Statistical Methods for Data Science CS 6313.001: Mini Project #6

Due on Thursday May 4, 2017 at 4pm

Instructor: Pankaj Choudhary



Hanlin He / Lizhong Zhang (hxh160630 / lxz160730)

| Hanlin He | / Lizhong | Zhang | (hxh160630 | / lxz160730` |) |
|-----------|-----------|-------|------------|--------------|---|
| | | | | | |

| Mini | Project | #6 |
|------|---------|----|
| | | |

Contents

| 1 A | nswers | 1 |
|-------|--------|---|
| | | |
| 9 E | Codo | า |

Contribution

Both team members made the same contribution in this project.

1 Answers

- Bias is -0.003031904 and standard error 0.09476028.
- 2.5th and 97.5th percentile of $\hat{\theta}$: [3.669463, 4.065631]
- 2.5th and 97.5th percentile of $\hat{\theta} \theta$: [-0.1871917, 0.1872621]
- CI:
 - Normal Approximation CI: [3.68736, 4.066203]
 - Basic Bootstrap CI: [3.68736, 4.066203]
 - Normal Approximation CI: [3.68736, 4.066203]

The histogram and qqplot for bootstrap distribution is shown in fig. 1.

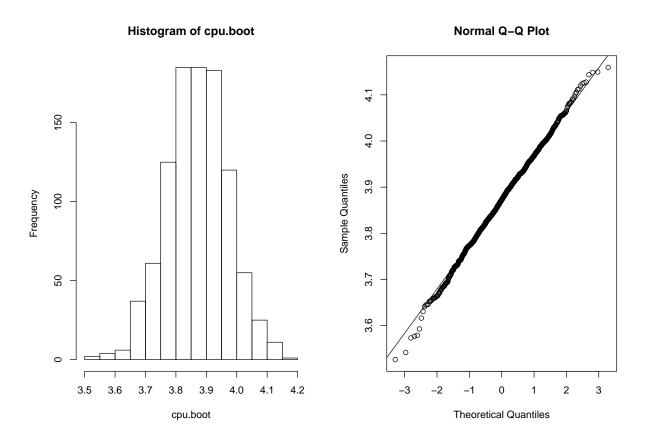


Figure 1: Histogram & QQplot

The bootstrap CI and plot indicate that $\log(mean(\hat{\theta}))$ is a good estimator of the parameter of interest, and the stand error of the estimator is reasonably low.

2 R Code

```
cpu <- scan(file="cputime.txt")</pre>
# Define the function to compute the natural logarithm of the polulation mean.
logmean <- function(data) {</pre>
  return(log(mean(data)))
# Define the resample function.
resample <- function(x) {</pre>
  sample(x, size = length(x), replace = TRUE)
# Define the bootstrap function.
rboot <- function(B, statistic, simulator, data) {</pre>
  tboots <- replicate(B, statistic(simulator(data)))</pre>
  return(tboots)
# Define the bootstrap function that directly compute specific statistic.
bootstrap.se <- function(B, statistic, simulator, data) {</pre>
  tboots <- rboot(B, statistic, simulator, data)</pre>
  se <- sd(tboots)</pre>
  return(se)
# Define the bootstrap function that directly compute the bias of specific statistic.
bootstrap.bias <- function(B, statistic, simulator, t.hat, data) {</pre>
  tboots <- rboot(B, statistic, simulator, data)</pre>
  bias <- mean(tboots) - t.hat</pre>
  return(bias)
# Define the bootstrap function that directly compute the quantile
# of specific statistic.
bootstrap.alphaquantile <- function(B, statistic, simulator, data, alpha) {</pre>
  tboots <- rboot(B, statistic, simulator, data)</pre>
  alphaquantile <- quantile(tboots, alpha)</pre>
  return(alphaquantile)
# Define the bootstrap function that directly compute the quantile
```

```
# of the bias of specific statistic.
bootstrap.alphaquantile.hat <- function(B, statistic, simulator, t.hat, data, alpha) {
  alphaquantile <- bootstrap.alphaquantile(B, statistic, simulator, data, alpha)
  alphaquantile.hat <- alphaquantile - t.hat</pre>
  return(alphaquantile.hat)
# Define function to compute the CI with normal approximation.
NormalCI <- function(B, statistic, simulator, t.hat, data, alpha) {
  tboots <- rboot(B, statistic, simulator, data)</pre>
  se <- sd(tboots)
  bias <- mean(tboots) - t.hat</pre>
  ci.lower <- t.hat - bias - qnorm(1 - alpha/2) * se
  ci.upper <- t.hat - bias - qnorm(alpha/2) * se</pre>
  return(list(ci.lower=ci.lower,ci.upper=ci.upper))
# Define function to compute the CI with basic bootstrap.
BasicBootstrapCI <- function(B, statistic, simulator, t.hat, data, alpha) {</pre>
  tboots <- rboot(B, statistic, simulator, data)</pre>
  ci.lower <- 2 * t.hat - quantile(tboots, 1 - alpha/2)</pre>
 ci.upper <- 2 * t.hat - quantile(tboots, alpha/2)</pre>
  return(list(ci.lower=ci.lower,ci.upper=ci.upper))
# Define function to compute the CI with percentile bootstrap.
PercentileBootstrapCI <- function(B, statistic, simulator, data, alpha) {</pre>
  tboots <- rboot(B, statistic, simulator, data)</pre>
  ci.lower <- quantile(tboots, alpha/2)</pre>
  ci.upper <- quantile(tboots, 1 - alpha/2)</pre>
  return(list(ci.lower=ci.lower,ci.upper=ci.upper))
# Compute t.hat
t.hat <- logmean(cpu)</pre>
# Compute bootstrap distribution.
cpu.boot <- rboot(1000, logmean, resample, cpu)</pre>
# Compute standard error of theta hat.
t.hat.se <- bootstrap.se(1000, logmean, resample, cpu)</pre>
# Compute bias of theta hat.
```

```
t.hat.bias <- bootstrap.bias(1000, logmean, resample, logmean(cpu), cpu)</pre>
# Compute 2.5th and 97.5th percentiles of the theta hat.
bootstrap.alphaquantile(1000, logmean, resample, cpu, 0.025)
##
       2.5%
## 3.692207
bootstrap.alphaquantile(1000, logmean, resample, cpu, 0.975)
##
      97.5%
## 4.050683
# Compute 2.5th and 97.5th percentiles of the bias of theta hat.
bootstrap.alphaquantile.hat(1000, logmean, resample, logmean(cpu), cpu, 0.025)
##
         2.5%
## -0.1946992
bootstrap.alphaquantile.hat(1000, logmean, resample, logmean(cpu), cpu, 0.975)
##
       97.5%
## 0.1838178
# Compute normal approximation of CI.
NormalCI(1000, logmean, resample, logmean(cpu), cpu, 0.05)
## $ci.lower
## [1] 3.692305
##
## $ci.upper
## [1] 4.06934
# Compute basic bootstrap CI.
BasicBootstrapCI(1000, logmean, resample, logmean(cpu), cpu, 0.05)
## $ci.lower
##
      97.5%
## 3.689361
##
## $ci.upper
       2.5%
##
## 4.067459
# Compute normal approximation of CI.
PercentileBootstrapCI(1000, logmean, resample, cpu, 0.05)
```

```
## $ci.lower
      2.5%
##
## 3.668655
##
## $ci.upper
## 97.5%
## 4.044892
# Draw histogram and qqplot for bootstrap distribution
# Create fig folder to store plot.
if(!dir.exists("fig")) dir.create("fig")
pdf("fig/hist.pdf", width=5, height=7)
hist(cpu.boot)
dev.off()
## pdf
## 2
pdf("fig/qqplot.pdf", width=5, height=7)
qqnorm(cpu.boot)
qqline(cpu.boot)
dev.off()
## pdf
## 2
# Verification
library(boot)
nlm.hat <- function(x, indices){</pre>
 result <- log(mean(x[indices]))</pre>
 return(result)
nlm.hat.boot <- boot(cpu, nlm.hat, R = 1000, sim = "ordinary", stype = "i")</pre>
names(nlm.hat.boot)
## [1] "t0" "t"
                               "R"
                                            "data"
                                                        "seed"
                                            "stype"
## [6] "statistic" "sim"
                               "call"
                                                        "strata"
## [11] "weights"
log(mean(cpu))
## [1] 3.87605
nlm.hat.boot$t0
## [1] 3.87605
```

```
mean(nlm.hat.boot$t) - nlm.hat.boot$t0

## [1] -0.007910493

quantile(mean(nlm.hat.boot$t) - nlm.hat.boot$t0,0.975)

## 97.5%

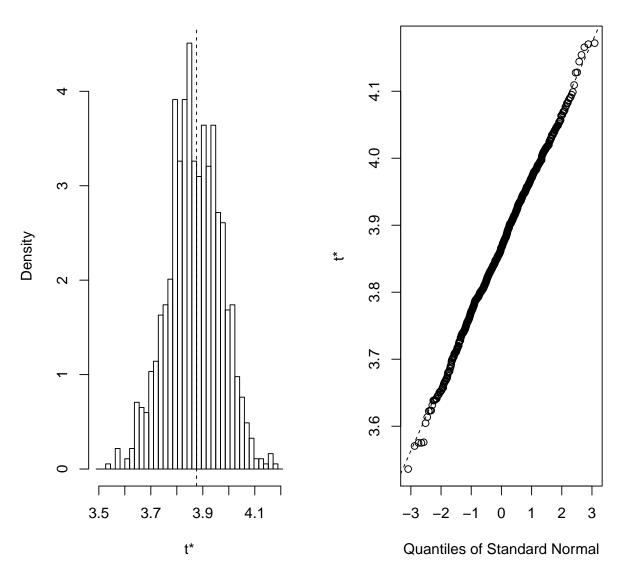
## -0.007910493

sd(nlm.hat.boot$t)

## [1] 0.1015838

plot(nlm.hat.boot)
```

Histogram of t



```
boot.ci(nlm.hat.boot)

## Warning in boot.ci(nlm.hat.boot): bootstrap variances needed for studentized intervals

## BOOTSTRAP CONFIDENCE INTERVAL CALCULATIONS

## Based on 1000 bootstrap replicates

##

## CALL:

## boot.ci(boot.out = nlm.hat.boot)

##

## Intervals:

## Level Normal Basic
```

```
## 95% ( 3.685, 4.083 ) ( 3.695, 4.095 )
##

## Level Percentile BCa
## 95% ( 3.657, 4.057 ) ( 3.690, 4.091 )
## Calculations and Intervals on Original Scale
```