

HBCS22I02 – PYTHON PROGRAMMING LAB

Program 1: Write a Python program to implement the different operators.

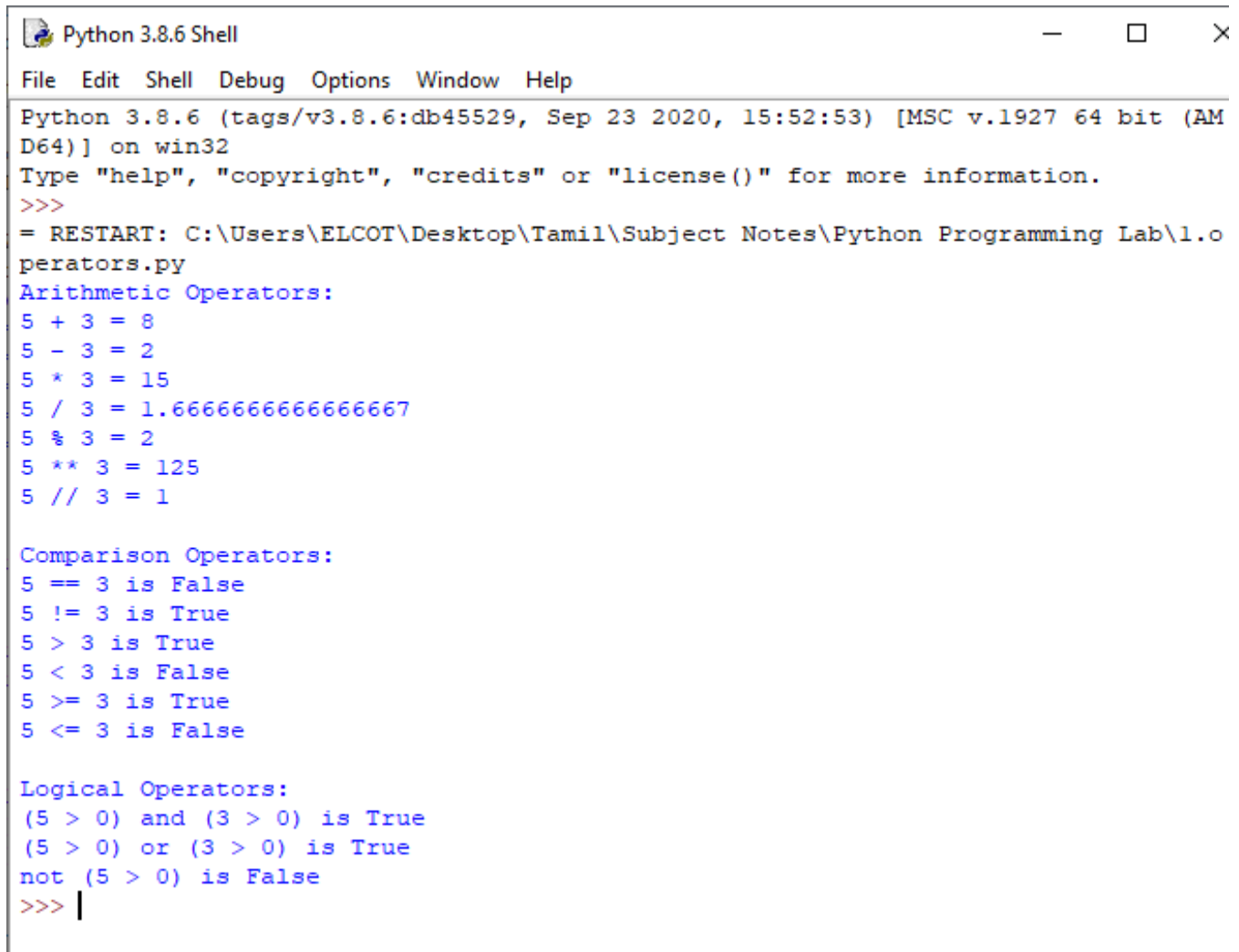
```
a = 5
b = 3

# Arithmetic Operators
print("Arithmetic Operators:")
print(f"{a} + {b} = {a + b}") # Addition
print(f"{a} - {b} = {a - b}") # Subtraction
print(f"{a} * {b} = {a * b}") # Multiplication
print(f"{a} / {b} = {a / b}") # Division
print(f"{a} % {b} = {a % b}") # Modulus
print(f"{a} ** {b} = {a ** b}") # Exponentiation
print(f"{a} // {b} = {a // b}") # Floor Division

# Comparison Operators
print("\nComparison Operators:")
print(f"{a} == {b} is {a == b}") # Equal
print(f"{a} != {b} is {a != b}") # Not equal
print(f"{a} > {b} is {a > b}") # Greater than
print(f"{a} < {b} is {a < b}") # Less than
print(f"{a} >= {b} is {a >= b}") # Greater than or equal to
print(f"{a} <= {b} is {a <= b}") # Less than or equal to

# Logical Operators
print("\nLogical Operators:")
print(f"({a} > 0) and ({b} > 0) is {(a > 0) and (b > 0)}") # Logical AND
print(f"({a} > 0) or ({b} > 0) is {(a > 0) or (b > 0)}") # Logical OR
print(f"not ({a} > 0) is {not (a > 0)}") # Logical NOT
```

