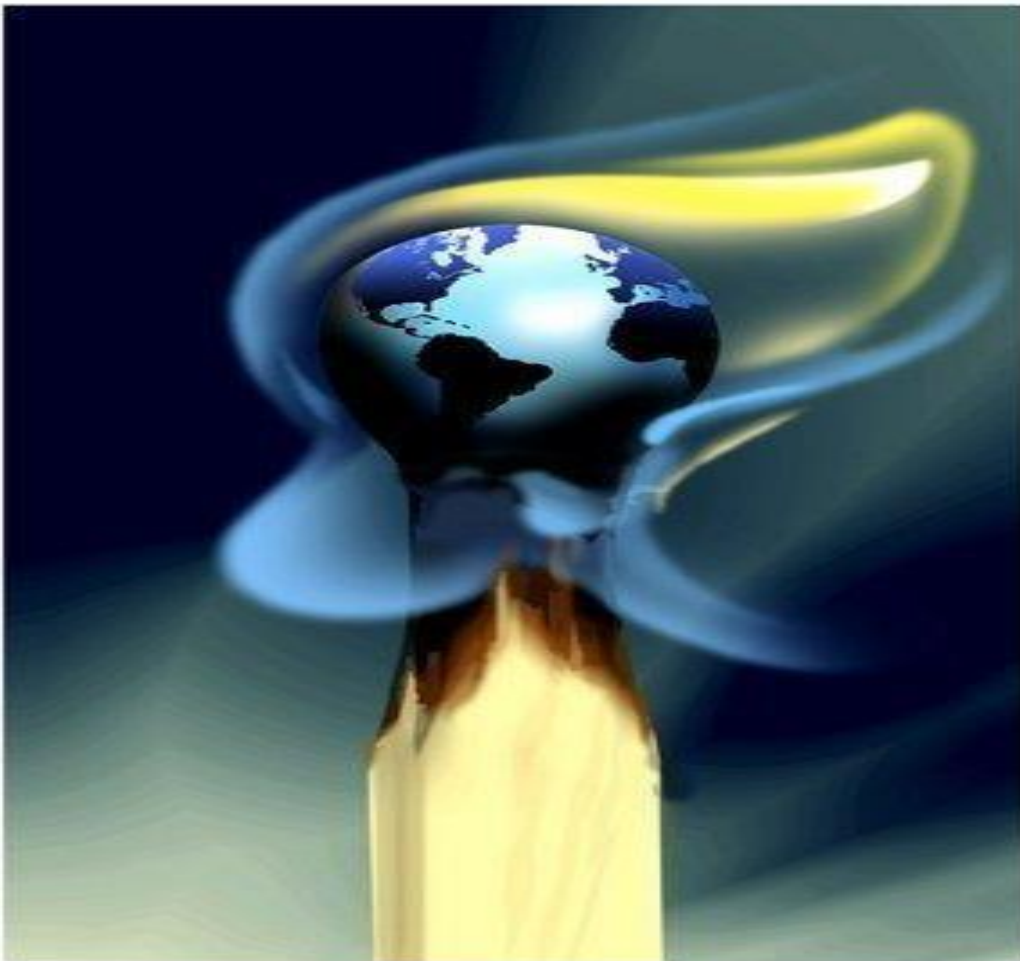


GLOBAL WARMING



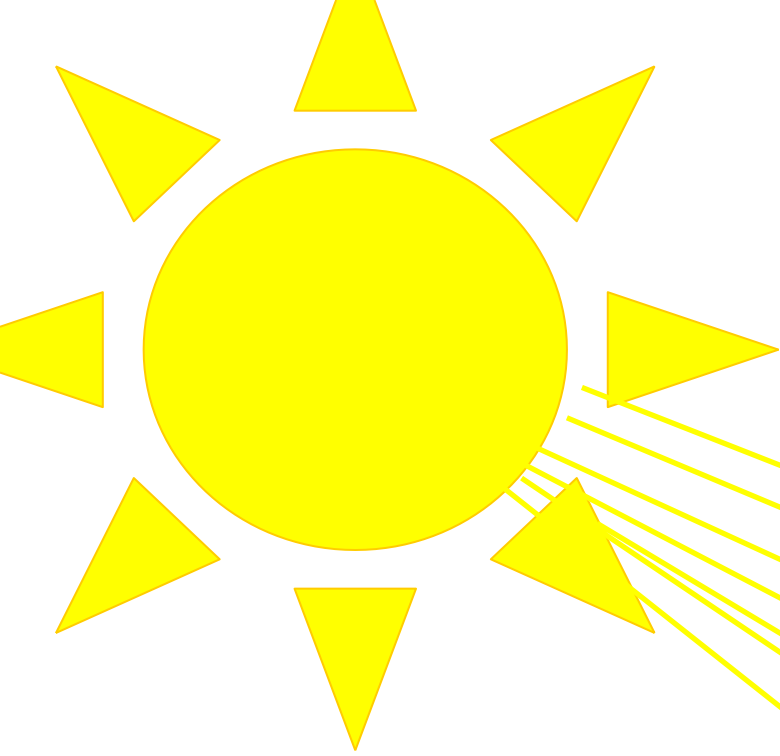
Nivedita Kaul
Assistant Professor
Dept. of Civil Engineering
MNIT Jaipur

Topics covered

- What is Global Warming
- Causes
- Effects
- Mitigation Measures
- Conclusion

Global Warming:

- The term "global warming" refers
 - to an increase in Earth's mean global temperature
 - because a part of Earth's outgoing infrared radiation is retained by several trace gases in the atmosphere whose concentrations have been increasing because of human industrial, commercial, and agricultural activities.
 - These gases have the ability to absorb radiation, leading to the tendency of the atmosphere to create warmer climates than would otherwise be the case.
 - Most important naturally occurring trace gases –water vapor (H_2O), carbon dioxide (CO_2), methane (CH_4), nitrous oxide (N_2O), and ozone (O_3).
 - In addition, there are some industrial gases that are extremely effective absorbers of the radiation. Important among these are chlorofluorocarbons (CFCs),



The sun sends out energy as heat and light. This energy comes to our earth during the day time.

