## **Project**

#### **CSI2372A – Fall 2020**

### **University of Ottawa**

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# Du Online on Friday December 4 at midnight.

### (In teams of two and only one submission by group is required)

#### Card Game:

In this project, you are asked to program a card game in C++ language. The game is played with a deck of cards with comical illustrations of eight different types of beans (some more scarce than others), which two players place cards in chains, trade the cards and sell the chains in order to raise money.

The player obtains cards of all different types *randomly* from the deck, and so must engage in trade with the other player to be successful.

The cards have 8 different faces corresponding to different types of Beans (see Table below). The goal of the game is to chain-up the cards of same bean to gain coins. The player with the most coins at the end wins. The chains for the cards are formed by each player for all to see and there are a maximum of either two or three chains at any point per player. Each chain can only be formed with a single type of Bean.

Each player is dealt a hand of five cards to start and the remaining cards form a draw deck. The rule is that cards in a player's hand need to be kept sorted. Cards will be placed on a discard pile during the game.

Cards in the hand are kept hidden. Cards in trading areas and chains are visible to all players. The discard pile is face up, but only the top card is visible.

The game proceeds with the players taking turns. During their turn, each player does the following:

- 1. If the other player has left cards in the trade area from the previous turn (in Step 5), the player may add these cards to his/her chains or discard them.
- 2. The player then plays the topmost card from his/her hand. The card must be added to a chain with the same beans. If the player has currently no such chain on the table, an old chain on the table will have to be tied and sold, and a new chain must be started. If the chain has not reached a sufficient length, a player may receive 0 coins.
- 3. The player has the option to repeat Step 2.

- 4. Then, the player has the option of discarding one arbitrary card (in any order) from his/her hand on the discard pile face up.
- 5. The player draws three cards from the draw deck and places them in the trade area. Next, the player draws cards from the discard pile as long as the card matches one of the beans in the trade area. Once the top card does not match or the pile is empty, the player can either chain the cards or leave them in the trade area for the next player. As in Step 2, if the player has currently no such chain matching the bean of the card, an old chain on the table will have to be tied and sold, and then a new chain is started.
- 6. The turn ends with the player drawing always two cards from the deck and placing them at the back of his/her hand.

Whenever a player ties a chain and sells it (Steps 2,3 or 5), the player receives coins in trade for the chain.

A player can purchase the right to form a third chain for three coins. No more than three chains can be formed simultaneously by a player during the game.

The game ends when the deck becomes empty.

Chains of different length and different beans have different value as shown below:

		Value of Chains			
Beans (Card Name)	Total in Deck	1 Coin	2 Coins	3 Coins	4 Coins
Blue	20	4	6	8	10
Chili	18	3	6	8	9
Stink	16	3	5	7	8
Green	14	3	5	6	7
soy	12	2	4	6	7
black	10	2	4	5	6
Red	8	2	3	4	5
garden	6	-	2	3	-

# C++ program description

Each component of the game is represented by its corresponding class:

Card, Deck, DiscardPile, Chain, Table, TradeArea, Coins, Hand, Players.

The classes Deck, DiscardPile, Hand and Chain are all containers holding cards.

- Deck will initially hold all the cards which will have to be shuffled to produce a randomized order, then players' hands are dealt and during game play players draw cards from the Deck. There is no insertion into the Deck. Deck can therefore usefully extend a std::vector.
- DiscardPile must support insertion and removal but not at random locations but all at the end. Again a std::vector will work fine but here we can use simple aggregation.
- Hand is well mapped by a queue since players have to keep their hand in order and the first card drawn is the first card played. The only derivation form this pattern is if players discard a card from the middle in Step 4 in the above description of a player's turn. Therefore, we can use a std::list to remove at an arbitrary location efficiently with a std::queue adapter.
- Chain is also a container and will have to grow and shrink as the game progresses. Again insertion is only to one end of the chain and a std::vector is fine (see below).
  - A template class will have to created for Chain being parametric in the type of card. In this project, we will instantiate Chain for the corresponding bean card.
- Card will be an abstract base class and the eight different bean cards will be derived from it (inheritance). All containers will hold cards through the base type. However, standard containers do not work well with polymorphic types because they hold copies (slicing will occur).
- TradeArea class will have to hold cards openly and support random access insertion and removal.
- CardFactory will generate all cards, and so, we will explore the factory pattern. A factory ensures that there is only a single unit in the program that is responsible to create and delete cards. Other parts of the program will only use pointers to access the cards. Note that means, we will delete the copy constructor and assignment operator in Card.

