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//** VEHICLE LINE TRACKING PROGRAM **//
#include <WiFi.h>
                 //include wifi library
#include <ESPAsyncWebServer.h> //include ESP32 Arduino web server library
#define in1 26
                  //Right motor pole 1
#define in2 25
                 //Right motor pole 2
#define in3 33
                 //left motor pole 1
#define in4 32
                 //left motor pole 2
#define ena 18
                 //Right motor speed
#define enb 5
                 //Left motor speed
#define left 4
#define right 14
                 //IR sensor Right
//Define some variables to help control digital input values //
int no = 0;
int point = 20;
int l,r,el,er;
int mask=0, mask2=0, mask3=0, mark1=0, mark2=0;
int x=0,y=0,ox=0,oy=0,nx=0,ny=0,pos=0;
int state=0;
                      //Orientation state (1=Forward, 2=Reverse,
3=Right, 4=Left) Zero is initial state
////// Set up & configuration wifi network /////////
const char *ssid = "KARAM&KERANA";
const char *password = "20132013";
//Specifies the pins connected to each button
const int ledPins[] = {2, 15, 12, 19, 21, 32, 34, 35, 27};
//the total number of Buttons
const int numLeds = 9;
//Assign server port number
AsyncWebServer server(80);
void setup()
//Assign port mode to each pin
  pinMode(in1,OUTPUT);
  pinMode(in2,OUTPUT);
 pinMode(in3,OUTPUT);
  pinMode(in4,OUTPUT);
  pinMode(ena,OUTPUT);
 pinMode(enb,OUTPUT);
 pinMode(left,INPUT);
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pinMode(right, INPUT);
 analogWrite(ena,50); //initial speed for right wheels
 analogWrite(enb,50); //initial speed for left wheels
 delay(3000); //Time Delay 3sec.
 Serial.begin(115200);
 // Set up ESP32 as an access point
 WiFi.softAP(ssid, password);
 Serial.print("Access Point IP Address: ");
 Serial.println(WiFi.softAPIP());
//GPIO pins for Buttons
 for(int i = 0; i < numLeds; i++)</pre>
   //Set up the activity/status for each button
      pinMode(ledPins[i], OUTPUT);
      digitalWrite(ledPins[i], LOW);
 server.on("/", HTTP_GET, [](AsyncWebServerRequest *request)
the web-page
   String html = "<html><body><center>";
   //Title
      html += "<u>Select
Location</u>";
    // Row 1
      html += "<a href='/turnOn?point=0'>POINT02</a>";
      html += "<a href='/turnOn?point=1'>POINT12</a>";
      html += "<a href='/turnOn?point=2'>POINT22</a>";
   // Row 2
      html += "<a href='/turnOn?point=3'>POINT01</a>";
      html += "<a href='/turnOn?point=4'>POINT11</a>";
      html += "<a href='/turnOn?point=5'>POINT21</a>";
      html += " <a href='/turnOn?point=6'>POINTOO</a>";
      html += "<a href='/turnOn?point=7'>POINT10</a>";
      html += "<a href='/turnOn?point=8'>POINT20</a>";
      html += "</center></body></html>";
  //End of web-page set up
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request->send(200, "text/html", html);
});
  server.on("/turnOn", HTTP_GET, [](AsyncWebServerRequest *request)
  // the web-page & converted to integer.
        point = request->arg("point").toInt();
        request->send(200, "text/plain", "OK");
    });
  server.begin();
void loop()
   if (point >= 0 && point < numLeds)</pre>
      // Explicit conditions for each Button
          if (point == 0)
              nx = 0;
              ny = 2;
              no = 1;
      else if (point == 1)
            {
              nx = 1;
              ny = 2;
              no = 1;
       else if (point == 2)
              nx = 2;
              ny = 2;
              no = 1;
       else if (point == 3)
              nx = 0;
              ny = 1;
              no = 1;
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else if (point == 4)
             nx = 1;
             ny = 1;
              no = 1;
     else if (point == 5)
             nx = 2;
             ny = 1;
             no = 1;
     else if (point == 6)
             nx = 0;
             ny = 0;
             no = 1;
          }
     else if (point == 7)
             nx = 1;
              ny = 0;
              no = 1;
     else if (point == 8)
             nx = 2;
             ny = 0;
              no = 1;
   if (no == 1) // if true, means one of the web-page buttons has been pressed.
