

Do "git branch" but ignore all cc_ and rcc_ branches dvc-cc git branch

6 Get output files dvc-cc output-to-tmp {{outputfile}} -p ID

And choosing A to be

0.25

3

To take a look at the result branch you should use the gitlab or github webinterface, but you can switch to the result branch for example with:

git checkout rcc_0001_expname_A1

Create for each remote result branch a local branch:

dvc-cc git sync

Show all nodes from the cluster dvc-cc status --node

With dvc-cc status you can see your last experiments. The following parameters exist:

-p 23 shows all jobs from the 23. run

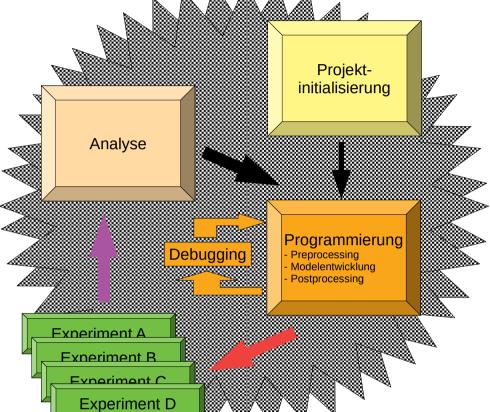
summaries the output

20 shows the last 20 experiments.

shows only failed

shows details

--detail-unchanged show all details



SSH-Connection mkdir {{path-to-project}}/data sshfs {{username}}@{{remote-storage}}:/{{path-to-data-folder}} {{path-to-project}}/data SSH-Remove-SSHFS-Connection fusermount -u {{path-to-project}}/data

Zwischenspeicherung des git-Passwortes für 30 Minuten git config --global credential.helper store git config credential.helper cache 1800

1. Create a Git-Repository

dvc-cc init

Set all parameters for the cluster or the Hardware that you need. https://github.com/deep-projects/dvc-cc/blob/master/dvc-cc/tutorial/ settings.md

Hint: If a software is not installed in the docker container, you can write your software dependencies to the "requirements.txt".

When you call dvc-cc run {{expname}}, the jupyter notebook files are converted to py files. You can use """dcs to execute some code only on the server, or use #dch to execute code only locally in the jupyter notebook.

```
In [ ]: 1
           import argparse
            parser = argparse.ArgumentParser()
            parser.add argument('-A','--valueA', type=int,default=None)
            args = parser.parse_args()
         1 #dch
In [ ]:
          2 args = parser.parse args('-A 5'.split())
```

Define a stage of the pipeline with dvc-cc hyperopt new This will create a ".dvc" file In the "dvc" folder or a ".hyperopt" file in the "dvc/.hyperopt" folder. To Branches that get created by calling dvc-cc run -r 2 expname

delete a stage you can savely remove this file.

dvc-cc hyperopt new-suggest

For reducing the typing you can use:

saved in saved in dvc save the description name cache checksum You use this to define dependencies (inputs) or everything from what this stage False False True -d depends on False True Large output files or folders -0 True False True Small output files or folders -0 Metrics are output files but have a special feature that you can use with dvc True True True -m metrics show True False Metrics see above. Find more information about metrics here - M

Run experiments with dvc-cc run {{experiment name}} If you have hyperparameters, you will be asked to set values for

the hyperparameters. For this, you have multiple options:

- Use one value: i.e.: 412
- Use multiple values: i.e.: 412, 512, 612
- Use GridSearch with --gs: i.e.: min Value 5, Max Value 20,

Num of draws 4, is the same as writing "5,10,15,20"

Show different beta curves

dvc-cc hyperopt plot-beta

- Use RandomSearch-Global with --rs: If you use this for all parameters, you will get ask ones, how many draws you want to do. This is the absolute value of experiments that will be created.

- Use RandomSearch-Local with -rsl: you will get asked every time how many draws you want do. It will do a GridSearch over all drawn parameters.

Legende:

main ML / DL workflow bash command

6 typical dvc-cc workflow

A:5.0 ; B:2.0 0.20 0.15 0.10 0.05

A:1.0 ; B:1.0

A:3.0 : B:3.0

Overview over all parameters: dvc-cc hyperopt var all

dvc-cc hyperopt new -d code/train.py

-o tensorboard -m summary.yml

"python train.py --valueA {{A}}"

-f train.py

Set a value to a hyperparameter dvc-cc hyperopt var --set 100 A 2