# KANGYING ZHOU

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#### **EDUCATION**

Ph.D. in Financial Economics, Yale University, 2019–2025 (Expected)

M.S. in Financial Mathematics, The University of Chicago, 2016–2017

B.S. in Economics, Huazhong University of Science and Technology, 2012–2016

# RESEARCH INTERESTS

Asset Pricing, Machine Learning, Natural Language Processing

#### REFERENCES

Nicholas C. Barberis (co-Chair) Stephen and Camille Schramm Professor of Finance nick.barberis@yale.edu

Stefano Giglio

Frederic D. Wolfe Professor of Finance and Management stefano.giglio@yale.edu

Tobias J. Moskowitz

Dean Takahashi '80 B.A., '83 M.P.P.M. Professor of Finance tobias.moskowitz@yale.edu

Bryan T. Kelly (co-Chair)

Frederick Frank '54 and Mary C. Tanner Professor of Finance bryan.kelly@yale.edu

William N. Goetzmann

Edwin J. Beinecke Professor of Finance and Management Studies william.goetzmann@yale.edu

#### JOB MARKET PAPER

#### Professional Investors and Media Narratives

I investigate the impact of media narratives on the portfolio strategies of active equity mutual funds. Using 1.5 million Wall Street Journal articles from 1984 to 2023, I use ChatGPT to distill media narratives into 59 distinct topics, and quantify each topic's time-varying share of news attention and sentiment. I then define a fund as having exposure to a topic if it overweights stocks expected to perform well when the topic grows in importance, and hence attention. I find that the topics that fund managers choose to have high exposure to are high-sentiment topics, but not those with high

attention. This strategy leads to mutual fund underperformance but attracts investor flows. Topic-oriented strategies account for a large fraction, specifically 37%, of mutual fund tilts, and are a key driver of the underperformance associated with active tilts.

#### **PUBLICATIONS**

## The Virtue of Complexity in Return Prediction

with Bryan Kelly and Semyon Malamud

The Journal of Finance 79, no. 1 (2024): 459-503.

Much of the extant literature predicts market returns with "simple" models that use only a few parameters. Contrary to conventional wisdom, we theoretically prove that simple models severely understate return predictability compared to "complex" models in which the number of parameters exceeds the number of observations. We empirically document the virtue of complexity in US equity market return prediction. Our findings establish the rationale for modeling expected returns through machine learning.

#### WORKING PAPERS

# The Virtue of Complexity Everywhere

with Bryan Kelly and Semyon Malamud

We investigate the performance of non-linear return prediction models in the high complexity regime, i.e., when the number of model parameters exceeds the number of observations. We document a "virtue of complexity": Return prediction  $R^2$  and optimal portfolio Sharpe ratio generally increase with model parameterization in all asset classes that we study (US equities, international equities, bonds, commodities, currencies, and interest rates). The virtue of complexity is present even in extremely data-scarce environments, e.g., for predictive models with less than twenty observations and tens of thousands of predictors. The empirical association between model complexity and out-of-sample model performance exhibits a striking consistency with theoretical predictions.

#### Robust Prediction after Structural Breaks

I propose a new modeling approach for time series prediction after structural breaks. The method incorporates a time trend variable into non-linear predictive models to effectively handle coefficient variations over time. By optimizing the bias-variance tradeoff, this approach significantly improves prediction accuracy and optimal portfolio Sharpe ratio compared to both linear and non-linear standard models. I construct Monte Carlo simulations to examine the finite sample performance of the proposed procedures. Empirically, the paper demonstrates improved prediction performance for U.S. equity market returns. These findings establish the robustness of machine learning predictions in the presence of structural breaks.

#### TEACHING EXPERIENCE

TA for Financial Econometrics and Machine Learning, Master's level, 2022–2023

Instructor: Professor Bryan Kelly

#### TA for Empirical Asset Pricing, Ph.D. Level, 2021

Instructor: Professor Bryan Kelly

#### AWARDS

CIRF Lindner College of Business Research Excellence Award, 2022

Best Paper Award, Hong Kong Conference for Fintech, AI, and Big Data in Business, 2022

Bates-White Best Paper Award (Runner-up), SoFiE annual meeting, 2022

Stanford Institute for Theoretical Economics (SITE) Travel Grant, 2022

Wolfe Annual Global Quantitative and Macro Investment Conference Travel Grant, 2022

Adam Smith Workshop Travel Grant, 2022

Yale Graduate Fellowship, 2019–2024

#### PRESENTATIONS

2024 **Seminar**: Yale SOM ( $\times$ 2)

2023 Conference: AEA Annual Meeting at New Orleans, Deep Learning for Solving and Estimating

Dynamic Models (DSE) at Lausanne

**Seminar**: Yale SOM  $(\times 2)$ , Hong Kong University of Technology

2022 Conference: Stanford Institute for Theoretical Economics (SITE) on "New Frontiers in Asset Pricing", SFS Cavalcade at University of North Carolina, WOLFE Annual Global Quantitative and Macro Investment Conference, China International Risk Forum (CIRF), Hong Kong Conference for Fintech,

AI, and Big Data in Business, Research Symposium on Finance and Economics (RSFE)

**Seminar:** EPFL, Yale SOM  $(\times 2)$ 

2021 **Seminar**: Yale SOM

#### SERVICE

#### **Discussions**

2022 Does the Mad Money Show cause investors to go madly attentive? (Kryzanowski and Rouhghalandari) at Research Symposium on Finance and Economics (RSFE)

E-commerce Livestream, Social Interaction, and Equity Returns (Chang and Cong) at CIRF

#### Referee

U.S. National Science Foundation (NSF)

Journal of Banking and Finance

**Emerging Markets Review** 

# WORKSHOP PARTICIPATION

- 2023 Deep Learning for Solving and Estimating Dynamic Models (DSE) Summer School Ken Singleton Celebration at Stanford Graduate School of Business
- 2022 Adam Smith Asset Pricing Conference at INSEAD Macro Finance Society Virtual Summer School
- 2021 NBER Entrepreneurship Research Boot Camp NBER Economics of Artificial Intelligence (AI) Conference
- 2020 Princeton Financial Economics of Insurance Workshop

### OTHER EMPLOYMENT

#### Bloomberg LP

Data Scientist in Chief Technology Office, 2019

Sheffield Asset Management, L.L.C.

Quantitative Analyst, 2018

The University of Chicago Booth School of Business

Research Assistant for Professor Dacheng Xiu, 2017-2019