int yywrap() {  
    return 1;  
}
```


Parser.y

```
%{
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
void yyerror(const char *s);
int yylex();
%}

%token NUMBER
%token PLUS MINUS MUL DIV LP RP

/* Operator precedence declarations */
%left PLUS MINUS /* Lower precedence */
%left MUL DIV /* Higher precedence */
%right UMINUS /* Highest precedence (for unary minus) */

%%

input: /* empty */
    | expr { printf("Result = %d\n", $1); }
    ;

expr: expr PLUS expr { $$ = $1 + $3; }
    | expr MINUS expr { $$ = $1 - $3; }
    | expr MUL expr { $$ = $1 * $3; }
    | expr DIV expr {
        if ($3 == 0) {
            yyerror("Division by zero");
            $$ = 0;
        } else {
            $$ = $1 / $3;
        }
    }
    | LP expr RP { $$ = $2; }
    | MINUS expr %prec UMINUS { $$ = -$2; } /* Unary minus */
    | NUMBER { $$ = $1; }
    ;

%%

void yyerror(const char *s) {
    printf("Error: %s\n", s);
}

int main() {
    printf("Enter an arithmetic expression (with operator precedence grammar): ");
```

```
    yyparse();  
    return 0;  
}
```

Output:

```
PS C:\Users\arjun\OneDrive\Desktop\Compiler-Design\Program-17> cd With_Precedence  
PS C:\Users\arjun\OneDrive\Desktop\Compiler-Design\Program-17\With_Precedence> bison -d parser.y  
PS C:\Users\arjun\OneDrive\Desktop\Compiler-Design\Program-17\With_Precedence> flex lexer.l  
PS C:\Users\arjun\OneDrive\Desktop\Compiler-Design\Program-17\With_Precedence> gcc lex.yy.c parser.tab.c  
PS C:\Users\arjun\OneDrive\Desktop\Compiler-Design\Program-17\With_Precedence> ./a.exe  
Enter an arithmetic expression (with operator precedence grammar): 2+3*4  
Result = 14
```

18. Design YACC / LEX code that translates INFIX Expression to POSTFIX Expression.

Code :-

Lexer.l

```
%{
#include "parser.tab.h"
extern int yylval;
}%

%%

[0-9]+ {yylval = atoi(yytext); return NUM;}
\n    return 0;
[ \t] /* ignore whitespace */
.      return *yytext;
%%

int yywrap()
{
    return 1;
}
```

Parser.y

```
%{
#include <stdio.h>
void yyerror(const char *s);
int yylex();
}%

%token NUM
%left '+' '-'
%left '*' '/'
%right NEGATIVE

%%

S: E {printf("\n"); return 0;}
;
E: E '+' E {printf(" + ");}
  | E '*' E {printf(" * ");}
  | E '-' E {printf(" - ");}
  | E '/' E {printf(" / ");}
  | '(' E ')'
  | '-' E %prec NEGATIVE {printf(" -");}
  | NUM {printf("%d", $1);}
;
%%

int main()
```

```

{
    printf("Input infix expression: ");
    yyparse();
    return 0;
}

```

```

void yyerror(const char *s)
{
    printf("\nError: %s\n", s);
}

```

Output :-

```

PS C:\Users\arjun\OneDrive\Desktop\Compiler-Design\Program-18> bison -d parser.y
PS C:\Users\arjun\OneDrive\Desktop\Compiler-Design\Program-18> flex Infix_To_Postfix_Translator.l
PS C:\Users\arjun\OneDrive\Desktop\Compiler-Design\Program-18> gcc lex.yy.c parser.tab.c
PS C:\Users\arjun\OneDrive\Desktop\Compiler-Design\Program-18> ./a.exe
Input infix expression: 5+6*9+2
569 * + 2 +
PS C:\Users\arjun\OneDrive\Desktop\Compiler-Design\Program-18> ./a.exe
Input infix expression: 3-9/5
395 / -

```

19. Design a Desk Calculator using YACC / LEX code.

Code: -

Lexer.y

```
%{
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <stdio.h>
int yylval;
#include "parser.tab.h"
}%
%%
[a-z]  { yylval = *yytext - 'a'; return id; }
[0-9]+ { yylval = atoi(yytext); return digit; }
[-+()=/*\n]{ return *yytext; }
[ \t]  ; /* ignore whitespace */
.      { yyerror("invalid character"); }
%%

int yywrap(void)
{
    return 1;
}
```

Parser.y

```
%{
#include <stdio.h>
void yyerror(char *);
int yylex(void);
int sym[26];
}%
%token id digit
%left '+' '-'
%left '*' '/'
%%
P: P S '\n'
  | /* empty */
  ;
S: E { printf("Output: %d\n", $1); }
  | id '=' E { sym[$1] = $3; }
  ;
E: digit { $$ = $1; }
  | id { $$ = sym[$1]; }
  | E '+' E { $$ = $1 + $3; }
  | E '-' E { $$ = $1 - $3; }
  | E '*' E { $$ = $1 * $3; }
  | E '/' E {
    if ($3 == 0) {
```

```

        yyerror("division by zero");
        $$ = 0;
    } else {
        $$ = $1 / $3;
    }
}
| '(' E ')' { $$ = $2; }
;
%%
void yyerror(char *s)
{
    fprintf(stderr, "Error: %s\n", s);
}
int main(void)
{
    printf("Enter Expression to Evaluate:\n");
    yyparse();
    return 0;
}

```

Output :-

```

PS C:\Users\arjun\OneDrive\Desktop\Compiler-Design\Program-19> bison -d parser.y
PS C:\Users\arjun\OneDrive\Desktop\Compiler-Design\Program-19> flex Desk_Calculator.l
PS C:\Users\arjun\OneDrive\Desktop\Compiler-Design\Program-19> gcc lex.yy.c parser.tab.c
Desk_Calculator.l:5:19: fatal error: y.tab.h: No such file or directory
#include "y.tab.h"
^
compilation terminated.
Desk_Calculator.l:12:3: warning: implicit declaration of function 'yyerror' [-Wimplicit-function-declaration]
.    { yyerror("invalid character"); }
      ^~~~~~
PS C:\Users\arjun\OneDrive\Desktop\Compiler-Design\Program-19> ./a.exe
Enter Expression to Evaluate:
7+6*9-15/3
Output: 56
a=5
b=5
c=3
d=a+b
e=a*b*c*d
e
Output: 750
2@13-14
Error: invalid character
Output: 2
Error: syntax error

```