         calc();
         point =20 ; /* point value should be assigned by any NO greater than 8,
void calc()
 x= nx-ox;
 y= ny-oy;
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if(x>0 \&\& y>0)
        exy(); // Execute y-motion (Move forward on Y-axis)
        state = 3; // initial orientation value to turn right
        orientation();
        exx();
        state = 4;
        orientation();
        no=0;
else if(x<0 && y<0)
        mark2=1;
        getvalues();
        state=2;
        orientation();
        exy1();
        state=3;
        orientation();
        exx1();
        state=3;
        orientation();
        mark2=0;
        no=0;
  if(x==0 \&\& y>0)
        getvalues();
        exy();
      no=0;
else if(x==0 \&\& y<0)
        getvalues();
        state=2;
        orientation();
        exy1();
        state=2;
        orientation();
        no=0;
else if(y==0 \&\& x>0)
        getvalues();
        state=3;
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```
orientation();
        exx();
        state=4;
        orientation();
        no=0;
else if(y==0 \&\& x<0)
        getvalues();
        state=4;
        orientation();
        exx1();
        state=3;
        orientation();
        no=0;
else if(x>0 && y<0)
        getvalues();
        state=3;
        orientation();
        exx();
        state=3;
        orientation();
        mark1=1;
        exy1();
        state=2;
        orientation();
        mark1=0;
      no=0;
else if(x<0 && y>0)
        getvalues();
        exy();
        state=4;
        orientation();
        mark1=1;
        exx1();
        state=3;
        orientation();
        mark1=0;
      no=0;
```

```
void getvalues() // Get values from IR sensors
1 = digitalRead(left);
   r = digitalRead(right);
void compare()
  if(l=0 \&\& r==0) // means IR sensors in white line
       forward();
  if(l==1 && r==0) // left IR in black, Right IR in white= turn left
       Tleft();
      else if(l==0 && r==1) // Right IR in black, left IR in white= turn Right
       Tright();
  if(l==1 && r==1 && mask==0) // Right IR in black, left IR in black= stop
       delay(300);
       off();
       mask=1;
                    // to stop increment (pos++), will not enter again
           // unless it move to white line
      if(y>0 \&\& x<0 \&\& mark1==1||y<0 \&\& x>0 \&\& mark1==1)
         {
             pos--;
    else if(x<0 && y<0 && mark2==1||y<0 && x==0||x<0 && y==0)
         pos--;
    else pos++;
     forward();
  if(l=0 \&\& r==0) // both IR sensors in white line
       mask=0;
void exy() // execute y, if its value is positive
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loop7:
 if (y > pos) //pos= position (increment by 1 (pos++) after each intersection)
   getvalues();
   compare();
 else if (y == pos)
   off();
   pos=0;
   oy=abs(ny);
   goto loop8;
 goto loop7;
 loop8:
 oy=abs(ny);
 pos=0;
void exx()
 loop9:
 if(x>pos)
   getvalues();
   compare();
 else if(x==pos)
   off();
  pos=0;
   ox=abs(nx);
   goto loop10;
 goto loop9;
  loop10:
 ox=abs(nx);
 pos=0;
void exy1() // Execute -y (for negative values of y) different process of y
 loop7:
 if (y < pos) // y= -
   getvalues();
   compare();
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```
else if(y == pos)
   off();
    pos=0;
    oy=abs(ny);
    goto loop8;
  goto loop7;
  loop8:
  oy=abs(ny);
  pos=0;
void exx1() // Execute -x (for negative values of x) different process of x
  loop9:
  if(x < pos)
    getvalues();
    compare();
  else if(x == pos)
    off();
    pos=0;
    ox=abs(nx);
    goto loop10;
  goto loop9;
  loop10:
  ox=abs(nx);
  pos=0;
void inertia() // this function is to initiate the car
  analogWrite(ena,5);
  analogWrite(enb,5);
  digitalWrite(in1,LOW);
  digitalWrite(in2,HIGH);
  digitalWrite(in3,LOW);
  digitalWrite(in4,HIGH);
  delay(50);
void forward()
```

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if(mask2==0) // just at the begin (after each intersection)
      inertia();
      mask2=1;
  analogWrite(ena,35);
  analogWrite(enb,35);
  digitalWrite(in1,LOW);
  digitalWrite(in2,HIGH);
 digitalWrite(in3,LOW);
 digitalWrite(in4,HIGH);
void Tleft() // turn left
 analogWrite(ena,5);
  analogWrite(enb,4);
  digitalWrite(in1,LOW);
 digitalWrite(in2,HIGH);
  digitalWrite(in3,HIGH);
 digitalWrite(in4,LOW);
void Tright() // turn right
 analogWrite(ena,4);
  analogWrite(enb,5);
  digitalWrite(in1,HIGH);
  digitalWrite(in2,LOW);
 digitalWrite(in3,LOW);
 digitalWrite(in4,HIGH);
void off() // stop
 mask2=0; // to trigger inertia function when car move again
  digitalWrite(in1,LOW);
 digitalWrite(in2,LOW);
 digitalWrite(in3,LOW);
 digitalWrite(in4,LOW);
void orientation()
 if (state==2)
  {// to reverse Orientation
   Tleft180();
   off();
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state=0;
  }else if(state==3)
   Tright90();
   off();
    state=0;
 }else if(state==4)
   Tleft90();
   off();
    state=0;
void Tleft180()
  analogWrite(ena,170);
  analogWrite(enb,240);
  digitalWrite(in1,LOW);
 digitalWrite(in2,HIGH);
  digitalWrite(in3,HIGH);
 digitalWrite(in4,LOW);
 delay(500);
void Tleft90()
  analogWrite(ena,250);
  analogWrite(enb,110);
  digitalWrite(in1,LOW);
  digitalWrite(in2,HIGH);
 digitalWrite(in3,HIGH);
 digitalWrite(in4,LOW);
 delay(315);
void Tright90()
    analogWrite(ena,140);
    analogWrite(enb,240);
   digitalWrite(in1,HIGH);
   digitalWrite(in2,LOW);
   digitalWrite(in3,LOW);
   digitalWrite(in4,HIGH);
   delay(270);
```