```
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import os
import cv2
```

→ Image Classification Homework

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Description: This homework is about using deep learning to classify images into different categories. We will use a dataset of images and train a model to predict the classes of the images. We will then evaluate the performance of the model and explore techniques for improving the accuracy of the model.

We will be using the "Cats and Dogs" dataset from Kaggle, and will attempt to classify images as on or the other.

```
DATADIR = "/content/drive/MyDrive/PetImages"
CATEGORIES = ['cat', 'dog']
```

```
for category in CATEGORIES:
   path = os.path.join(DATADIR, category)
   for img in os.listdir(path):
        img_array = cv2.imread(os.path.join(path,img))
        plt.imshow(img_array)
        plt.show()
        break
```



```
print(img_array)
```

```
[[[114 107 98]
 [112 105 96]
 [121 114 105]
 [ 38 39 29]
 [ 42 41 31]
 [ 44 43 33]]
[[124 117 108]
 [122 115 106]
 [131 124 115]
 [ 37 36 26]
 [ 37 36 26]
 [ 38 37 27]]
[[126 119 110]
 [126 119 110]
 [132 125 116]
 [ 22 20 10]
   21 19
            91
 [ 20
      18
            8]]
```

```
[[ 59 76 97]
      [ 61 77 94]
      [ 59
            68 82]
      [ 0
            2
                91
      [ 14 19 28]
      [ 32 37 46]]
     [[ 62 79 100]
      [ 65 81 98]
      [ 61 70 84]
      [ 0
            5 12]
      [ 17 22 31]
      [ 31 36 45]]
     [[ 69 86 107]
      [ 63 79 96]
      [ 62 71 85]
      [ 4 10 17]
      [ 33 38 47]
      [ 12 16 27]]]
print(img_array.shape)
    (377, 500, 3)
IMG_SIZE = 200
new_array = cv2.resize(img_array, (IMG_SIZE, IMG_SIZE))
plt.imshow(new_array)
plt.show()
      25
      50
      75
     100
```

```
training_data = []

def create_training_data():
    for i in range(len(CATEGORIES)):
        category = CATEGORIES[i]
        path = os.path.join(DATADIR, category)
        class_num = CATEGORIES.index(category)
        for img in os listdir(nath):
```

```
category = CATEGORIES[i]
path = os.path.join(DATADIR, category)
class_num = CATEGORIES.index(category)
for img in os.listdir(path):
    try:
        img_array = cv2.imread(os.path.join(path,img))
        new_array = cv2.resize(img_array, (IMG_SIZE, IMG_SIZE))
        training_data.append([new_array, i])
    except:
    pass
create_training_data()

print(len(training_data))
3997
```

```
import random
random.shuffle(training_data)
```

Sequential Model

```
batch_size = 128
num_classes = 10
epochs = 10
from tensorflow.keras import Sequential
from tensorflow.keras.layers import Dense, Conv2D, MaxPooling2D, Flatten
model = Sequential()
model.add(Conv2D(32, (3, 3), activation='relu', input_shape=(200, 200, 3)))
model.add(MaxPooling2D((2, 2)))
model.add(Flatten())
model.add(Dense(10, activation='softmax'))
model.compile(optimizer='adam', loss='categorical_crossentropy', metrics=['accuracy'])
model.fit(X_train, y_train, epochs=epochs, batch_size=batch_size)
model.evaluate(X_test, y_test)
   Epoch 1/10
   Epoch 2/10
   25/25 [====
           Epoch 3/10
   25/25 [=========] - 81s 3s/step - loss: 2.3340 - accuracy: 0.7357
   Epoch 4/10
   25/25 [====
           Epoch 5/10
   Epoch 6/10
   Epoch 7/10
   25/25 [==========] - 67s 3s/step - loss: 0.1564 - accuracy: 0.9565
   Epoch 8/10
   25/25 [=========] - 67s 3s/step - loss: 0.1000 - accuracy: 0.9722
```

```
Epoch 9/10
   25/25 [====
               Epoch 10/10
   [3.1429736614227295, 0.5699999928474426]
test_loss, sequential_accuracy = model.evaluate(X_test, y_test)
print(f'sequential accuracy: {sequential_accuracy}')
   25/25 [============] - 7s 266ms/step - loss: 3.1430 - accuracy: 0.5700
    sequential accuracy: 0.5699999928474426
from tensorflow.keras.layers import Input
from tensorflow.keras.models import Model
inputs = Input(shape=(200, 200, 3))
x = Conv2D(32, (3, 3), activation='relu')(inputs)
x = MaxPooling2D((2, 2))(x)
x = Flatten()(x)
outputs = Dense(10, activation='softmax')(x)
model = Model(inputs=inputs, outputs=outputs)
```

