# GE23131-Programming Using C-2024

Quiz navigation



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Status Finished

Started Tuesday, 14 January 2025, 2:09 PM

Completed Tuesday, 14 January 2025, 2:20 PM

**Duration** 10 mins 41 secs

Question 1

Correct

P Flag question

Given an array of numbers, find the index of the smallest array element (the pivot), for which the sums of all elements to the left and to the right are equal. The array may not be reordered.

Example

arr = [1,2,3,4,6]

- the sum of the first three elements, 1+2+3=6. The value of the last element is 6.
- Using zero based indexing, arr[3]=4 is the pivot between the two subarrays.
- The index of the pivot is 3.

**Function Description** 

Complete the function balancedSum in the editor below.

halancedSum has the following parameter(s).

D

balancedSum has the following parameter(s):

int arr[n]: an array of integers

int: an integer representing the index of the pivot

- $3 \le n \le 10^5$
- $1 \le arr[i] \le 2 \times 10^4$ , where  $0 \le i < n$
- It is guaranteed that a solution always exists.

Input Format for Custom Testing

Input from stdin will be processed as follows and passed to the function.

The first line contains an integer n, the size of the array arr.

Each of the next n lines contains an integer, arr[i], where  $0 \le i < n$ .

Sample Case 0

Sample Input 0

**Function Parameters** 

arril cize n - 1

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1 
$$\rightarrow$$
 arr = [1, 2, 3, 3]

2

3

3

## Sample Output 0

2

## Explanation 0

- The sum of the first two elements, 1+2=3. The value of the last element is 3.
- Using zero based indexing, arr[2]=3 is the pivot between the two subarrays.
- The index of the pivot is 2.

# Sample Case 1

Sample Input 1

# STDIN Function Parameters

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$$3 \rightarrow arr[] size n = 3$$

1 
$$\rightarrow$$
 arr = [1, 2, 1]

.

.....

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	Test	Expected	Got	
~	<pre>int arr[] = {1,2,3,3}; printf("%d", balancedSum(4, arr))</pre>	2	2	~

Passed all tests! <

Question 2 Correct

P Flag question

Calculate the sum of an array of integers.

Example

numbers = [3, 13, 4, 11, 9]

The sum is 3 + 13 + 4 + 11 + 9 = 40.

arraySum has the following parameter(s): int numbers[n]: an array of integers

Returns

int: integer sum of the numbers array

Constraints

 $1 \le n \le 10^4$ 

 $1 \le \text{numbers}[i] \le 10^4$ 

Input Format for Custom Testing

Input from stdin will be processed as follows and passed to the function.

The first line contains an integer n, the size of the array numbers.

Each of the next n lines contains an integer numbers[i] where  $0 \leq i < n$ .

Sample Case 0

Sample Input 0

STDIN Function

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5 → numbers[] size n = 5

1  $\rightarrow$  numbers = [1, 2, 3, 4, 5]

2

3

4

5

Sample Output 0

15

Explanation 0

1 + 2 + 3 + 4 + 5 = 15.

Sample Case 1

Sample Input 1

STDIN Function

2 → numbers[] size n = 2

12 → numbers = [12, 12]

12

Sample Output 1

	Test	Expected	Got	
~	<pre>int arr[] = {1,2,3,4,5}; printf("%d", arraySum(5, arr))</pre>	15	15	~

Passed all tests! <

Question **3**Correct

Flag question

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

#### Reset answer

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6
 7
 8 int minDiff(int arr_count, int* arr)
9 + {
        for(int i=0;i<arr_count-1;i++){
10 +
            for(int j=0;j<arr_count-i-1;j++){</pre>
11 .
                if(arr[j]>arr[j+1]){
12 +
                   int temp=arr[j];
13
                   arr[j]=arr[j+1];
14
                   arr[j+1]=temp;
15
16
17
18
19
        int sum=θ;
20
        for(int i=0;i<arr_count-1;i++){
21 •
            sum+=abs(arr[i]-arr[i+1]);
22
23
24
        return sum;
25
26
```

	Test	Expected	Got	
~	<pre>int arr[] = {5, 1, 3, 7, 3}; printf("%d", minDiff(5, arr))</pre>	6	6	~

Passed all tests! ✓

Finish review

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