ENSC 254 Lab #5: Hardware-Aware Software Optimization

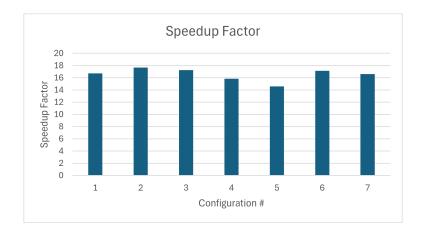
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Baseline time: average across a few runs: 566.8099443 seconds (9.446832405 minutes)

Data Tiling Optimization:

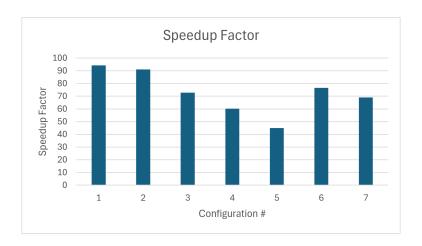
Configuration	TILE_SIZE_I	TILE_SIZE_J	TILE_SIZE_K	Time	Speedup
1	256	256	256	33.92325986	16.70859306
2	128	128	128	32.08853334	17.66394052
3	64	64	64	32.84377669	17.25775783
4	32	32	32	35.76844314	15.84664846
5	16	16	16	38.85567895	14.5875702
6	128	64	32	33.05015027	17.14999598
7	32	64	128	34.1585026	16.59352434



Looking at the table and the graph, the configuration that gives us the highest speedup factor is configuration 2, where the tile size is 128 for all three variables, i, j, and k. This gives us an execution time of ~32.0885 seconds and a speedup factor of ~17.6639.

Vectorization (SIMD) Optimization:

Configuration	TILE_SIZE_I	TILE_SIZE_J	TILE_SIZE_K	Time	Speedup
1	256	256	256	6.01334626	94.25865729
2	128	128	128	6.224976903	91.05414416
3	64	64	64	7.788610145	72.77420923
4	32	32	32	9.412000654	60.22204685
5	16	16	16	12.62808569	44.8848668
6	128	64	32	7.400302466	76.59280778
7	32	64	128	8.215342952	68.99406971



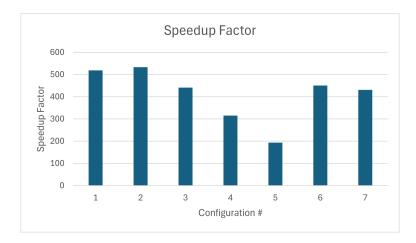
Looking at the table and the graph, the configuration that gives us the highest speedup factor is configuration $\frac{1}{2}$ (Was hard to differentiate which one was actually faster, they were very similar), where the tile size is 128 or 256 for all three variables, i, j, and k. This gives us an execution time of \sim 6.0133 seconds and a speedup factor of \sim 94.2587.

Parallelization Optimization:

Number of Threads	Time	Speedup			
2	2.845930345	199.1650798			
4	1.568413837	361.3905533	Speedup Factor		
6	1.305807718	434.0684593	600		
8	1.336845169	423.9907189	500		
10	1.170664773	484.1778427	9 400 — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —		
12	1.193973341	474.7257957	400 — Page		
14	1.075359956	527.0885727	100		
16	1.079275463	525.1763463	2 4 6 8 10 12 14 16 18 2		
18	1.083970791	522.9014924	Number of Threads		
20	1.072957465	528.2687924			

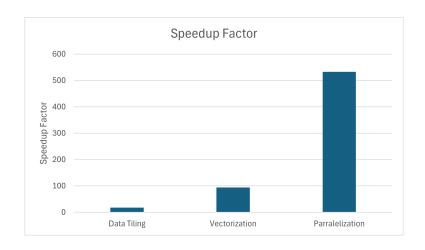
Looking at the table and the graph, the highest speedup factor is achieved with 20 threads. This gives us an execution time of ~1.0729 seconds and a speedup factor of ~528.2688.

Configuration	TILE_SIZE_I	TILE_SIZE_J	TILE_SIZE_K	Time	Speedup
1	256	256	256	1.093221467	518.4767784
2	128	128	128	1.063773135	532.8297225
3	64	64	64	1.283998779	441.4411864
4	32	32	32	1.796815868	315.4524369
5	16	16	16	2.938229961	192.9086395
6	128	64	32	1.257808658	450.632885
7	32	64	128	1.316583289	430.5158276



After choosing 20 threads, by looking at the table and graph, the tile size configuration that gives us the highest speedup factor is configuration 2, where the tile size is 128 for all three variables, i, j, and k. This gives us an execution time of \sim 1.0638 seconds and a speedup factor of \sim 532.8297.

Step-by-Step Speedup Over Baseline:



Performance Competition:

Using the code from gemm_simd_par(), we added loop unrolling and tuned the values of the tile size for i, j, and k to 64, 512, and 64 respectively. This got us execution times in the low 0.8xx seconds, with it sometimes dropping below 0.8 seconds. With an execution time of 0.8 seconds, that means our speedup factor is 708.512430375 compared to baseline.