



# Asterisk Expressions



by pkacprzak

Problem

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In Mathematics, *exponentiation* has higher [operator precedence](#) than multiplication. This means that any exponentiation in the expression must be evaluated first before any multiplication. For the purposes of this challenge, exponentiation is [left-associative](#), which is different than you would normally evaluate it. This means that  $2^{3^2}$  is evaluated as  $(2^3)^2 = 64$  and *not* as  $2^{(3^2)} = 512$ .

In [Python](#), the exponentiation operator is denoted by a double asterisk (`**`). For example,  $a^k$  is expressed as `a**k`. To express multiplication, we use a single asterisk operator, `*`. For example, we express  $a \times b$  as `a*b`.

An expression,  $e$ , consisting of decimal digits and asterisks is *valid* if and only if it forms a valid mathematical expression when each double-asterisk (i.e., `**`) is replaced with a math exponentiation sign. For example, `2**4*5**3` is a valid expression translating to  $2^4 \times 5^3$ , while `*2**3`, `2***3`, `4*5**`, and `4**2*` are invalid as they do not translate to valid mathematical expressions.

Given  $t$  expressions consisting of decimal digits and asterisks, parse each expression and determine its validity. If an expression is valid, print its evaluated value modulo  $10^9 + 7$  on a new line; if it's invalid, print [Syntax Error](#) instead.

## Input Format

The first line contains a single integer,  $t$ , denoting the number of expressions.  
Each line  $i$  of the  $t$  subsequent lines contains a single string,  $e_i$ , denoting an expression.

## Constraints

- $1 \leq t \leq 10$
- $1 \leq |e| \leq 10^5$
- There are at most **17** consecutive digits in an expression.
- Consecutive sequences of digits in an expression will never start with **0**.
- Each expression  $e$  consists of decimal digits (i.e., **0** through **9**) and asterisks (`*`) only.

## Output Format

For each expression,  $e_i$ , print its answer on a new line. If  $e_i$  is valid, the answer is the evaluated expression **mod** ( $10^9 + 7$ ); otherwise, it's [Syntax Error](#).

## Sample Input

### Sample Input 0

```
1
3*2**3**2*5
```

### Sample Output 0

```
960
```

## Explanation 0

We have  $n = 1$  expression to evaluate. Because exponentiation has higher operator precedence than multiplication, and because exponentiation is left-associative here, the expression evaluates to  $3 \times (2^3)^2 \times 5 = 3 \times 64 \times 5 = 960 \bmod (10^9 + 7) = 960$ . Thus, we print **960** on a new line.

## Sample Input 1

```
1
3***4
```

### Sample Output 1

```
Syntax Error
```

### Explanation 1

We have  $n = 1$  expression to evaluate. Because this expression contains three consecutive asterisks, it cannot be evaluated as a mathematical expression. Thus, we print *Syntax Error* on a new line.



Contest ends in a day

Submissions: 933



Max Score: 50

Difficulty: Medium

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1

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