OUTPUT:



```
Python 3.8.6 Shell
File Edit Shell Debug Options Window Help
Python 3.8.6 (tags/v3.8.6:db45529, Sep 23 2020, 15:52:53) [MSC v.1927 64 bit (AMD64)] on win32
Type "help", "copyright", "credits" or "license()" for more information.
>>>
= RESTART: C:\Users\ELCOT\Desktop\Tamil\Subject Notes\Python Programming Lab\1.operators.py
Arithmetic Operators:
5 + 3 = 8
5 - 3 = 2
5 * 3 = 15
5 / 3 = 1.6666666666666667
5 % 3 = 2
5 ** 3 = 125
5 // 3 = 1

Comparison Operators:
5 == 3 is False
5 != 3 is True
5 > 3 is True
5 < 3 is False
5 >= 3 is True
5 <= 3 is False

Logical Operators:
(5 > 0) and (3 > 0) is True
(5 > 0) or (3 > 0) is True
not (5 > 0) is False
>>> |
```

Program 2: **Write a Python program to implement branching and looping constructs**

```
number = int(input("Enter a number: "))
print("Branching Example:")
if number > 0:
    print(f"{number} is positive.")
elif number < 0:
    print(f"{number} is negative.")
else:
    print(f"{number} is zero.")

# Looping with for loop
print("\nFor Loop Example:")
```

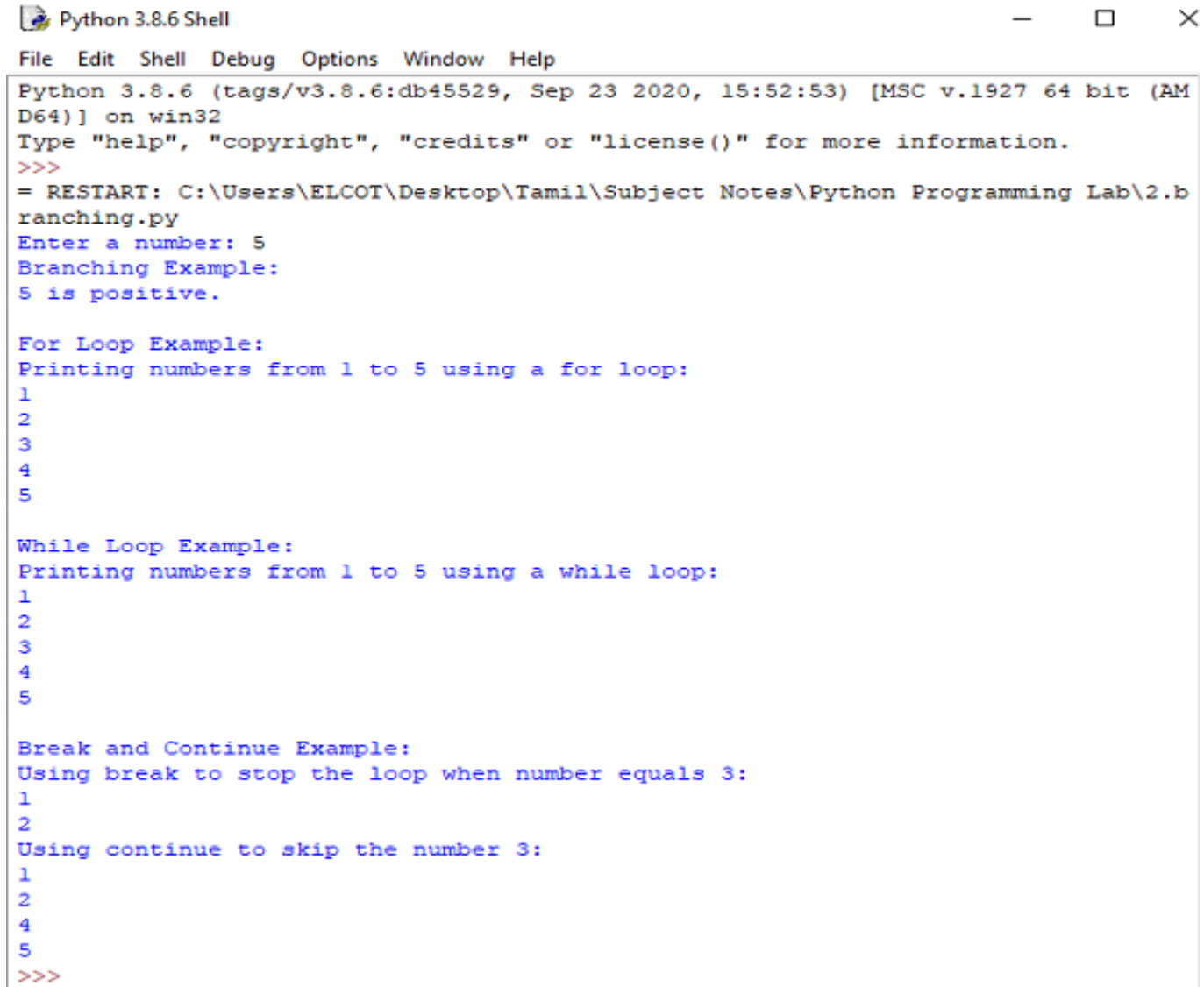
```
print("Printing numbers from 1 to 5 using a for loop:")
for i in range(1, 6):
    print(i)

# Looping with while loop
print("\nWhile Loop Example:")
print("Printing numbers from 1 to 5 using a while loop:")
i = 1
while i <= 5:
    print(i)
    i += 1

# Using break and continue
print("\nBreak and Continue Example:")
print("Using break to stop the loop when number equals 3:")
for i in range(1, 6):
    if i == 3:
        break
    print(i)

print("Using continue to skip the number 3:")
for i in range(1, 6):
    if i == 3:
        continue
    print(i)
```