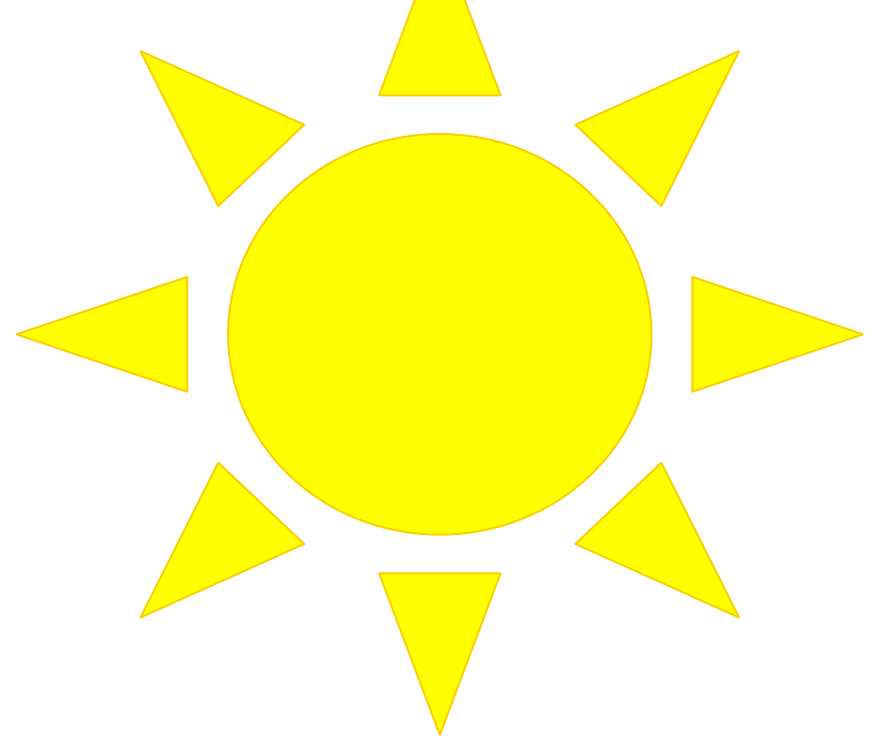
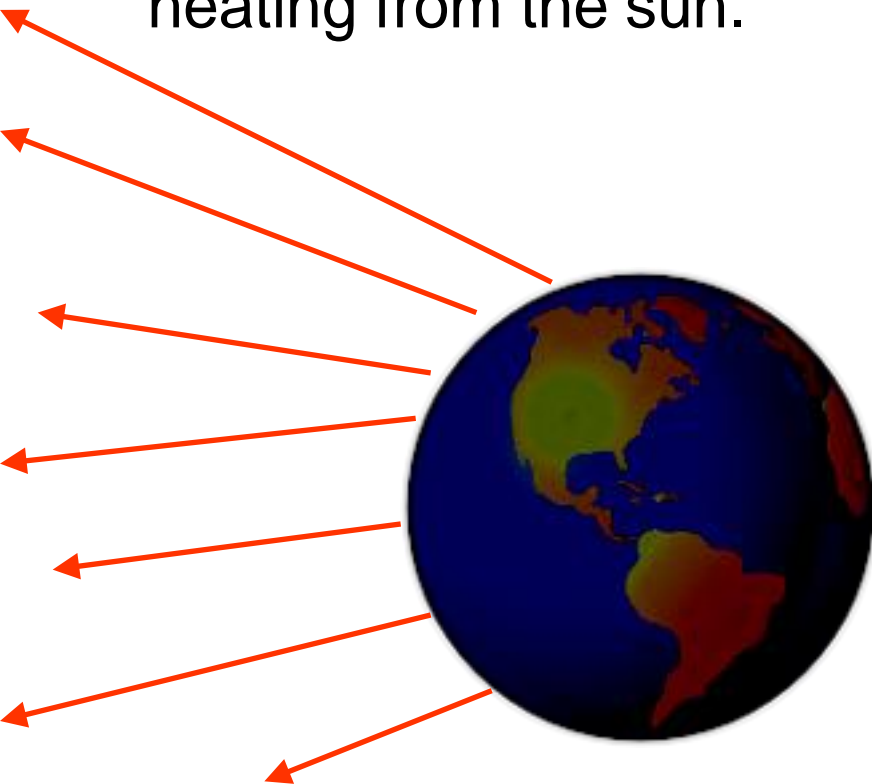
Some of the sun's rays get 'trapped' in the atmosphere.

Some of them get reflected back into space.

The ones which get through the atmosphere warm the earth up.



All the time, the earth radiates heat into space, which cools it down. We only really notice this at night, when there is no heating from the sun.



Some of the heat going out is trapped by the atmosphere. This is what makes our planet warm enough to live on.

But if too much heat is trapped, our planet will warm up and the climate will change.

What is the atmosphere and why does it trap heat?

The atmosphere is the air around the surface of the earth. It is made from a mixture of gases. We need it for animals and plants to survive.

Some of the gases act like a blanket, trapping heat. These gases are called '**greenhouse gases**'.

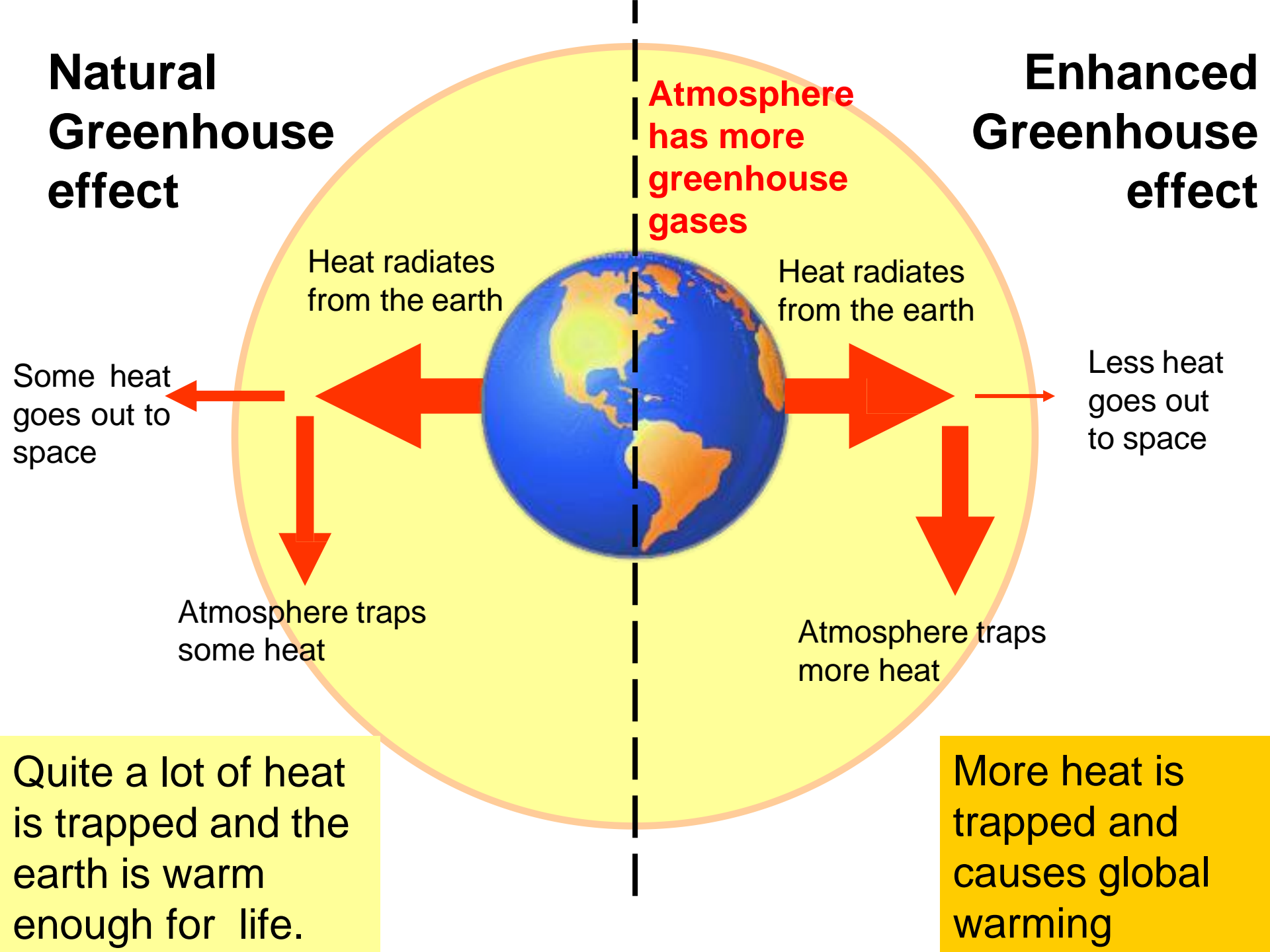
This is known as the '**Natural Greenhouse Effect**'. Without it, the earth would be much colder.