#### You will be using:

- *exceptions*: with downcasts to distinguish between different bean cards, and also of IllegalType if a player attempts to place a card illegally into a chain (a chain that holds different beans).
- *standard algorithms*: such as std::shuffle at the beginning to ensure the cards in the deck are in a random order.
- *stream insertion* and *extraction operator* to save and reload the game from file (for pause functionality).

## C++ program Implementation

You need to decide on class variables and the private and protected interface of the classes. Your mark will depend on a reasonable design and documentation in the code. Use *const* as much as possible, you can make any function or operator *const* as you see fit, even if it is not indicated in the prototype below. You can add others constructor and destructor to a class if needed.

### Card class and its derived classes (4 marks)

Create the bean card and its derived classes:

- Card is the base class and will be abstract
- Blue, Chili, Stink, Green, soy, black, Red and garden are derived classes (from Card) and will have to be concrete classes.

A bean card can be printed to console with its first character of its name.

Card class will have the following pure virtual functions:

- virtual int **getCardsPerCoin** (int coins) will implement in the derived classes the above table for how many cards are necessary to receive the corresponding number of coins.
- virtual string **getName** () returns the full name of the card (e.g., Blue).
- virtual void **print** (ostream& out) inserts the first character for the card into the output stream supplied as argument. If the first character is the same for two cards, use uppercase for the first one and lowercase for the second one (For example B for Blue and b for Black).
- and a global stream insertion operator for printing any objects of such a class which implements the "Virtual Friend Function Idiom" with the class hierarchy.

# Chain class (2 marks)

The template Chain will have to be instantiated in the program by the concrete derived card classes, e.g., Chain<Red>. Note that in this example Chain will hold the Red cards by pointer in a std::vector<Red\*>. So, you will need an abstract chain interface (Chain\_Base) to be able to reference chains of any type from the Player class.

Chain will have the following functions:

- Chain (istream&, const CardFactory\*) is a constructor which accepts an istream and reconstructs the chain from file when a game is resumed.
- Chain<T>& operator+= (Card\*) adds a card to the Chain. If the run-time type does not match the template type of the chain and exception of type IllegalType needs to be raised.
- int sell() counts the number cards in the current chain and returns the number coins according to the function Card::getCardsPerCoin.
- and the insertion operator (friend) to print Chain on an std::ostream. The hand should print a start column with the full name of the bean, for example with four cards:

Red RRRR

# Deck class (2 marks)

Deck is simple derived class from std::vector.

Deck will have the following functions:

- Deck (istream&, const CardFactory\*) is a constructor which accepts an istream and reconstructs the deck from file.
- Card\* draw() returns and removes the top card from the deck.
- and the insertion operator (friend) to insert all the cards in the deck to an std::ostream.

# DiscardPile class (2 marks)

The DiscardPile class holds cards in a std::vector and is similar to Deck.

DiscardPile will have the following functions:

- DiscardPile(istream&, const CardFactory\*) is a constructor which accepts an istream and reconstructs the DiscardPile from file.
- DiscardPile& operator+= (Card\*) discards the card to the pile.
- Card\* pickUp() returns and removes the top card from the discard pile.
- Card\* top() returns but does not remove the top card from the discard pile.
- void print(std::ostream&) to insert all the cards in the DiscardPile to an
  std::ostream.
- and the insertion operator (friend) to insert only the top card of the discard pile to an std::ostream.

# TradeArea class (3 marks)

The TradeArea holds cards in a std::list, and will have the following functions:

- TradeArea(istream&, const CardFactory\*) is a constructor which accepts an istream and reconstruct the TradeArea from file.
- TradeArea& operator+= (Card\*) adds the card to the trade area but it does not check if it is legal to place the card.
- bool legal (Card\*) returns true if the card can be legally added to the TradeArea, i.e., a card of the same bean is already in the TradeArea.
- Card\* trade (string) removes a card of the corresponding bean name from the trade area.
- int numCards () returns the number of cards currently in the trade area.
- and the insertion operator (friend) to insert all the cards of the trade area to an std::ostream.

