

SKU rationalization for a health & wellness company

Health & wellness company

Built a comprehensive and user-friendly model to identify products that can be removed from the portfolio without a significant impact on the top-line. Recommended to prune ~30% of SKUs that had low Gross Margins/sales, thereby impacting the overall revenues only by 2% and increased the overall Gross Margin (%) by 0.4%.

2

SKU rationalization

Situation

- Client had an opportunity to simplify the product portfolio, and the supply chain expenses without a material impact on the top line.
- Partnered with the client to build a user-friendly model to identify the products that can be removed from the portfolio and evaluate the impact for the same.

Accordion Value Add

- Built a comprehensive model to determine the products that could potentially be pruned based on various user inputs such as Revenue/Margin, Unit sales, Store presence, Growth, Volume variability, etc., for each Product Category
- Among all the SKUs that could potentially be pruned, based on the tolerable limits for the Net revenue drop (%) provided by the user, SKUs with lower Gross margins are shortlisted and recommended for pruning
- Performed a Market Basket Analysis to determine the product basket combinations that were frequently purchased together, to ensure that products that are part of prevalent baskets are not pruned.

Impact

- Recommended the client to prune ~30% of SKUs that were identified to have low Gross Margins and minimal sales, which only impacted the overall revenues by 2%.
- Removing the low performing and low Gross Margin SKUs from the Product portfolio would increase the company's overall Gross Margin (%) by 0.4%.

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Approach & methodology

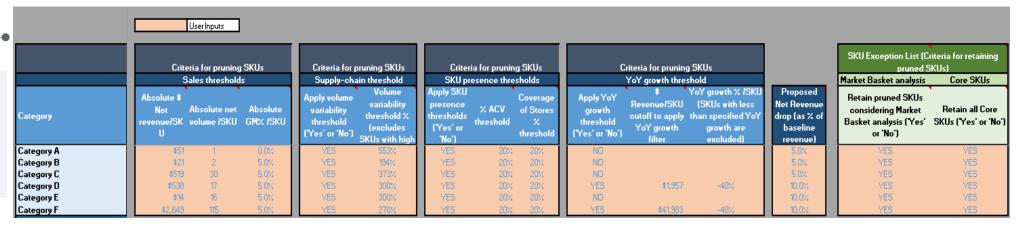
Net Revenue Change Raw Data Inputs User Inputs Incorporated the following thresholds into the model for each Product Category and each SKU to be compared against their respective Category: **➤ Mandatory thresholds** (*minimum*): - Revenue per SKU - Unit Volume per SKU SKU > Identified SKUs with lower Gross margins - Gross Margin % per SKU > SKU level Sales metrics for 2 Rationalization > Optional Thresholds: that could be pruned ensuring that consecutive years (to determine Maximum Volume Variability per SKU Revenue drop limits are met Model the YoY Revenue growth) Minimum # Stores where the SKU has sales Minimum YoY Growth Retain SKUs that are part of prevalent baskets > Users should also input the tolerable limits for the **Net Revenue drop** from the SKUs pruned

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3

Snapshot of the SKU rationalization model

User can input constraints such as GM% threshold, volume threshold etc., before maximizing the GM%



| | 2018 performance - Overall \$ \$KUs 2018 Net volume 2018 \$ Net revenues 2018 \$ GM & YoY growth & | Pazeline 705 3,735,287 \$83,330,053 \$63,466,624 76,2% -17% | After applying thresholds 516 3,673,104 \$2,544,072 \$63,035,003 76.4% -15% | | applying thresholds, margis maximization and SKUs 487 3,617,269 \$81,561,626 \$62,434,334 76.5% -16% | 2 Change (Final) vs. baseline -29.5% -3.2% -2.1% -1.6% 0.4% 1.0% | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------|--|---|---|---------------------------|--|--|--|---------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------------|--|----------------|----------------|---------------------------------|------------------|---------------------------|-------------|---------------------------------|--|--------------------------------|--|
| | 2018 Net volume | | | | | 2018 \$ Net revenues | | | | 2018 \$ GM | | | | 2018 GM 2 | | | | YoY revenue growth 2 (17-18) | | | |
| Category | Baseline | After applying thresholds | After applying thresholds, margin maximization and SKUs retention | Change vs. baseline | Baseline | After applying thresholds | After applying thresholds, margin maximization and SKUs retention | Change vs. baseline | Baseline ' | After applying thresholds | After applying thresholds, margin maximization and SKUs retention | ¥5. | Baseline | After applying thresholds | maximization and | Change vs. baseline | Baseline | After applying thresholds | After applying thresholds, margin maximization and SKUs retention | Z Change vs. baseline | |
| TOTAL | 1,457,644 | | 1,413,670 | -3.0% | | \$41,288,658 | \$40,854,890 | -1.82 | \$31,050,011 | \$30,949,772 | \$30,677,148 | -1.2% | 74.72 | 75.0% | 75.12 | 0.42 | -292 | -29% | -29% | | |
| CATEGORY A | 330,919 | | 328,953 | | \$19,424,463 | \$19,265,696 | \$19,266,336 | -0.8% | \$13,196,488 | \$13,208,122 | \$13,208,585 | 0.1% | 67.9% | 68.6% | 68.6% | 0.6% | -42% | -42% | -42% | 0.5% | |
| CATEGORY B | 819,321 | 812,733 | 796,820 | | \$14,566,495 | \$14,480,947 | \$14,203,203 | -2.5% | \$12,008,495 | \$11,936,055 | \$11,754,152 | -2.1% | 82.4% | 82.4% | 82.8% | 0.32 | -19% | -19% | -18% | 0.32 | |
| CATEGORY C CATEGORY D | 114,883 27,821 | 114,736 27,093 | 114,691 27,093 | | \$4,538,640 \$585,946 | \$4,535,401 \$578,707 | \$4,534,568 \$578,707 | -0.1% -1.2% | \$3,610,474 \$388,462 | \$3,608,445 \$383,643 | \$3,607,850 \$383,643 | -0.1% -1.2% | 79.5% 66.3% | 79.6% 66.3% | 79.6% 66.3% | 0.0% | -26% -7% | -26% -7% | -26% -7% | 0.2% 0.5% | |
| CATEGORYE | 72,164 | 72,073 | 63,110 | | \$1,229,499 | \$1,229,345 | \$1,152,241 | -6.3% | \$835,498 | | \$800,742 | -4.2% | 68.0% | 68.0% | 69.5% | 1.5% | -12 | -14 | -14 | 0.54 | |
| CATEGORY F | 92,536 | 12,010 | 83,003 | 100,000 | 4.,220,400 | 4.12501040 | *1,120,000 | 0.04 | +202,400 | +202/421 | ****** | 4.60 | -0.0. | 50.0. | 82.3% | | I | | | | |

Synthesized view of the top-level impact on each of the metrics by category

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