

各種實驗因素分析(Ablation Study)

Type	1	2	3	4
Augmentation	No	No	Yes	Yes
Loss function	CrossEntropy	FocalLoss	CrossEntropy	FocalLoss
Val acc	0.90325	0.93780	0.94740	0.95221
Test acc(Kaggle)	0.65333	0.98666	0.97333	1.0

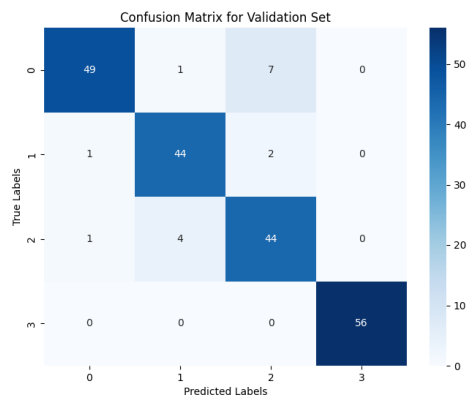
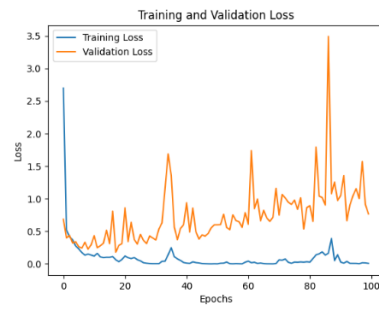
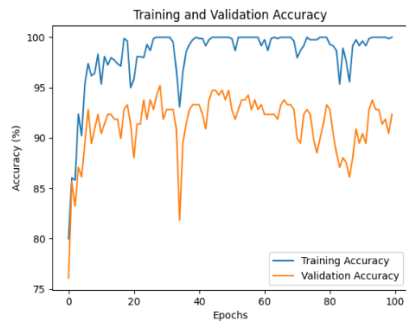
對於少量資料集，我覺得用這樣大小的模型即可，太大的話容易 overfitting

Model structure:

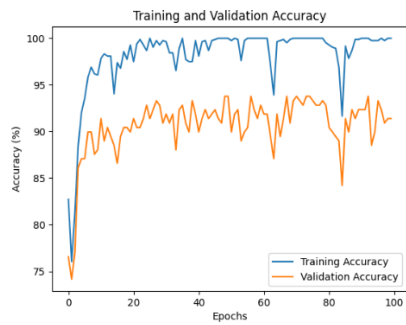
Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
Conv2d-1	[-1, 64, 224, 224]	1,792
ReLU-2	[-1, 64, 224, 224]	0
MaxPool2d-3	[-1, 64, 112, 112]	0
Conv2d-4	[-1, 128, 112, 112]	73,856
ReLU-5	[-1, 128, 112, 112]	0
MaxPool2d-6	[-1, 128, 56, 56]	0
Conv2d-7	[-1, 256, 56, 56]	295,168
ReLU-8	[-1, 256, 56, 56]	0
MaxPool2d-9	[-1, 256, 28, 28]	0
Linear-10	[-1, 1024]	205,521,920
ReLU-11	[-1, 1024]	0
Dropout-12	[-1, 1024]	0
Linear-13	[-1, 4]	4,100
Total params: 205,896,836		
Trainable params: 205,896,836		
Non-trainable params: 0		
Input size (MB): 0.57		
Forward/backward pass size (MB): 96.49		
Params size (MB): 785.43		
Estimated Total Size (MB): 882.50		

Accuracy curve / Loss curve / Confusion matrix:

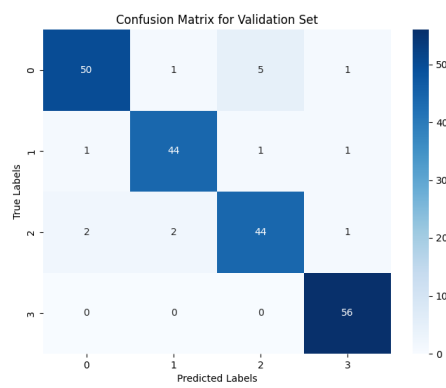
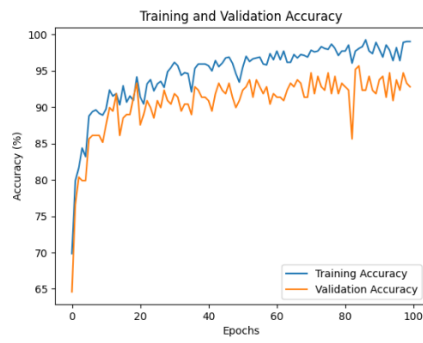
Type 1:



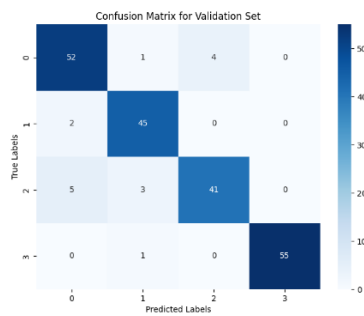
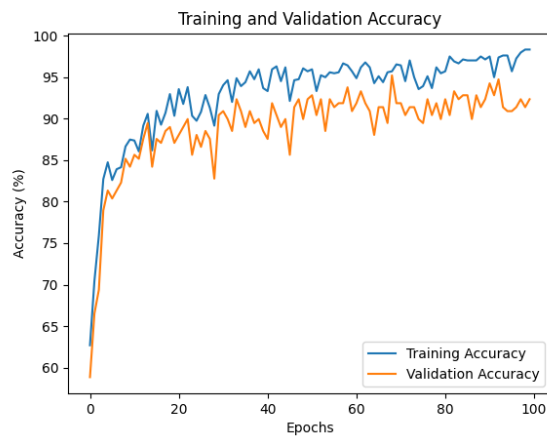
Type 2:



Type 3:



Type 4:



結果分析

可以發現 **Data Augmentation** 跟 **FocalLoss** 都使用的情況下，模型的表現最好。