(the atmosphere is really much thinner than it looks above)

Natural Greenhouse effect

Enhanced Greenhouse effect



Which gases in the atmosphere trap heat?

The atmosphere is made of 78% Nitrogen and 21% Oxygen. But these gases **don't** trap heat and cause global warming or climate change.

What % of the atmosphere is left?

The gases which trap heat make up less than 1% of the atmosphere! They are called the 'greenhouse gases'.

The main greenhouse gases are:

Carbon dioxide

Methane

Nitrous oxide

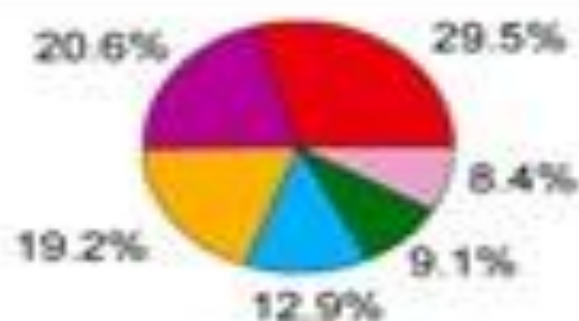
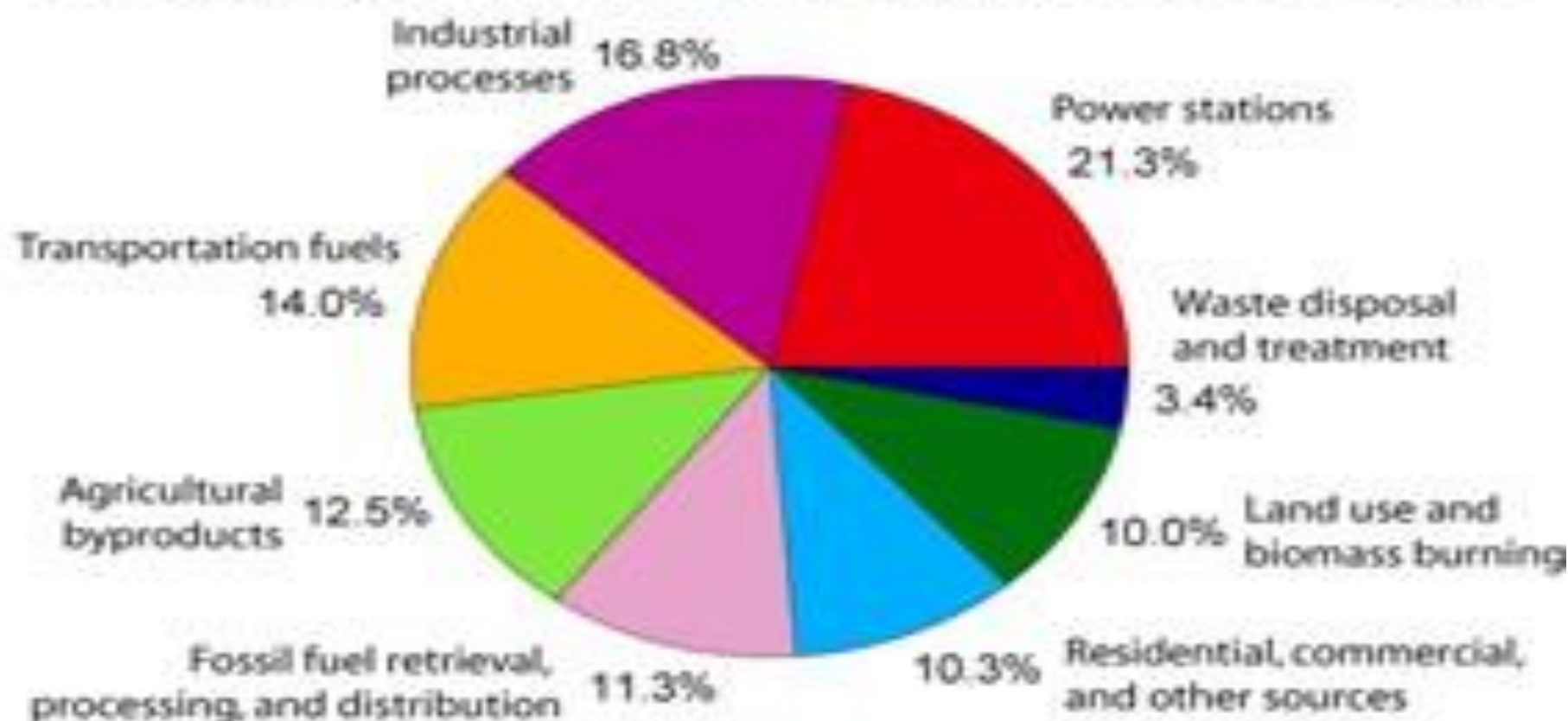
Ozone

Water vapour

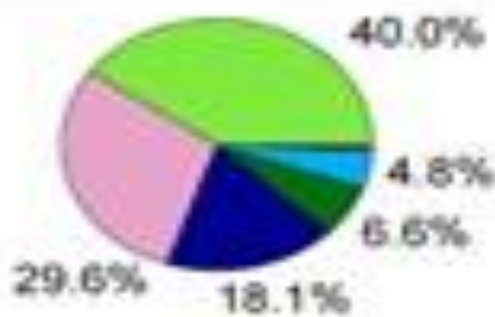


**Human activity
increases the
amount of these
gases in the
atmosphere**

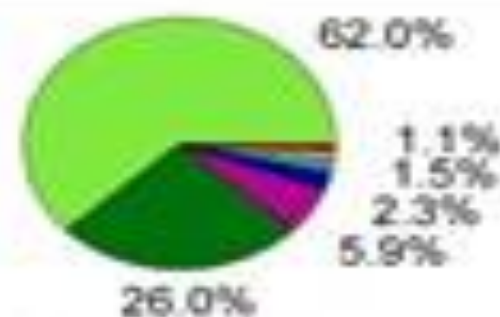
Annual Greenhouse Gas Emissions by Sector



Carbon Dioxide
(72% of total)



Methane
(18% of total)



Nitrous Oxide
(9% of total)

Sources of GHGs

HFC- Freons or Hydrofluorocarbons

PFC - Perfluorocarbons



Carbon Dioxide

Fuels for Energy
and Transport,
Manufacturing
Processes

Nitrous Oxide

Chemical manufacture
and agriculture

HFCs

Refrigerants,
chemical
manufacture,
foams & aerosols

PFCs

Aluminium
manufacture,
electronics
manufacture

Methane

Waste (Landfills,
natural activity)



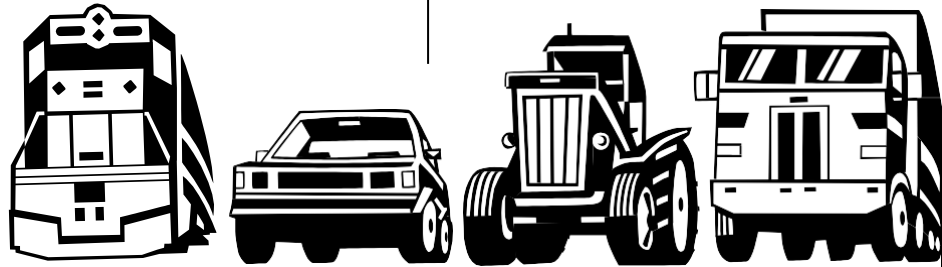
Sulphur hexafluoride

Magnesium smelting,
high voltage
switchgear, electronics
manufacturing



Causes

Burning **fossil fuels** releases the carbon dioxide stored millions of years ago. Most of the increased carbon dioxide comes from fossil fuels



Deforestation releases the carbon stored in trees. Less trees also means less **carbon dioxide** can be removed from the atmosphere.



