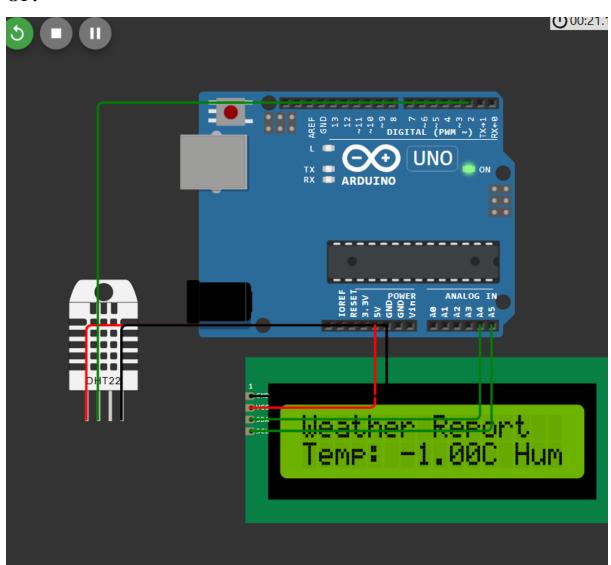
1. Write a Embedded C Program to Create a Weather Reporting System that provides real-time environmental data to users.

```
#include <DHT.h>
#include <Wire.h>
#include <LiquidCrystal I2C.h>
#define DHTPIN 2
#define DHTTYPE DHT11
DHT dht(DHTPIN, DHTTYPE);
LiquidCrystal I2C lcd(0x27, 16, 2);
void setup() {
 dht.begin();
 lcd.init();
 lcd.backlight();
 lcd.setCursor(0, 0);
 lcd.print("Weather Report");
}
void loop() {
 float temp = dht.readTemperature();
 float hum = dht.readHumidity();
 if (isnan(temp) || isnan(hum)) {
  lcd.setCursor(0, 1);
  lcd.print("Error Reading");
  return;
```

```
lcd.setCursor(0, 1);
lcd.print("Temp: ");
lcd.print(temp);
lcd.print("C ");
lcd.print("Hum: ");
lcd.print(hum);
lcd.print("%");
delay(2000);
}
```

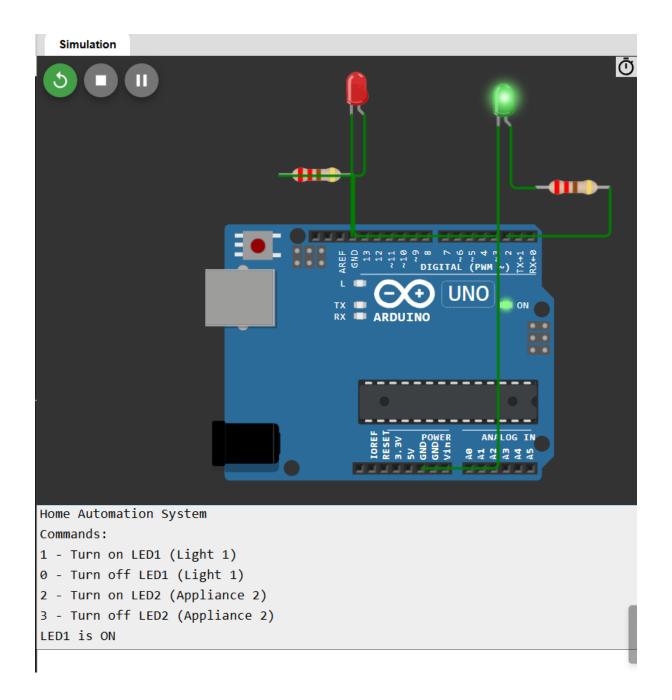
OP:



2. Write a Embedded C Program to Create a Home Automation System that simplifies daily routines (Any 2 Devices) by controlling devices remotely.

```
#define LED1 2
#define LED2 3
void setup() {
 // Initialize the LEDs as outputs
 pinMode(LED1, OUTPUT);
 pinMode(LED2, OUTPUT);
 // Start serial communication
 Serial.begin(9600);
 Serial.println("Home Automation System");
 Serial.println("Commands: ");
 Serial.println("1 - Turn on LED1 (Light 1)");
 Serial.println("0 - Turn off LED1 (Light 1)");
 Serial.println("2 - Turn on LED2 (Appliance 2)");
 Serial.println("3 - Turn off LED2 (Appliance 2)");
}
void loop() {
 // Check if data is available on Serial
 if (Serial.available()) {
  char command = Serial.read(); // Read the incoming command
  // Control LED1 (Light 1)
  if (command == '1') {
```

```
digitalWrite(LED1, HIGH); // Turn on LED1
   Serial.println("LED1 is ON");
  }
  if (command == '0') {
   digitalWrite(LED1, LOW); // Turn off LED1
   Serial.println("LED1 is OFF");
  }
  // Control LED2 (Appliance 2)
  if (command == '2') {
   digitalWrite(LED2, HIGH); // Turn on LED2
   Serial.println("LED2 is ON");
  }
  if (command == '3') {
   digitalWrite(LED2, LOW); // Turn off LED2
   Serial.println("LED2 is OFF");
  }
Op:
```