OUTPUT:

A screenshot of a Python 3.8.6 Shell window. The window title is "Python 3.8.6 Shell". The menu bar includes "File", "Edit", "Shell", "Debug", "Options", "Window", and "Help". The main text area shows the following output:

```
Python 3.8.6 (tags/v3.8.6:db45529, Sep 23 2020, 15:52:53) [MSC v.1927 64 bit (AMD64)] on win32
Type "help", "copyright", "credits" or "license()" for more information.
>>>
= RESTART: C:\Users\ELCOT\Desktop\Tamil\Subject Notes\Python Programming Lab\2.branching.py
Enter a number: 5
Branching Example:
5 is positive.

For Loop Example:
Printing numbers from 1 to 5 using a for loop:
1
2
3
4
5

While Loop Example:
Printing numbers from 1 to 5 using a while loop:
1
2
3
4
5

Break and Continue Example:
Using break to stop the loop when number equals 3:
1
2
Using continue to skip the number 3:
1
2
4
5
>>>
```

Program 3: Python program to implement string operations and functions

```
my_string = " Hello, World! Welcome to Python programming. "
```

```
# 1. String Length
```

```
print(f"Length of the string: {len(my_string)}")
```

```
# 2. String Uppercase and Lowercase
```

```
print(f"Uppercase: {my_string.upper()}")
```

```
print(f"Lowercase: {my_string.lower()}")
```

```
# 3. Strip Whitespace
```

```
print(f"Stripped string: '{my_string.strip()}'")
```

```
# 4. Split String into a List
```

```
words = my_string.split()
print (f'Split words: {words} ")

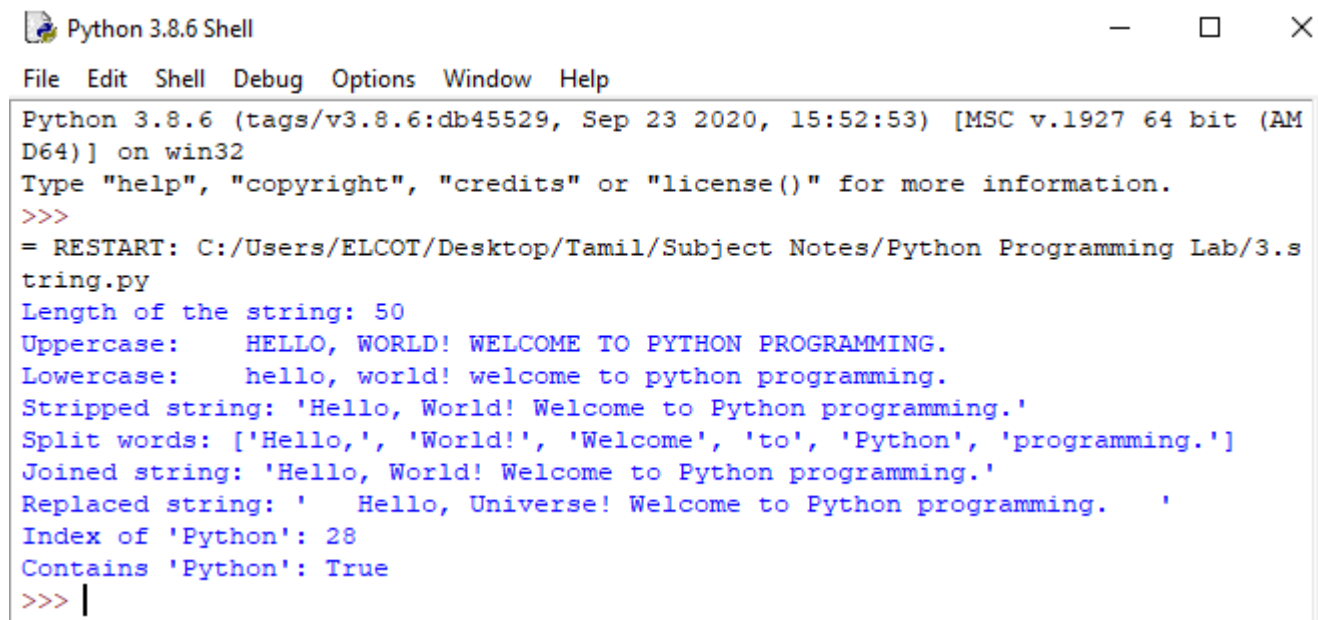
# 5. Join List into a String
joined_string = ''.join(words)
print(f'Joined string: '{joined_string} ")

# 6. Replace Substring
replaced_string = my_string.replace('World', 'Universe')
print(f'Replaced string: '{replaced_string} ")

# 7. Find Substring
index = my_string.find('Python')
print(f'Index of 'Python': {index} ")