Global warming potentials of some Greenhouse Gases (source: IPCC, 2007)

GHG	Global Warming Potential
CO ₂	1
CH ₄	21
N ₂ O	310
HFCs	140 – 11,700
PFCs	6,500 – 9,200
SF ₆	23,900

Factors
used to
convert
into CO_{2e}

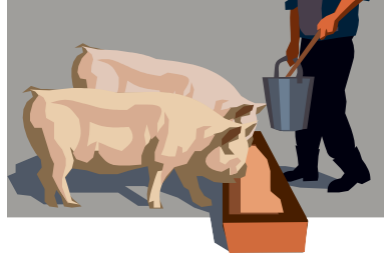
How do humans increase methane levels in the atmosphere?

Methane is produced when bacteria rot **organic matter**

Increased rice growing



Increased livestock farming



Increased rubbish in landfill

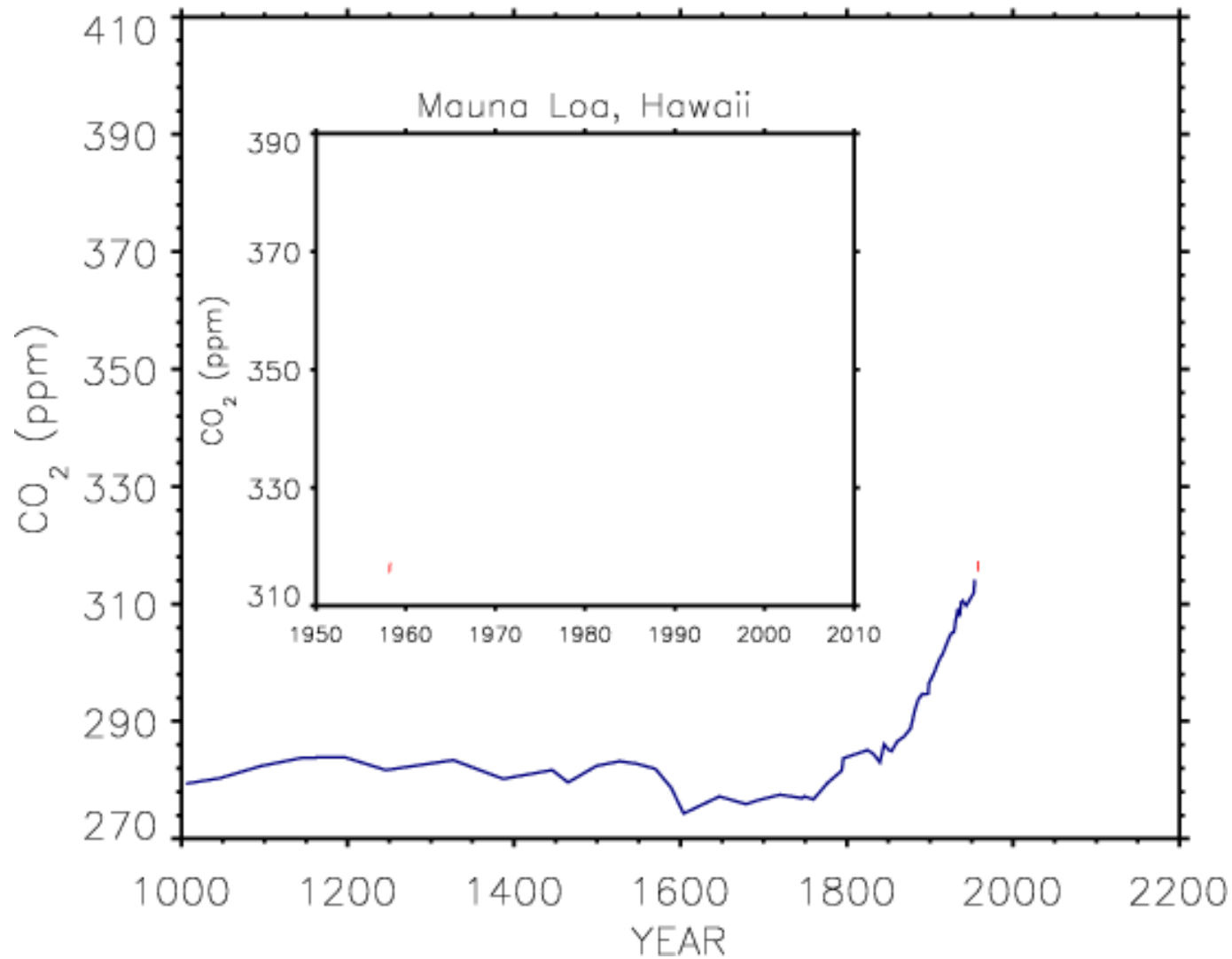


Methane is also released when **fossil fuels are extracted**

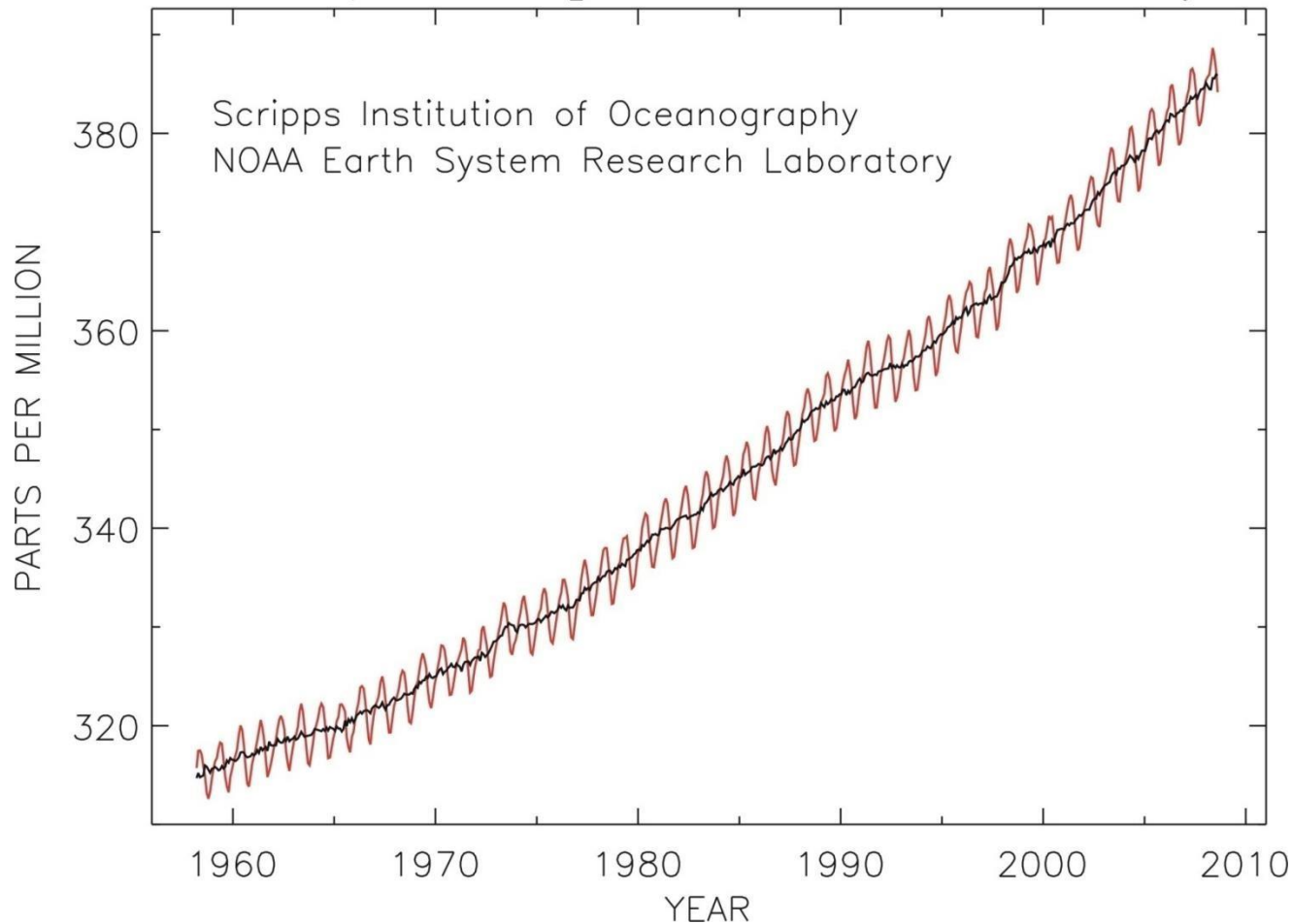


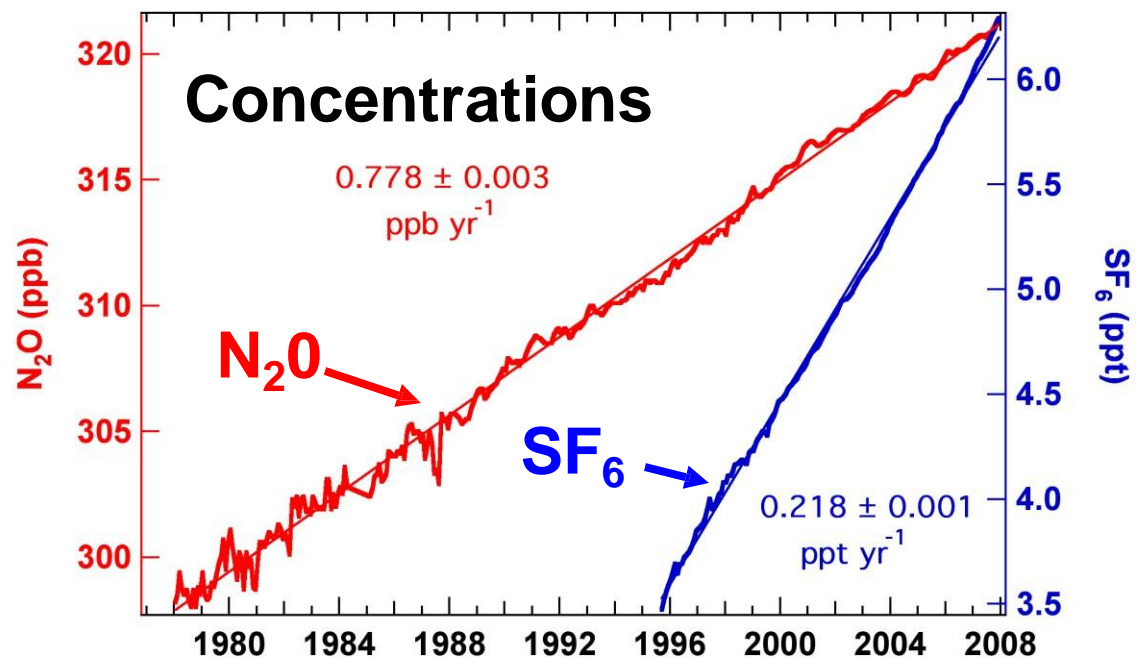
The amount of **methane** in the atmosphere has increased by two and a half times since the Industrial Revolution.

