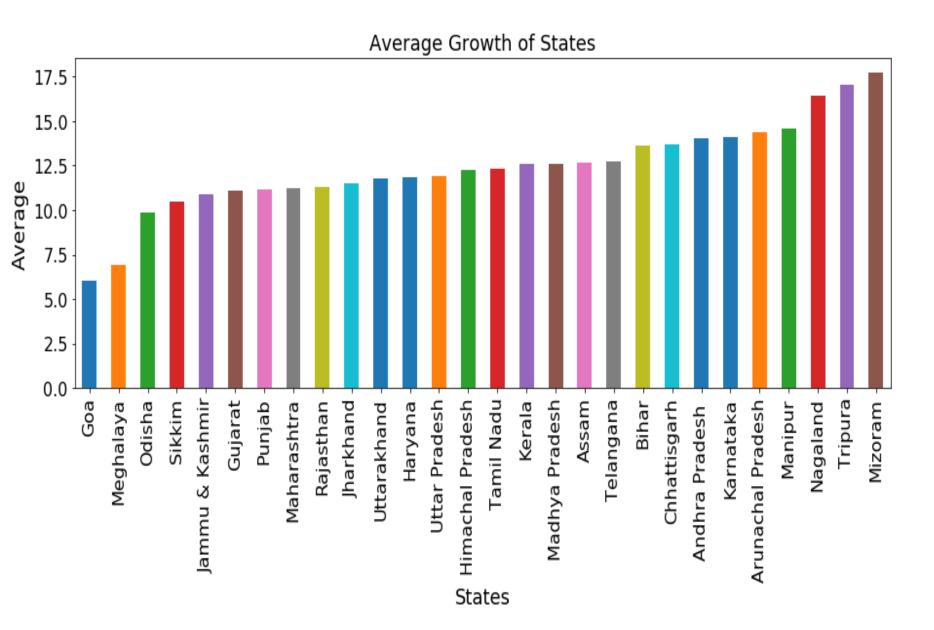
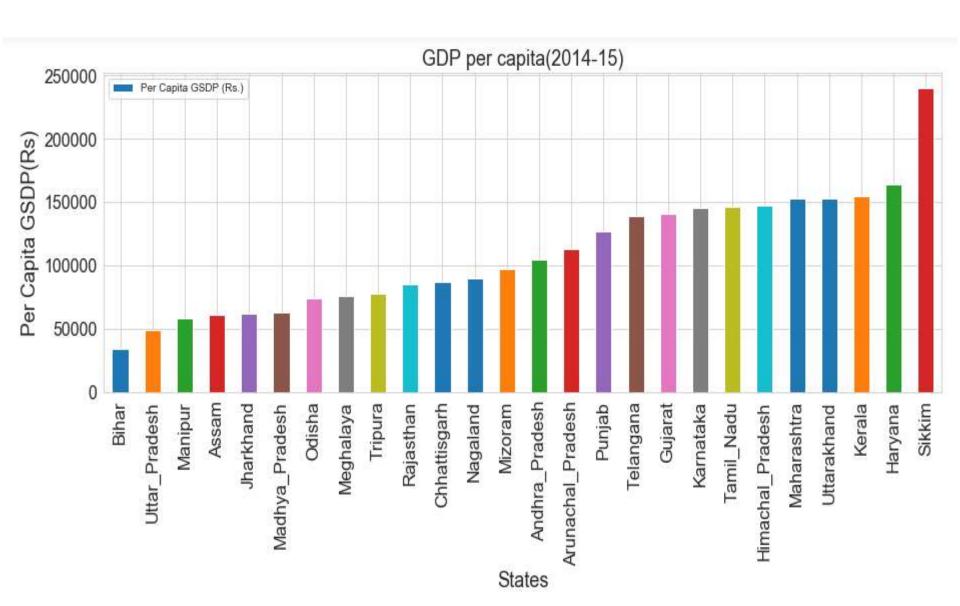
This plot shows the Average GDP of states. Mizoram is growing fast and Goa is growing slow. average GDP is 12.40(approx) and for my Uttar pradesh (hometown) it's 11.94 so it's lower than the average GDP of the total states.