# 8. Check if String Contains Substring
contains_python = 'Python' in my_string
print(f'Contains 'Python': {contains_python} ")
```

OUTPUT:



```
Python 3.8.6 (tags/v3.8.6:db45529, Sep 23 2020, 15:52:53) [MSC v.1927 64 bit (AMD64)] on win32
Type "help", "copyright", "credits" or "license()" for more information.
>>>
= RESTART: C:/Users/ELCOT/Desktop/Tamil/Subject Notes/Python Programming Lab/3.string.py
Length of the string: 50
Uppercase:      HELLO, WORLD! WELCOME TO PYTHON PROGRAMMING.
Lowercase:      hello, world! welcome to python programming.
Stripped string: 'Hello, World! Welcome to Python programming.'
Split words: ['Hello,', 'World!', 'Welcome', 'to', 'Python', 'programming.']
Joined string: 'Hello, World! Welcome to Python programming.'
Replaced string: '    Hello, Universe! Welcome to Python programming.    '
Index of 'Python': 28
Contains 'Python': True
>>> |
```

Program 4: Create a Python program to implement various operations on tuple

```
my_tuple = (1, 2, 3, 4, 5)
```

```
mixed_tuple = (1, 'hello', 3.14, True)
```

```
# 1. Tuple Length
```

```
print(f'Length of the tuple: {len(my_tuple)}')
```

```
# 2. Access Elements by Index
```

```
print(f'Element at index 2: {my_tuple[2]}')
```

```
# 3. Slicing Tuples
```

```
sliced_tuple = my_tuple[1:4]
```

```
print(f'Sliced tuple (from index 1 to 3): {sliced_tuple}')
```

```
# 4. Concatenate Tuples
```

```
concatenated_tuple = my_tuple + (6, 7)
```

```
print(f'Concatenated tuple: {concatenated_tuple}')
```

```
# 5. Repeat Tuples
```

```
repeated_tuple = my_tuple * 3
```

```
print(f'Repeated tuple (3 times): {repeated_tuple}')
```

```
# 6. Check Membership
```

```
is_two_in_tuple = 2 in my_tuple
```

```
print(f'Is 2 in tuple: {is_two_in_tuple}')
```

```
# 7. Find Index of an Element
```

```
index_of_4 = my_tuple.index(4)
```

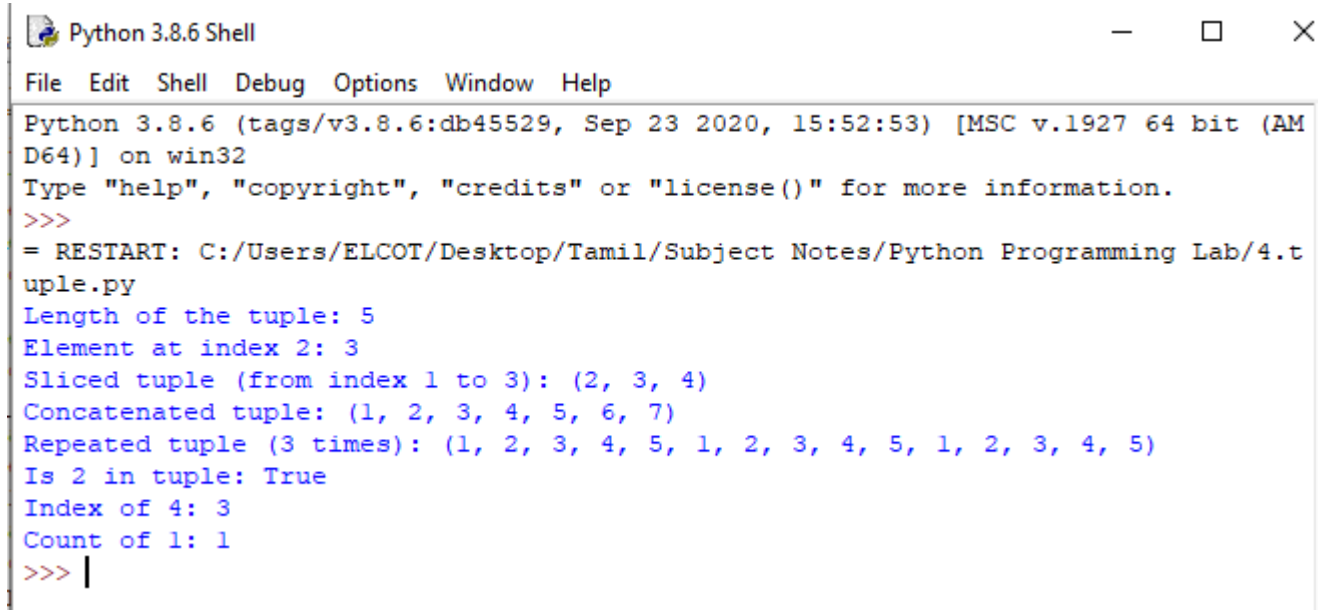
```
print(f'Index of 4: {index_of_4}')
```

```
# 8. Count Occurrences of an Element
```

```
count_of_1 = my_tuple.count(1)
```

```
print(f'Count of 1: {count_of_1}')
```

OUTPUT:



```
Python 3.8.6 Shell
File Edit Shell Debug Options Window Help
Python 3.8.6 (tags/v3.8.6:db45529, Sep 23 2020, 15:52:53) [MSC v.1927 64 bit (AMD64)] on win32
Type "help", "copyright", "credits" or "license()" for more information.
>>>
= RESTART: C:/Users/ELCOT/Desktop/Tamil/Subject Notes/Python Programming Lab/4.tuple.py
Length of the tuple: 5
Element at index 2: 3
Sliced tuple (from index 1 to 3): (2, 3, 4)
Concatenated tuple: (1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7)
Repeated tuple (3 times): (1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5)
Is 2 in tuple: True
Index of 4: 3
Count of 1: 1
>>> |
```

Program 5: Program to implement Dictionary and sets

Dictionary Operations

```
print("Dictionary Operations:")
```

Creating a dictionary

```
my_dict = {
    'name': 'kumar',
    'age': 30,
    'city': 'chennai',
    'email': 'kumar@example.com'
}
```

Accessing Values

```
print(f"Name: {my_dict['name']}")
```

```
print(f"Age: {my_dict.get('age')}")
```

Adding or Updating Entries

```
my_dict['age'] = 31 # Update
```

```
my_dict['occupation'] = 'Engineer' # Add
```

```
print(f"Updated dictionary: {my_dict}")
```