ATMOSPHERIC CARBON DIOXIDE

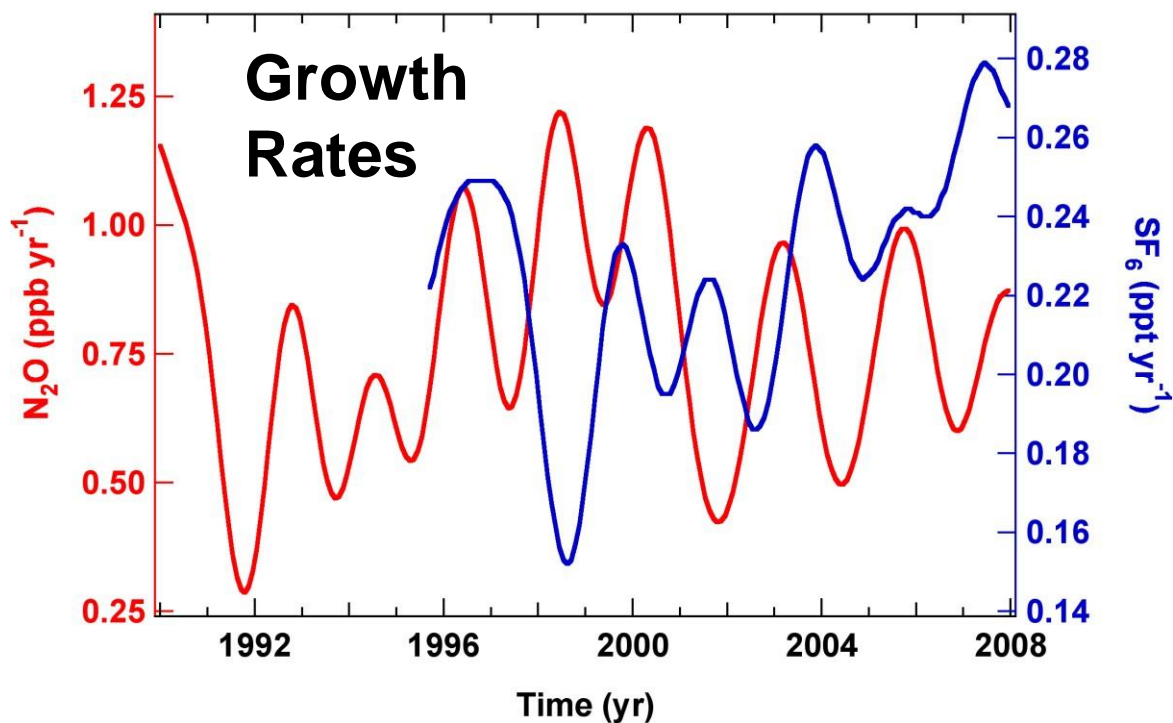


Atmospheric Carbon Dioxide, Mauna Loa, Hawaii

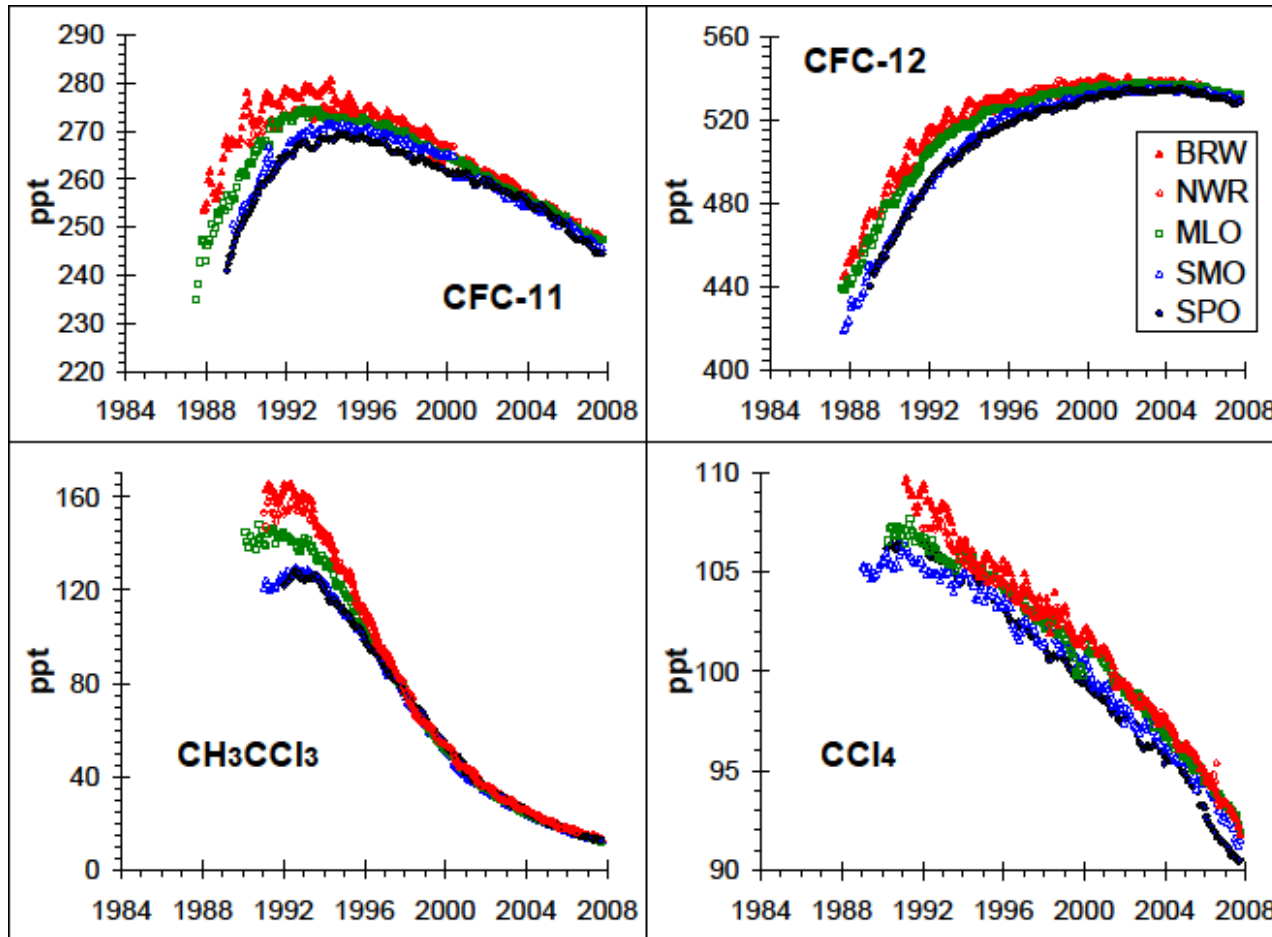




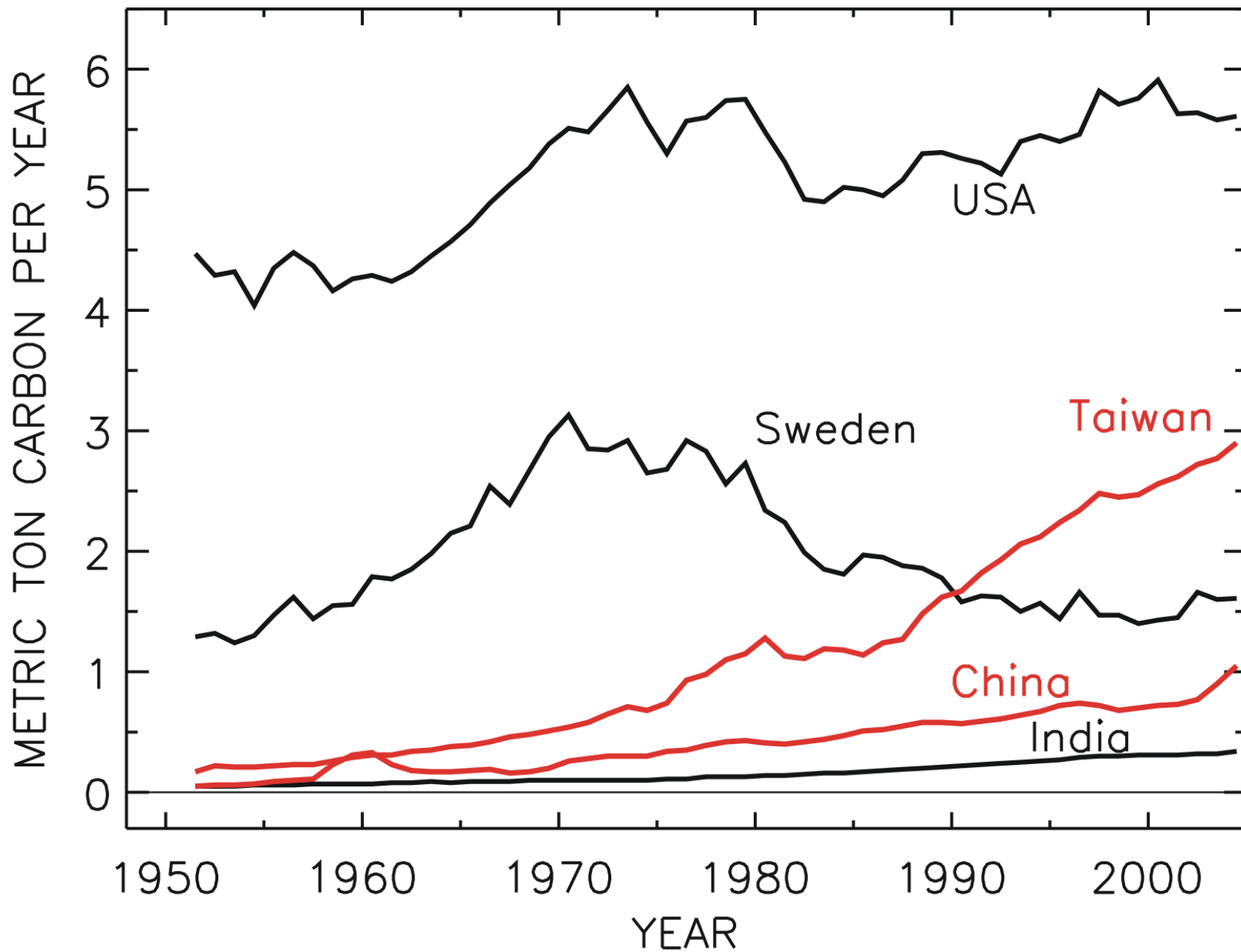
N_2O and SF_6
Important
greenhouse
gases are
steadily
increasing.