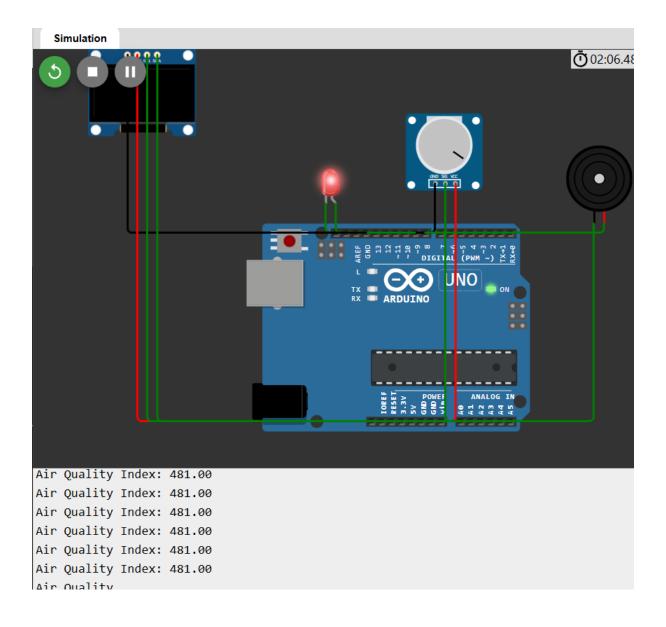
3. Write a Embedded C Program to Create an Air Pollution Monitoring System that tracks air quality levels in real-time to ensure a healthier environment.

```
#include <Wire.h>
#include <Adafruit_SSD1306.h>
#include <Adafruit_GFX.h>
```

```
#define SSD1306 I2C ADDRESS 0x3C // I2C address for OLED display
#define POT PIN A0 // Analog pin for potentiometer
#define BUZZER PIN 8
#define LED PIN 9
// OLED settings
#define SCREEN WIDTH 128
#define SCREEN HEIGHT 64
#define OLED RESET -1 // No reset pin needed
Adafruit SSD1306 display(SCREEN WIDTH, SCREEN HEIGHT, &Wire,
OLED RESET);
void setup() {
 Serial.begin(115200);
 // Set up Buzzer and LED pins
 pinMode(BUZZER PIN, OUTPUT);
 pinMode(LED PIN, OUTPUT);
 // Initialize OLED
 if (!display.begin(SSD1306 I2C ADDRESS, OLED RESET)) {
  Serial.println(F("OLED allocation failed"));
  for (;;);
 display.clearDisplay();
 display.setTextColor(SSD1306 WHITE);
 display.setTextSize(2); // Increase text size for better visibility
 display.setCursor(0, 0);
```

```
display.print("Air Pollution Monitor");
 display.display();
 delay(2000);
void loop() {
 int sensorValue = analogRead(POT PIN);
 float airQualityIndex = map(sensorValue, 0, 1023, 0, 500);
 Serial.print("Air Quality Index: ");
 Serial.println(airQualityIndex);
 display.clearDisplay();
 display.setCursor(0, 0);
 display.print("Air Quality Index:");
 display.setCursor(0, 20);
 display.print(airQualityIndex);
 display.print(" ppm");
 if (airQualityIndex > 300) {
  display.setCursor(0, 40);
  display.print("Warning: Poor Air Quality!");
  digitalWrite(BUZZER_PIN, HIGH);
  digitalWrite(LED PIN, HIGH);
 } else {
  display.setCursor(0, 40);
  display.print("Air Quality is Good");
  digitalWrite(BUZZER PIN, LOW);
  digitalWrite(LED PIN, LOW);
```

```
display.display();
delay(1000);
```



4. Write a Embedded C Program to Create an IoT-based Smart Irrigation System for Agriculture that automates watering based on weather and soil conditions

Code:

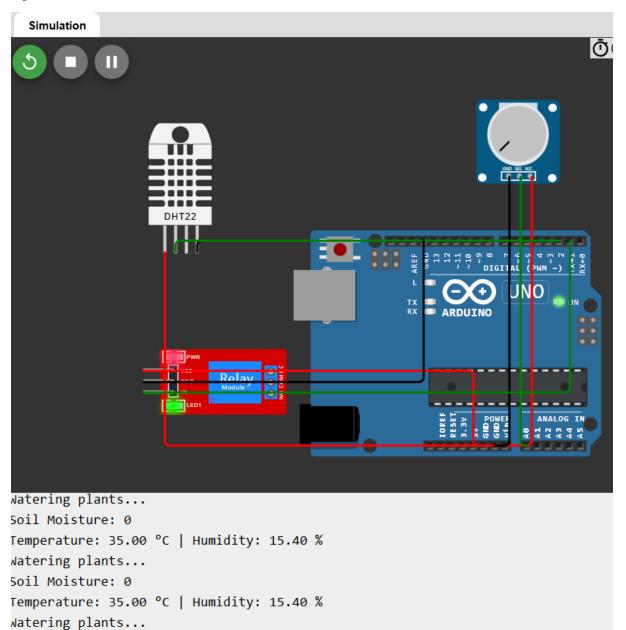
#include <DHT.h> // Include the DHT sensor library

```
// Define pins
#define SOIL MOISTURE PIN A0 // Analog pin for soil moisture sensor
(Potentiometer)
#define DHT PIN 2
                           // Digital pin for DHT11 sensor (simulated)
#define RELAY PIN 1
                             // Digital pin for relay (water pump)
// DHT sensor setup
DHT dht(DHT_PIN, DHT11); // DHT11 sensor on the specified pin
// Variables
int soilMoistureValue = 0;
float temperature = 30.0; // Simulate temperature of 30°C
float humidity = 0.0;
bool isWateringRequired = false;
void setup() {
 Serial.begin(115200);
 pinMode(RELAY PIN, OUTPUT);
 digitalWrite(RELAY PIN, LOW); // Ensure relay is off at startup
 // Initialize DHT sensor
 dht.begin();
}
void loop() {
 // Read soil moisture (Potentiometer value)
 soilMoistureValue = analogRead(SOIL MOISTURE PIN);
 Serial.print("Soil Moisture: ");
 Serial.println(soilMoistureValue);
```

```
// Simulate temperature (30°C)
temperature = 35.0; // Manually set temperature to 30°C for testing
// Print simulated temperature and humidity
Serial.print("Temperature: ");
Serial.print(temperature);
Serial.print(" °C | Humidity: ");
humidity = dht.readHumidity(); // Read humidity from DHT11
Serial.print(humidity);
Serial.println(" %");
// Logic for automatic irrigation: if soil is dry and temperature is high, water the plants
if (soilMoistureValue < 400 && temperature > 30.0) {
 isWateringRequired = true;
} else {
 isWateringRequired = false;
}
// Control water pump (Relay)
if (isWateringRequired) {
 Serial.println("Watering plants...");
 digitalWrite(RELAY_PIN, HIGH); // Turn on water pump
} else {
 Serial.println("No need to water.");
 digitalWrite(RELAY PIN, LOW); // Turn off water pump
}
delay(5000); // Wait before next reading
```

}

Op:



5. Write a Embedded C Program to Create a Smart Alarm Clock that adjusts to your schedule and environment, waking you up intelligently.

```
#define BUZZER_PIN 8 // Digital pin for buzzer
#define LED_PIN 9 // Digital pin for LED
```

```
int airQualityIndex = 0; // Default value of air quality index
void setup() {
 Serial.begin(115200); // Start serial communication for debugging
 // Set up Buzzer and LED pins
 pinMode(BUZZER PIN, OUTPUT);
 pinMode(LED PIN, OUTPUT);
 // Print initial message to Serial Monitor
 Serial.println("Air Pollution Monitoring System Initialized");
 Serial.println("Enter Air Quality Index (0-500): ");
}
void loop() {
 // Check if data is available in Serial Monitor
 if (Serial.available() > 0) {
  // Read the entered value
  airQualityIndex = Serial.parseInt();
  // Ensure that air quality index stays within the range (0 - 500)
  if (airQualityIndex < 0) airQualityIndex = 0;
  if (airQualityIndex > 500) airQualityIndex = 500;
  // Print the entered air quality index to the Serial Monitor
  Serial.print("Air Quality Index: ");
  Serial.print(airQualityIndex);
  Serial.println(" ppm");
```

```
// Logic to determine if air quality is good or poor
if (airQualityIndex > 300) {
    Serial.println("Warning: Poor Air Quality!");
    digitalWrite(BUZZER_PIN, HIGH); // Turn on the buzzer
    digitalWrite(LED_PIN, HIGH); // Turn on the LED
} else {
    Serial.println("Air Quality is Good");
    digitalWrite(BUZZER_PIN, LOW); // Turn off the buzzer
    digitalWrite(LED_PIN, LOW); // Turn off the LED
}
delay(1000); // Wait for 1 second before checking again
```

Op:

