QuantCred

Quantered is a credit derivatives pricing toolkit written in Python 3. Refer to *Modelling Single-Name and Multi-name Credit Derivatives* by Dominic O'Kane for the underlying theory.

Survival curves

Pricing credit derivatives requires first having a model of default probabilities. Such models produce survival curves Q(t), which is the probability that the creditor has not defaulted up to time t > 0 years into the future.

Survival curves Q(t) need to satisfy the following three properties:

- 1. Q(0) = 1
- 2. Q'(t) exists, and
- 3. Q'(t) < 0.

Associated with the survival curve is the hazard rate $\lambda(t)$, defined by

$$\lambda(t) = -\frac{Q'(t)}{Q(t)}.$$

In QuantCred, survival curves are given by functions of the form float -> float. For example:

from math import exp

```
def surv_curve(t: float) -> float:
return exp(-0.005 * t)
```

This function would define a survival curve with a constant hazard rate of 0.5%/year.