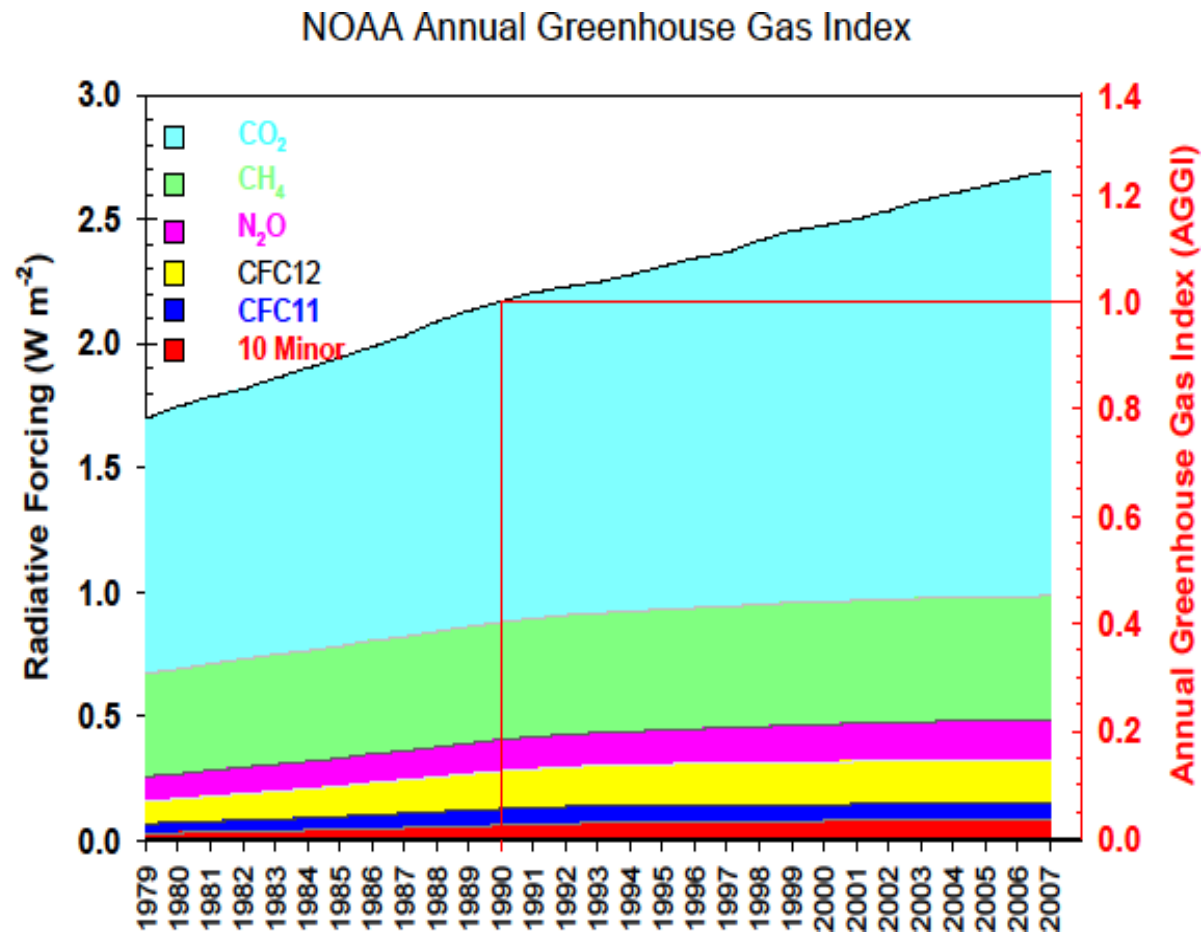
Global CFC Trends: CFCs Destroy Stratospheric Ozone



PER CAPITA CO2 EMISSIONS



NOAA Greenhouse Gas Index



Effects of global warming

- Melting of glaciers
- Submergence of land
- Environmental refugees
- Relocation of precipitation
- Diseases
- Scarcity of food and water
- Rise in prices
- Survival of fittest

Pictorial Presentation on Effects of Global Warming











Cackling Hatchlings



Aleutian Cackling Geese



**Open areas decreased by
34%**



Wet areas decreased by 88%



- Loss of habitat
- Effects ecotourism
- Unemployment
- Social problems

Kyoto Protocol

- The **Kyoto Protocol** is a protocol to the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change (UNFCCC or FCCC), aimed at combating global warming.
- The Protocol was initially adopted on 11 December 1997 in Kyoto, Japan and entered into force on 16 February 2005. As of November 2009, **187** states have **signed** and ratified the protocol.
- The most **notable non-member** of the Protocol is the **United States**, which is a signatory of UNFCCC and was responsible for 36.1% of the 1990 emission levels.

Summary of Effects



LETTER WRITTEN IN THE YEAR 2070

Article published in the magazine
"Crónicas de los Tiempos", in April
2002.

This is the year 2070

I have just turned 50, but my
appearance is of somebody of 85.

I suffer from serious kidney problems,
because I do not drink enough water.

I'm afraid I do not have
much time left to live.

I am one of the oldest people
in this society.

I remember when I was a child of 5.

Everything was very different then.

**There were lots of trees in the parks, houses with
beautiful gardens,**

**and I could enjoy having a shower for half an hour.
Nowadays we use towels with mineral oil to clean our skin.**

Before, women had beautiful hair.



Now, we have to shave our heads to keep them clean without the use of water.

Then, my father washed his car with water coming out of a hosepipe.

Now, my son does not believe that water could be wasted



Ria Slides

**I remember there were
SAVE WATER
warnings on outside posters,
radio and TV, but nobody paid
attention. We thought that
water
was to last forever.**

**Now, all the rivers, lakes, dams
and underground water beds are
either dry or contaminated.**



Ria Sides

Industry came virtually to a standstill and unemployment reached dramatic proportions.

Desalination plants are the main source of employment and workers receive part of their salary in drinkable water.



Assaults at gun point on the streets for a jerrycan of water are very common.

Food is 80% synthetic.

**Before, the recommended quantity of water to drink
for an adult was 8 glasses a day.**

Nowadays, I am only allowed half a glass.

**We now have to wear disposable clothing,
and this increases the amount of litter.**

**We are using now septic tanks,
because the sewerage system does not work for lack of water.**



The outside appearance of the population is horrible: wrinkled, emaciated bodies, due to dehydration, full of sores caused by ultra violet radiation, now stronger without the protective shield of the ozone layer. Skin cancer, gastrointestinal infections and of the urinary tracts are the main causes of death.

Due to the excessive drying of the skin young people of 20 look like 40.

Scientists investigate, but there's no solution to the problem.

Water cannot be produced, oxygen is also degraded due to the lack of trees and vegetation, and the intellectual capacity of the new generations is severely impaired.

The morphology of spermatozoa in many men has changed.

**As a consequence, babies are
born with deficiencies,
mutations and physical
deformities.**

**Government makes us pay for the air we breathe,
137 m³per day per adult person.**

**People who cannot pay are expelled
from the "ventilated zones", with
huge mechanical lungs driven by
solar power.**

**The air is not of good quality, but at
least people can breathe.**

The average life expectancy is 35 years.

In some countries, where there are still some green zones crossed by rivers, these are guarded by heavy armed soldiers.