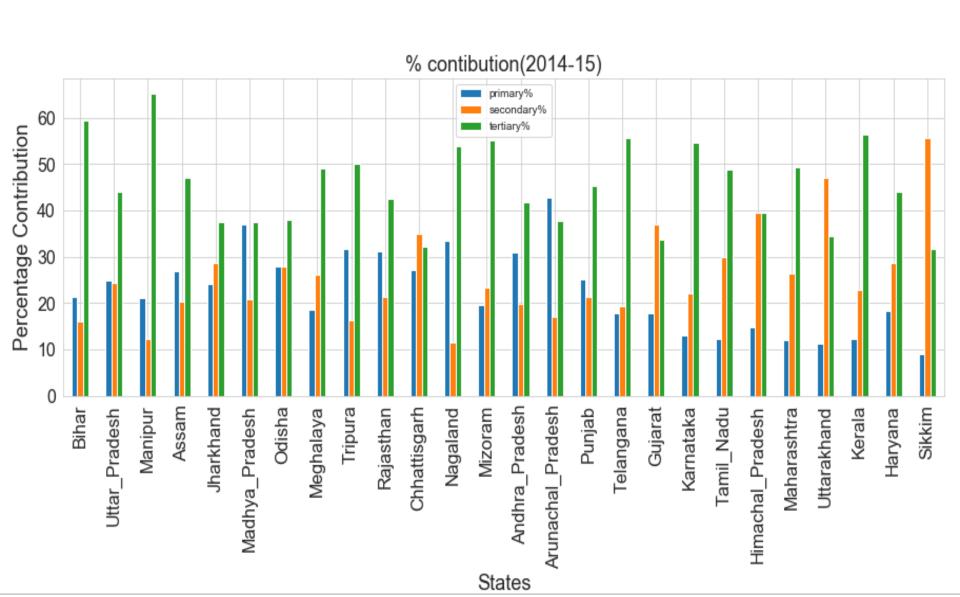
This plot shows the total GDP of the states for the year 2015-16. #top 5 states are Tamil Nadu,Uttar Pradesh,Karnataka,Gujrat,Andra Pradesh #bottom 5 states are Sikkim,Arunachal,Meghalaya,Goa,J&K

Total GDP of States (2015-16) 1200000 1000000 800000 600000 400000 200000 Bihar Tamil Nadu Jammu & Kashmir Uttar Pradesh Chhattisgarh Madhya Pradesh Gujarat Goa Assam harkhand Telangana Sikkim **Arunachal Pradesh** Odisha Haryana Kerala Karnataka Meghalaya Uttarakhand Andhra Pradesh States

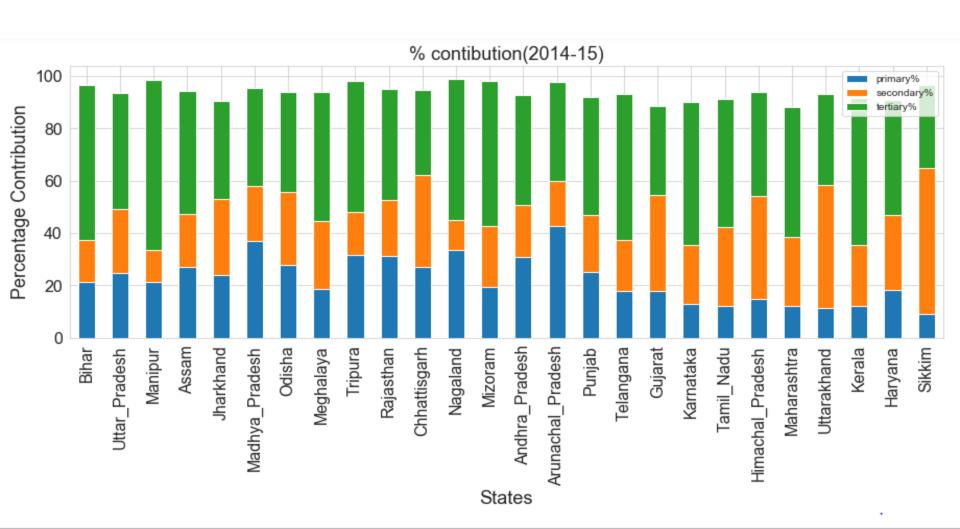
This plot shows GDP per capita for all the states: #top5 Sikkim, Haryana, Kerala, Uttarakhnad, Maharashtra #bottom5 are: Bihar, Uttar\_Pradesh, Manipur, Assam, Jharkhand.



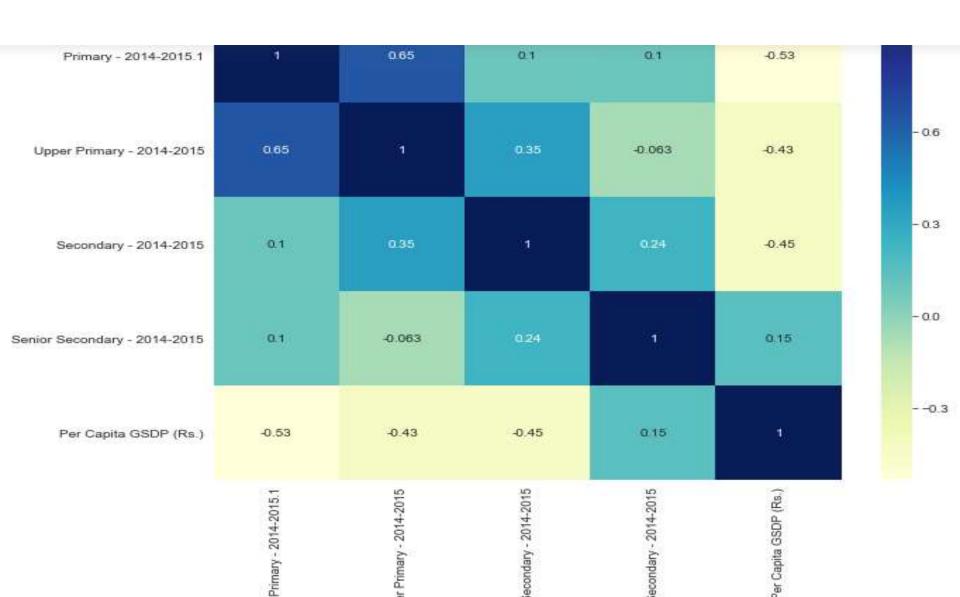
This plot shows the percentage contribution of primary, secondary and tertiary sectors as a percentage of total GDP for all the states.



This plot shows the percentage contribution of primary, secondary and tertiary sectors as a percentage of total GDP for all the states. In form of stacked bar graph.



This plot shows correlation of GDP per capita with dropout rates in education (primary, upper primary and secondary) for the year 2014-2015 for the states.



```
For category C1, x=24.32 for Agriculture, forestry and fishing
x1=16.86 for crops
x6=10.71 for Manufacturing
x9=11.78 for Trade, repair, hotels and restaurants
x13=10.365 for Real estate, ownership of dwelling & professional services
For category C2,
#top 3/4/5 subcategory in C2 are
#Agriculture, forestry and fishing(21.87)
#Crops(12.59)
#Manufacturing(13.85)
#Construction(8.81)
#Trade, repair, hotels and restaurants(10.38)
For c3
#for category c3
#top5 are
#Manufacturing(17.34)
#Agriculture, forestry and fishing(14.19)
#Real estate, ownership of dwelling & professional services (15.36)
#Financial services(6.071)
#transport(6.06)
```

```
#top5 subcategory in c4 are:

#Agriculture, forestry and fishing(13.75)

#Manufacturing(16.17)

#Construction(10.90)

#Trade, repair, hotels and restaurants(13.46)

#Real estate, ownership of dwelling & professional services(13.29)
```

#We can conclude that in C4 mostly depend not only on primary but tertiary also #Similarly in c2 and c1 and c3 also major contributor is agriculture, forestry and fishing #the area of focus is other sectors than primary beacuse in other sectors it require education , so we need to imporve our education # so that other sectors can contribute to GDP more instead of agriculture, forestry and fishing only.

#at least two recommendations for each category to improve the per capita GDP. #1)shifting the distribution of GDP towards the secondary and tertiary sectors, #2) to increase the secondary and tertiary one should focus on to contribute towards education more..

#as the per capita GDP increases the dropout rates also decreases.

# So we have to make sure that per capita GDP is stable so that dropout rates will be less and then education will be more and other sectors can also contribute to the skilled labour sectors, #because other sectors need skilled labour so we have to ensure a way to make per capita GDP stable.