- CNN

```
model.compile(optimizer='adam', loss='categorical_crossentropy', metrics=['accuracy'])
model.fit(X_train, y_train, epochs=10, batch_size=32)
   Epoch 1/10
   100/100 [============ ] - 75s 743ms/step - loss: 151.7171 - accuracy: 0.5549
   Epoch 2/10
   100/100 [===
            Epoch 4/10
   100/100 [============ ] - 71s 706ms/step - loss: 0.2223 - accuracy: 0.9462
   Epoch 5/10
   100/100 [============] - 70s 703ms/step - loss: 0.1171 - accuracy: 0.9747
   Epoch 6/10
   100/100 [=========== ] - 72s 723ms/step - loss: 0.0739 - accuracy: 0.9834
   Enoch 7/10
   100/100 [============= ] - 70s 702ms/step - loss: 0.0525 - accuracy: 0.9909
   Epoch 8/10
   Epoch 9/10
   100/100 [===========] - 72s 720ms/step - loss: 0.0331 - accuracy: 0.9953
   <keras.callbacks.History at 0x7f22c5e3fc70>
# evaluate the model on the test data
_, accuracy = model.evaluate(X_test, y_test, batch_size=32)
# print the accuracy
print('CNN Accuracy:', accuracy)
   25/25 [============] - 6s 253ms/step - loss: 2.7779 - accuracy: 0.6087
   CNN Accuracy: 0.6087499856948853
```

▼ RNN

```
from tensorflow.keras.layers import Input, Reshape, LSTM, Dense from tensorflow.keras.models import Model
```

```
X = np.array(X).reshape(-1, 200, 200, 3, 1)
inputs = Input(shape=(200, 200, 3, 1))
x = Reshape((200, 600))(inputs)
x = LSTM(128)(x)
outputs = Dense(10, activation='softmax')(x)
model = Model(inputs=inputs, outputs=outputs)
model.compile(optimizer='adam', loss='categorical_crossentropy', metrics=['accuracy'])
model.fit(X_train, y_train, epochs=10, batch_size=32)
    Epoch 1/10
   100/100 [============] - 51s 484ms/step - loss: 0.8659 - accuracy: 0.4830
   Epoch 2/10
   100/100 [=========== ] - 54s 538ms/step - loss: 0.7138 - accuracy: 0.4958
   Enoch 3/10
   100/100 [============= ] - 48s 484ms/step - loss: 0.6976 - accuracy: 0.5052
   Epoch 4/10
   100/100 [============ - 48s 481ms/step - loss: 0.6957 - accuracy: 0.5124
   Epoch 5/10
   100/100 [============= ] - 48s 477ms/step - loss: 0.6951 - accuracy: 0.5052
   Epoch 6/10
   100/100 [============ ] - 49s 494ms/step - loss: 0.6938 - accuracy: 0.5111
   Epoch 7/10
   100/100 [============ ] - 48s 478ms/step - loss: 0.6974 - accuracy: 0.5164
    Epoch 8/10
   100/100 [==
              Epoch 9/10
   100/100 [============ ] - 49s 486ms/step - loss: 0.6921 - accuracy: 0.5124
   Enoch 10/10
   <keras.callbacks.History at 0x7f22c7527ca0>
, accuracy = model.evaluate(X test, y test, batch size=32)
print('RNN Accuracy:', accuracy)
    25/25 [============] - 5s 197ms/step - loss: 0.7020 - accuracy: 0.4963
   RNN Accuracy: 0.4962500035762787
```

Pretrained Model and Transfer learning

```
from tensorflow.keras.applications.vgg16 import VGG16
from tensorflow.keras.layers import Input, Dense
from tensorflow.keras.models import Model

inputs = Input(shape=(200, 200, 3))

vgg16 = VGG16(weights='imagenet', include_top=False)

features = vgg16(inputs)

x = Flatten()(features)

outputs = Dense(10, activation='softmax')(x)

model = Model(inputs=inputs, outputs=outputs)

for layer in vgg16.layers:
    layer.trainable = False

model.compile(optimizer='adam', loss='categorical_crossentropy', metrics=['accuracy'])

model.fit(X_train, y_train, epochs=17, batch_size=32)
```

```
Epoch 1/10
100/100 [==
         Epoch 2/10
100/100 [=========== ] - 1286s 13s/step - loss: 0.6048 - accuracy: 0.9809
Epoch 3/10
100/100 [===========] - 1286s 13s/step - loss: 0.1734 - accuracy: 0.9941
Epoch 4/10
        100/100 [==
Epoch 5/10
100/100 [===========] - 1283s 13s/step - loss: 0.0624 - accuracy: 0.9959
Enoch 6/10
100/100 [==
       Epoch 7/10
100/100 [=========== ] - 1284s 13s/step - loss: 0.0323 - accuracy: 0.9987
Epoch 8/10
100/100 [==
       Epoch 9/10
100/100 [=========== ] - 1284s 13s/step - loss: 0.0651 - accuracy: 0.9978
Epoch 10/10
100/100 [============ ] - 1279s 13s/step - loss: 0.0386 - accuracy: 0.9978
<keras.callbacks.History at 0x7f22c7006790>
```

Overall, It seems that all the models we created did not perform very well accuracy wise. This is likely due to the fact that we had ran into many many problems trying to upload the complete dataset, but if failed everytime. So we had to trim it down, which is likely what caused the lacking accuracy.

Either way,as far the analysys goes. Python seems to be quite a powerful language when it comes to all things ML, but I am curious how much easier R would have made this.

As for the Models, in terms of accuracy, they rank:

- 1 The pre-trained model & transfer learning
- 2 CNN
- 3 Plain Sequential Model
- 4 RNN

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