

# 11.15

EE23BTECH11029 - Kanishk

## Question:

A SONAR system fixed in a submarine operates at a frequency 40.0 kHz. An enemy submarine moves towards the SONAR with a speed of 360 km/hr. What is the frequency of sound reflected by the submarine? Take the speed of sound in water to be 1450 m/s.

## Solution:

Parameter	Description	Value
$V$	Speed of sound in water	1450m/s
$V_e$	Speed of enemy submarine	100m/s
$V_{rel}$	Relative velocity between both submarine	1550m/s
$f$	Frequency of SONAR wave	40kHz
$y(x, t)$	Equation of SONAR wave	$A \sin\left(2\pi f t - \frac{2\pi}{\lambda} x + \phi\right)$
$\lambda$	Wavelength of SONAR wave	3.625cm
$f'$	Frequency observed by enemy submarine	42.76kHz
$\lambda_2$	Wavelength of reflected wave	3.157cm
$T = \frac{1}{f'}$	Time period of reflected wave	23.38s
$y_2(x, t)$	Equation of reflected wave as observed from submarine	$A \sin\left(2\pi f'' t - \frac{2\pi}{\lambda_2} x + \phi\right)$

TABLE 0  
INPUT PARAMETERS

Let us assume that the wave is reflected completely from enemy submarine.

From Table 0 :

$$V_{rel} = V + V_e \quad (1)$$

$$f' = V_{rel}/\lambda \quad (2)$$

$$= \left(\frac{V + V_e}{V}\right) f \quad (3)$$

$$= \left(\frac{1450 + 100}{1450}\right) 40 \quad (4)$$

$$\Rightarrow f' = 42.76 \text{ kHz} \quad (5)$$

$$\lambda_2 = T(V - V_e) \quad (6)$$

$$= \left(\frac{V - V_e}{f'}\right) \quad (7)$$

$$f'' = V/\lambda_2 \quad (8)$$

$$\Rightarrow f'' = \left(\frac{V}{V - V_e}\right) f' \quad (9)$$

$$\therefore f'' = 45.92 \text{ kHz} \quad (10)$$

Let us assume that amplitude of both waves is  $1\text{ cm}$ .

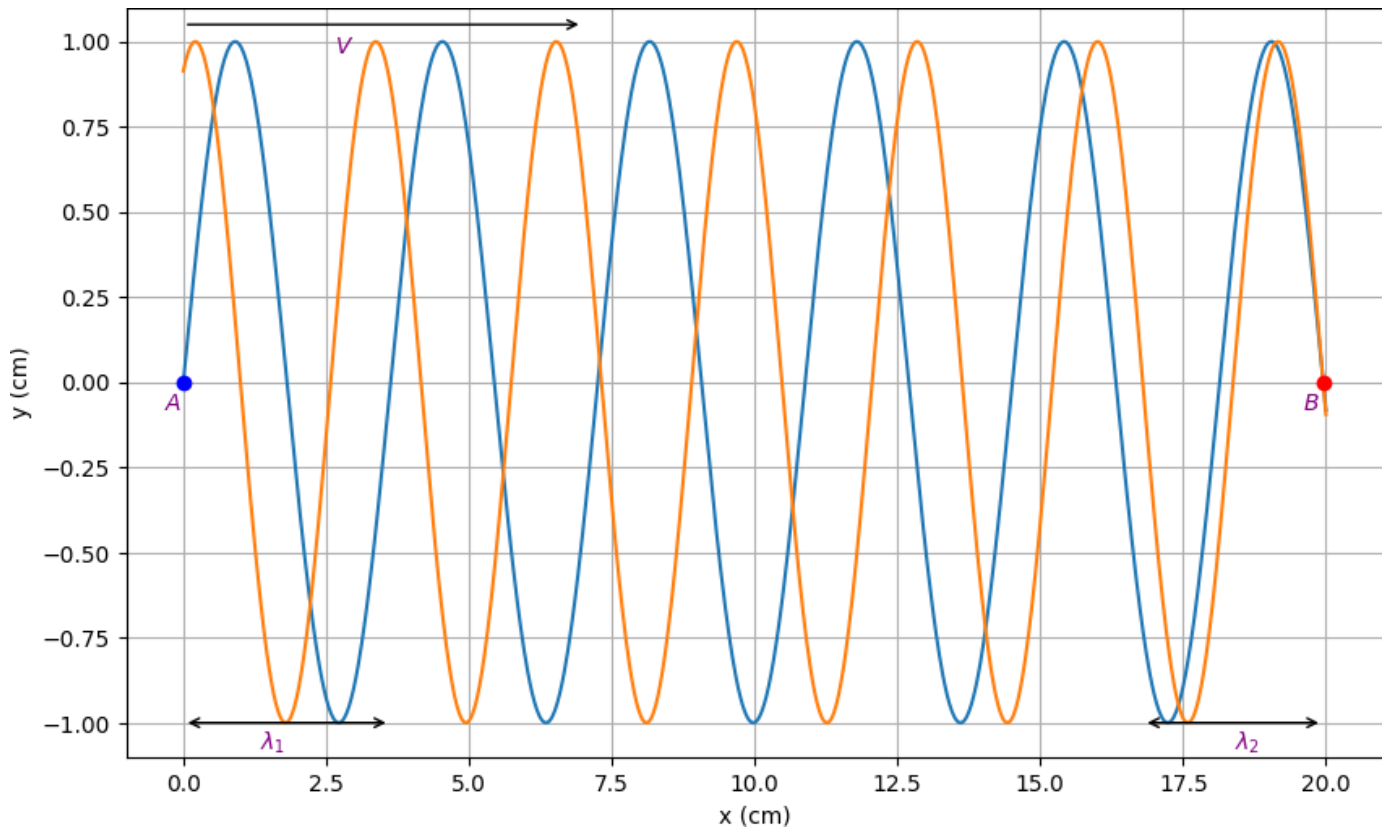


Fig. 0. Graph of SONAR and reflected waves

$A$  : SONAR submarine  
 $B$  : Enemy submarine  
 Blue graph : SONAR wave  
 Orange graph : Reflected wave