

3,

$$P(t) = -t^3 + 33t^2 - 216t + 1000 \quad t \in [0, 24]$$

$$a) P(0) = -0^3 + 33 \cdot 0^2 - 216 \cdot 0 + 1000 = 1000 \text{ MW}$$

$$1000 \text{ MW} \cdot 24 = \underline{24000 \text{ MW}}$$

$$\begin{aligned} b) & \int_0^{24} (-t^3 + 33t^2 - 216t + 1000) \\ &= \int_0^{24} (-t^3) + \int_0^{24} (33t^2) - \int_0^{24} (216t) + \int_0^{24} (1000) \\ &= \int_0^{24} -\frac{1}{4}t^4 + 11t^3 - 108t^2 + 1000t + C \\ &= \left(-\frac{1}{4} \cdot 24^4 + 11 \cdot 24^3 - 108 \cdot 24^2 + 1000 \cdot 24 \right) - 0 \\ &= \underline{30912 \text{ MW}} \end{aligned}$$

$$c) \int_8^{16} -\frac{1}{4}t^4 + 11t^3 - 108t^2 + 1000t$$

$$= \left(-\frac{1}{4} \cdot 16^4 + 11 \cdot 16^3 - 108 \cdot 16^2 + 1000 \cdot 16 \right)$$

$$\Rightarrow - \left(-\frac{1}{4} \cdot 8^4 + 11 \cdot 8^3 - 108 \cdot 8^2 + 1000 \cdot 8 \right)$$

$$= \underline{11328 \text{ MW}}$$

$$5. \quad v(t) = 50t + 130 \quad (0 \leq t \leq 4)$$

$$\int_{1,5}^3 50t + 130 \, dt$$

$$= \left[25t^2 + 130t \right]_{1,5}^3$$

$$= (25 \cdot 3^2 + 130 \cdot 3) - (25 \cdot 1,5^2 + 130 \cdot 1,5)$$

$$= \underline{\underline{363,75 \, \text{m}^3}}$$

$$15. \quad y = x^2 + 1$$

$$\int_{-1}^1 x^2 + 1 \, dx = \left[\frac{1}{3}x^3 + x \right]_{-1}^1$$

$$= \left(\frac{1}{3} \cdot 1^3 + 1 \right) - \left(\frac{1}{3} \cdot (-1)^3 + (-1) \right)$$

$$= \underline{\underline{2,666... \, (\text{p.a.y}) \approx 2,7 \, (\text{p.a.y})}}$$

16

$$y = e^{3x} - 2$$

$$e^{3x} - 2 = 0 \quad || +2$$

$$e^{3x} = 2 \quad || \ln$$

$$3x = \ln(2) \quad || :3$$

$$x = \frac{\ln(2)}{3}$$

$$\int_0^{\frac{\ln(2)}{3}} e^{3x} - 2 \, dx = \int_0^{\frac{\ln(2)}{3}} \frac{1}{3} 3e^{3x} - 2 \, dx \quad \begin{matrix} D(3x) \\ = 3 \end{matrix}$$

$$\int_0^{\frac{\ln(2)}{3}} \frac{1}{3} e^{3x} - 2 \, dx$$

$$= \left(\frac{1}{3} e^{3 \cdot \frac{\ln(2)}{3}} - 2 \cdot \frac{\ln(2)}{3} \right) - \left(\frac{1}{3} e^{3 \cdot 0} - 2 \cdot 0 \right)$$

$$= -1287... \quad \text{Ei} \quad A \approx 0,13 \quad \text{p.a.y}$$

19.

$$f(x) = 6x^4 - 4x^2 + 1$$

$$g(x) = 2x^4 - x^2 + 2$$

$$6x^4 - 4x^2 + 1 = 2x^4 - x^2 + 2$$

$$6x^4 - 4x^2 = 2x^4 - x^2 + 1$$

$$4x^4 - 3x^2 = 1$$

$$4x^4 - 3x^2 - 1 = 0$$

$$|| -1$$

$$|| -2x^4 || + x^2$$

$$|| -1$$

Oletaan nolla kohdat laskimeillä:

$$x = 1 \quad \text{tai} \quad x = -1$$

$$\int_{-1}^1 [f(x) - g(x)] dx$$

$$= \int_{-1}^1 (6x^4 - 4x^2 + 1) - (2x^4 - x^2 + 2) dx$$

$$= -2,4 \quad \text{Eli} \quad A = 2,4 \quad \text{P.a. y}$$

21

$$y = x^2 - 2$$

$$y = x^2$$

$$x = 0$$

$$x = 3$$

$$\int [f(x) - g(x)] dx$$

$$\int_0^3 (x^2) - (x^2 - 2) = 6 \text{ dm}^2$$

$$V = A \cdot h = 6 \text{ dm}^2 \cdot 0,05 \text{ dm} = 0,30 \text{ dm}^3$$

$$m = \rho V = 0,30 \cdot 10^{-3} \text{ m}^3 \cdot 7800 \frac{\text{kg}}{\text{m}^3} = 2,34 \text{ kg}$$