Removing Entries

```
del my_dict['email']
print(f"Dictionary after removing 'email': {my_dict}")

# Iterating Through Dictionary
print("Dictionary items:")
for key, value in my_dict.items():
    print(f"{key}: {value}")

# Dictionary Keys and Values
print(f"Keys: {my_dict.keys()}")
print(f"Values: {my_dict.values()}")

# Dictionary Copy
dict_copy = my_dict.copy()
print(f"Copied dictionary: {dict_copy}")

# Set Operations
print("\nSet Operations:")

# Creating a set
my_set = {1, 2, 3, 4, 5}
another_set = {4, 5, 6, 7, 8}

# Adding and Removing Elements
my_set.add(6)
my_set.remove(1)
print(f"Set after adding 6 and removing 1: {my_set}")

# Union of Sets
union_set = my_set.union(another_set)
print(f"Union of sets: {union_set}")

# Intersection of Sets
intersection_set = my_set.intersection(another_set)
print(f"Intersection of sets: {intersection_set}")

# Difference of Sets
difference_set = my_set.difference(another_set)
print(f"Difference of sets: {difference_set}")
```



```

# Checking Membership

print(f'Is 3 in my_set? {3 in my_set}')

print(f'Is 10 in my_set? {10 in my_set}')

# Iterating Through a Set

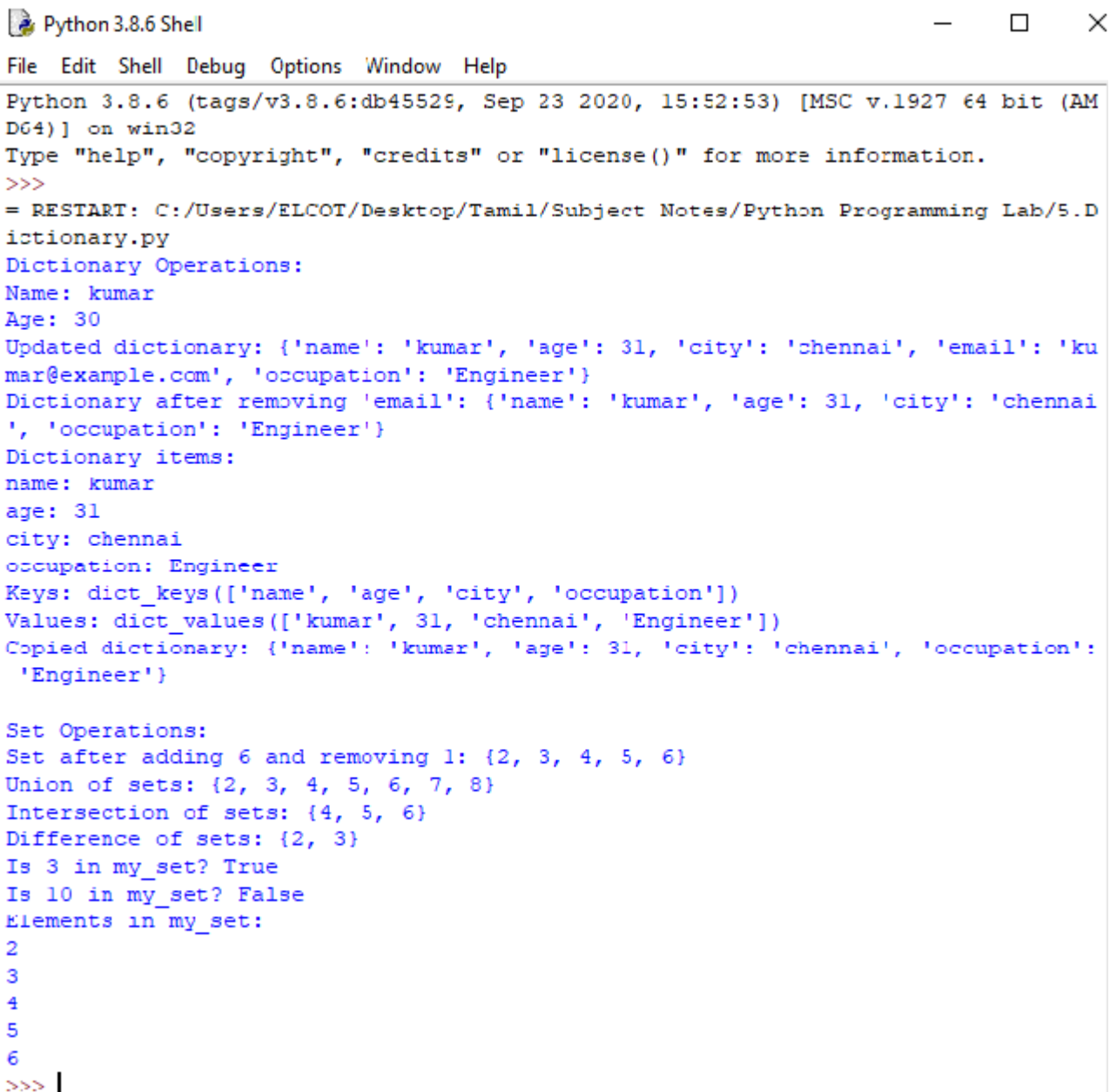
print("Elements in my_set:")

for element in my_set:

    print(element)