**Water became a very
coveted treasure, more
precious
than gold and diamonds.**



**Where I live, there are no trees, because it seldom rains.
When it happens to register some precipitation, it is of acid rain.**

**The seasons have been severely
affected by the atomic tests and by
contamination from the 20th
century polluting industries.**

We were warned to look after the environment, but nobody cared.

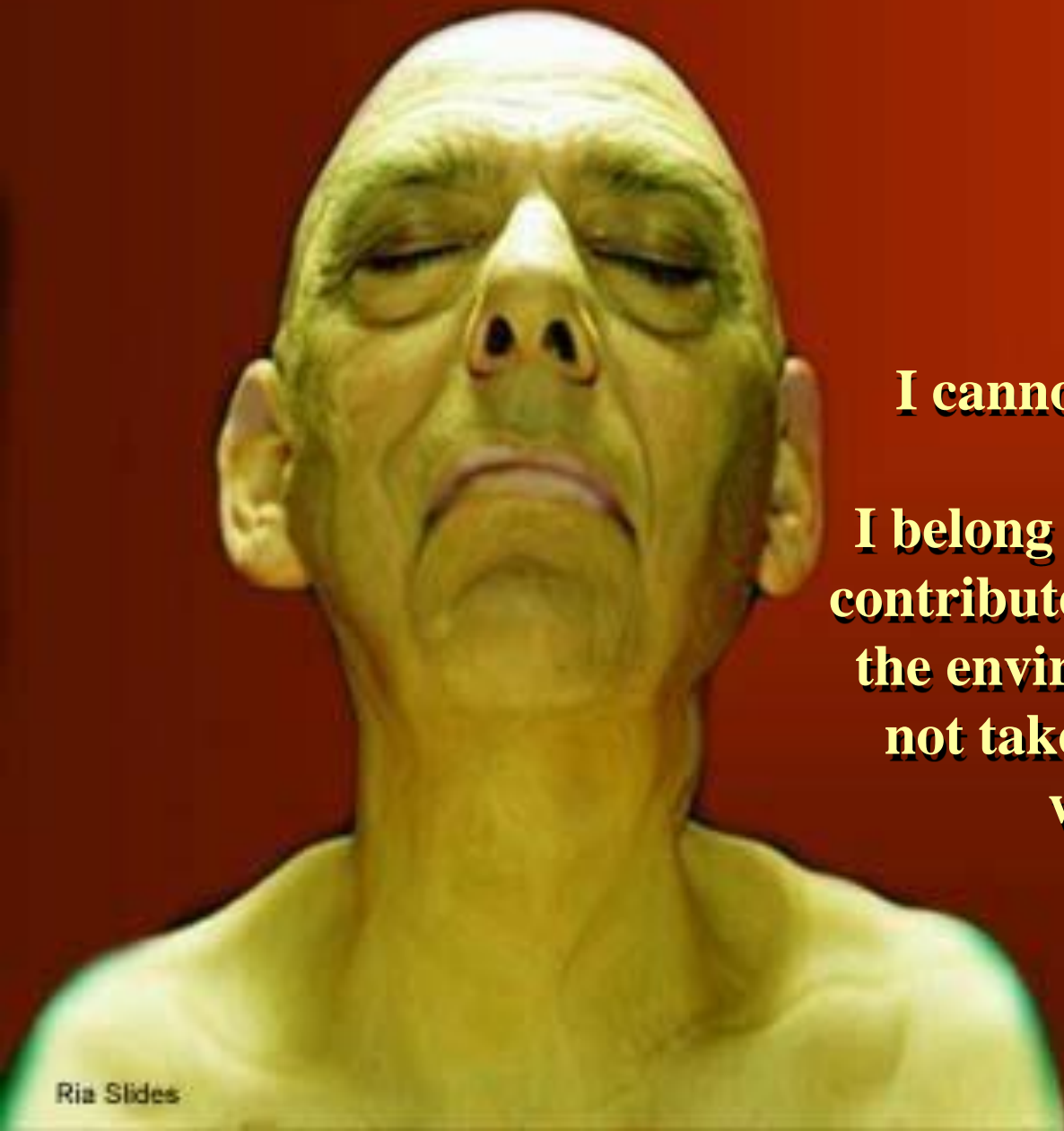


**When my son asks me to talk about my youth, I tell him about the
green fields,
the beauty of the flowers, the rain, how pleasant was to swim and
fish in the rivers and dams, to drink all the water we could, and how
healthy people was.**



He asks: Daddy! Why there is no water?

Then, I feel a lump in my throat!



**I cannot help feeling guilty,
because
I belong to the generation who
contributed to the destruction of
the environment or simply did
not take into account all the
warning signs.**



Riz Slides

**Now our children
pay a very high price!**

I sincerely believe that within a short time life on earth will not be possible, as the destruction of nature reached now an irreversible stage.

I sincerely believe that within a short time life on earth will not be possible, as the destruction of nature reached now an irreversible stage.



**This show was made by a
very talented person, named
A P J Abdul Kalam**

How I would like to go back and make mankind understand...

**...that we still had time to save our Planet
Earth.**

A close-up photograph of a person's hands holding a small globe of the Earth. The hands are positioned on either side of the globe, with fingers spread, as if supporting or cradling it. The globe shows a map of Africa and surrounding regions, with labels for countries like Nigeria, Chad, and the Gulf of Guinea. The text "What can we do to help solve the problem?" is overlaid in a large, bold, black font with a white outline, centered across the middle of the image. The background is a soft, out-of-focus green and yellow, suggesting an outdoor setting.

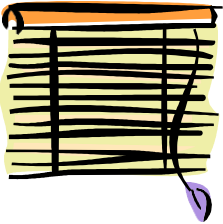
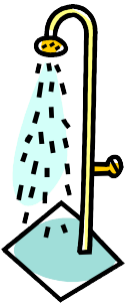
**What can we do to help
solve the problem?**

Simple Things To Do



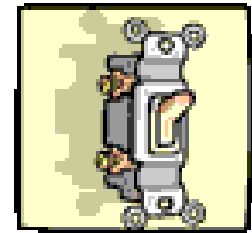
Turn off your computer or the TV when you're not using it.

Take shorter showers. Heating water uses energy.



Keep rooms cool by closing the blinds, shades, or curtains.

Turn off the lights when you leave a room.



Use compact fluorescent bulbs.

Be Bulb Smart—Use CFLs

What's the
difference?

Incandescent

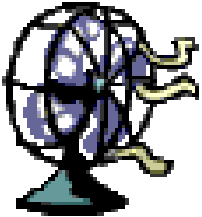


Compact
Fluorescent



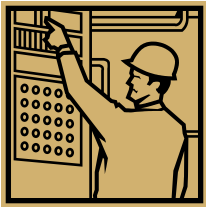
- 1,430 lbs. CO₂ pollution avoided
- \$30 saved

Simple Things To Do



Dress lightly when it's hot instead of turning up the air conditioning. Or use a fan.

Dress warmly when it's cold instead of turning up the heat.



Offer to help your parents keep the air filters on your AC and furnace clean.

Walk short distances instead of asking for a ride in the car.



Plant a tree.



Recycle.



Conclusions

Global warming is well understood, it has been detected, and the forecast for the end of the century is frightening.

CO₂ emission will continue to effect climate for hundreds of thousands of years into the future.

Sea level may ultimately rise 100 times more than the forecast for the year 2100.

Thank You