# Hand class (2 marks)

Hand class will have the following functions:

- Hand (istream&, const CardFactory\*) is a constructor which accepts an istream and reconstruct the Hand from file.
- Hand& operator+= (Card\*) adds the card to the rear of the hand.
- Card\* play() returns and removes the top card from the player's hand.
- Card\* top() returns but does not remove the top card from the player's hand.
- Card\* operator[] (int) returns and removes the Card at a given index.
- and the insertion operator (friend) to print Hand on an std::ostream. The hand should print all the cards in order.

# Player class (3 marks)

Player class will have the following functions:

- Player (std::string&) is a constructor that creates a Player with a given name.
- Player(istream&, const CardFactory\*) is a constructor which accepts an istream and reconstruct the Player from file.
- std:string getName () get the name of the player.
- int getNumCoins () get the number of coins currently held by the player.
- Player& operator+= (int) add a number of coins
- int getMaxNumChains () returns either 2 or 3.
- int getNumChains () returns the number of non-zero chains
- Chain& operator[] (int i) returns the chain at position i.
- void buyThirdChain () adds an empty third chain to the player for three coins. The functions reduces the coin count for the player by two. If the player does not have enough coins then an exception NotEnoughCoins is thrown.
- void printHand (std::ostream&, bool) prints the top card of the player's hand (with argument false) or all of the player's hand (with argument true) to the supplied ostream.
- and the **insertion operator** (friend) to print a Player to an **std::ostream**. The player's name, the number of coins in the player's possession and each of the chains (2 or 3, some possibly empty) should be printed. The player printout may look as follows:

```
Dave 3 coins
Red R R R R
Blue B
```

# Table class (2 marks)

Table will manage all the game components. It will hold two objects of type Player, the Deck and the DiscardPile, as well as the TradeArea.

Table class will have the following functions:

- Table (istream&, const CardFactory\*) is a constructor which accepts an istream and reconstruct the Table from file.
- bool win (std::string&) returns true when a player has won. The name of the player is returned by reference (in the argument). The winning condition is that all cards from the deck must have been picked up and then the player with the most coins wins.
- void printHand (bool) prints the top card of the player's hand (with argument false) or all of the player's hand (with argument true).
- and the insertion operator (friend) to print a Table to an std::ostream. The two players, the discard pile, the trading area should be printed. This is the top level print out. Note that a complete output with all cards for the pause functionality is printed with a separate function.

## CardFactory class (2 marks)

The card factory serves as a factory for all the bean cards.

CardFactory class will have the following functions:

- constructor in which all the cards need to be created in the numbers needed for the game (see the above table).
- static CardFactory\* getFactory() returns a pointer to the only instance of CardFactory.
- Deck getDeck() returns a deck with all 104 bean cards. Note that the 104 bean cards are always the same but their order in the deck needs to be different every time. Use std::shuffle to achieve this.

Also, ensure that no copies can be made of CardFactory and that there is at most one CardFactory object in your program.

# Pseudo Code (4 marks for *main* loop)

The pseudo-code of the *main* loop (game loop) is as follows. Setup:

- Input the names of 2 players. Initialize the Deck and draw 5 cards for the Hand of each Player; or
- Load paused game from file.

```
While there are still cards on the Deck
       if pause save game to file and exit
       For each Player
              Display Table
              Player draws top card from Deck
              If TradeArea is not empty
                     Add bean cards from the TradeArea to chains or discard them.
              Play topmost card from Hand.
              If chain is ended, cards for chain are removed and player receives coin(s).
              If player decides to
                     Play the now topmost card from Hand.
              If chain is ended, cards for chain are removed and player receives coin(s).
              If player decides to
                     Show the player's full hand and player selects an arbitrary card
                     Discard the arbitrary card from the player's hand and place it on the discard pile.
              Draw three cards from the deck and place cards in the trade area
              while top card of discard pile matches an existing card in the trade area
                     draw the top-most card from the discard pile and place it in the trade area
              end
              for all cards in the trade area
                     if player wants to chain the card
                            chain the card.
                     else
                            card remains in trade area for the next player.
              end
              Draw two cards from Deck and add the cards to the player's hand (at the back).
       end
```

end