```

OUTPUT:



Python 3.8.6 Shell

File Edit Shell Debug Options Window Help

Python 3.8.6 (tags/v3.8.6:db45529, Sep 23 2020, 15:52:53) [MSC v.1927 64 bit (AMD64)] on win32
 Type "help", "copyright", "credits" or "license()" for more information.
 >>>
 = RESTART: C:/Users/ELCOT/Desktop/Tamil/Subject Notes/Python Programming Lab/5.Dictionary.py
 Dictionary Operations:
 Name: kumar
 Age: 30
 Updated dictionary: {'name': 'kumar', 'age': 31, 'city': 'chennai', 'email': 'kumar@example.com', 'occupation': 'Engineer'}
 Dictionary after removing 'email': {'name': 'kumar', 'age': 31, 'city': 'chennai', 'occupation': 'Engineer'}
 Dictionary items:
 name: kumar
 age: 31
 city: chennai
 occupation: Engineer
 Keys: dict_keys(['name', 'age', 'city', 'occupation'])
 Values: dict_values(['kumar', 31, 'chennai', 'Engineer'])
 Copied dictionary: {'name': 'kumar', 'age': 31, 'city': 'chennai', 'occupation': 'Engineer'}

 Set Operations:
 Set after adding 6 and removing 1: {2, 3, 4, 5, 6}
 Union of sets: {2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8}
 Intersection of sets: {4, 5, 6}
 Difference of sets: {2, 3}
 Is 3 in my_set? True
 Is 10 in my_set? False
 Elements in my_set:
 2
 3
 4
 5
 6
 >>> |

Program 6: Program for operations on NumPy arrays.

```
import numpy as np

# Create two arrays
array1 = np.array([1, 2, 3, 4, 5])
array2 = np.array([10, 20, 30, 40, 50])

# Basic arithmetic operations
sum_array = array1 + array2
difference_array = array2 - array1
product_array = array1 * array2
division_array = array2 / array1

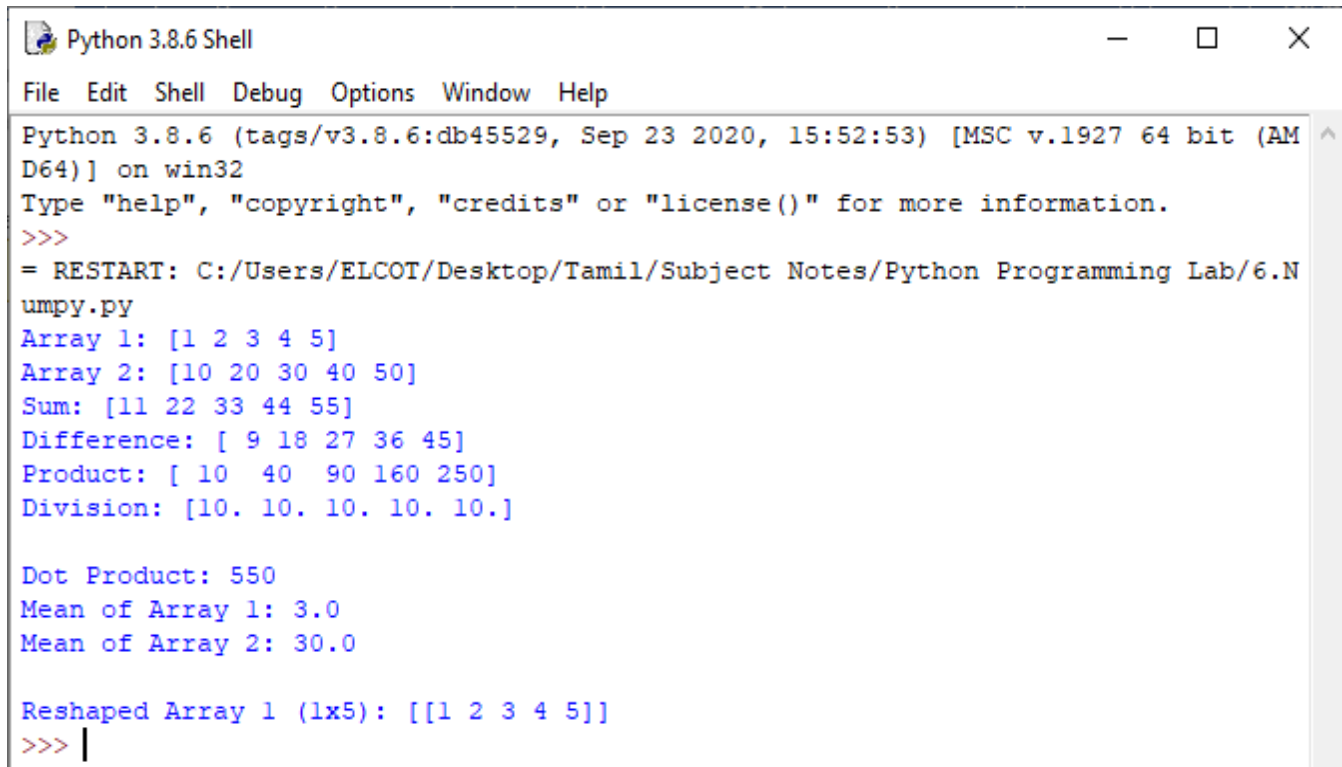
# Print the results
print("Array 1:", array1)
print("Array 2:", array2)
print("Sum:", sum_array)
print("Difference:", difference_array)
print("Product:", product_array)
print("Division:", division_array)

# Additional operations
dot_product = np.dot(array1, array2)
mean_array1 = np.mean(array1)
mean_array2 = np.mean(array2)

print("\nDot Product:", dot_product)
print("Mean of Array 1:", mean_array1)
print("Mean of Array 2:", mean_array2)

# Reshaping arrays
reshaped_array = array1.reshape(1, 5)
print("\nReshaped Array 1 (1x5):", reshaped_array)
```

OUTPUT:



```
Python 3.8.6 (tags/v3.8.6:db45529, Sep 23 2020, 15:52:53) [MSC v.1927 64 bit (AMD64)] on win32
Type "help", "copyright", "credits" or "license()" for more information.
>>>
= RESTART: C:/Users/ELCOT/Desktop/Tamil/Subject Notes/Python Programming Lab/6.Numpy.py
Array 1: [1 2 3 4 5]
Array 2: [10 20 30 40 50]
Sum: [11 22 33 44 55]
Difference: [ 9 18 27 36 45]
Product: [ 10  40  90 160 250]
Division: [10. 10. 10. 10. 10.]

Dot Product: 550
Mean of Array 1: 3.0
Mean of Array 2: 30.0

Reshaped Array 1 (1x5): [[1 2 3 4 5]]
>>> |
```

Program 7: Program to test math functions using NumPy

```
import numpy as np

# Create an array of angles in degrees
angles_degrees = np.array([0, 30, 45, 60, 90])

# Convert angles from degrees to radians
angles_radians = np.radians(angles_degrees)

# Test trigonometric functions
sin_values = np.sin(angles_radians)
cos_values = np.cos(angles_radians)
tan_values = np.tan(angles_radians)

# Print the results
print("Angles (degrees):", angles_degrees)
print("Angles (radians):", angles_radians)
print("Sine values:", sin_values)
print("Cosine values:", cos_values)
print("Tangent values:", tan_values)

# Test exponential and logarithmic functions
exponential_values = np.exp(angles_degrees)
logarithm_values = np.log(np.array([1, np.e, np.e**2, np.e**3, np.e**4]))

print("\nExponential values (e^x):", exponential_values)
```

```
print("Logarithm values (ln(x)):", logarithm_values)
```

```
# Test square root function
```

```
sqrt_values = np.sqrt(np.array([1, 4, 9, 16, 25]))
```

```
print("\nSquare root values:", sqrt_values)
```

OUTPUT:

Python 3.8.6 Shell

File Edit Shell Debug Options Window Help

```
Python 3.8.6 (tags/v3.8.6:db45529, Sep 23 2020, 15:52:53) [MSC v.1927 64 bit (AMD64)] on win32
Type "help", "copyright", "credits" or "license()" for more information.
>>>
= RESTART: C:/Users/ELCOT/Desktop/Tamil/Subject Notes/Python Programming Lab/7.
mathNumpy.py
Angles (degrees): [ 0 30 45 60 90]
Angles (radians): [0.          0.52359878 0.78539816 1.04719755 1.57079633]
Sine values: [0.          0.5          0.70710678 0.8660254  1.          ]
Cosine values: [1.00000000e+00 8.66025404e-01 7.07106781e-01 5.00000000e-01
 6.12323400e-17]
Tangent values: [0.00000000e+00 5.77350269e-01 1.00000000e+00 1.73205081e+00
 1.63312394e+16]

Exponential values (e^x): [1.00000000e+00 1.06864746e+13 3.49342711e+19 1.142007
39e+26
 1.22040329e+39]
Logarithm values (ln(x)): [0. 1. 2. 3. 4.]

Square root values: [1. 2. 3. 4. 5.]
>>>
```