Write a program to create a NumPy 1D-array with 5 elements and perform basic operations

```
import numpy as np
x=[1,2,3,4,5]
arr=np.array(x)
#1) - (a)
arr sum=arr+2
print(arr sum)
#1)-(b)
arr multiply=arr*3
print(arr multiply)
#1)-(c)
arr div=arr/3
print(arr div)
[3 4 5 6 7]
[ 3 6 9 12 15]
[0.33333333 0.66666667 1.
                                   1.33333333 1.666666671
```

Questions on Basic NumPy Array

```
arr=np.array([1,2,3,6,4,5])
#2)-(a)
arr rev=arr[::-1]
print(arr rev)
#2)-(b):1
x=np.array([1,2,3,4,5,1,2,1,1,1])
x = np.array([1,2,3,4,5,1,2,1,1,1])
most frequent = np.bincount(x).argmax()
indices = np.where(x == most frequent)[0]
print(most frequent, indices)
[5 4 6 3 2 1]
#3)
arr = np.array([[10, 20, 30], [40, 50, 60], [70, 80, 90]])
# a) Accessing the element at the first row and second column
element 1 \ 2 = arr[0][1]
print("Element at (1st row, 2nd column):", element 1 2)
# b) Accessing the element at the third row and first column
element 3 1 = arr[2][0]
print("Element at (3rd row, 1st column):", element 3 1)
Element at (1st row, 2nd column): 20
Element at (3rd row, 1st column): 70
#4)
Karan=np.linspace(10,100,25)
print(Karan)
```

```
print("\nDimensions:", Karan.shape)
print("\nTotal elements:", Karan.size)
print("\nData Type of each element:", Karan.dtype)
print("\nTotal Number of bytes consumed:",Karan.itemsize*Karan.size)
print("\nTranspose:\n", Karan.reshape(25))
Karan.T
print("\nYes,we can do the Transpose of this array using T attribute")
                      21.25 25.
        13.75
               17.5
                                    28.75
                                           32.5
                                                  36.25
                                                         40.
                                                                43.75
               55.
                      58.75 62.5
 47.5
        51.25
                                    66.25 70.
                                                  73.75 77.5
                                                                81.25
  85.
        88.75 92.5
                      96.25 100.
Dimensions: (25,)
Total elements: 25
Data Type of each element: float64
Total Number of bytes consumed: 200
Transpose:
[ 10.
         13.75 17.5 21.25 25.
                                     28.75 32.5
                                                   36.25 40.
43.75
  47.5
        51.25 55.
                      58.75 62.5
                                    66.25 70. 73.75 77.5
                                                                81.25
        88.75 92.5
                      96.25 100. 1
Yes, we can do the Transpose of this array using T attribute
ucs420 Karan=np.array([[10,20,30,40],[50,60,70,80],[90,15,20,35]])
print("Mean:",np.mean(ucs420 Karan))
print("\nMedian:",np.median(ucs420_Karan))
print("\nMax:",np.max(ucs420 Karan))
print("\nMin:",np.min(ucs420 Karan))
print("\nUnique elements:",np.unique(ucs420 Karan))
reshaped ucs420 Karan=ucs420 Karan.reshape(4,3)
print("\n", reshaped ucs420 Karan)
resized ucs420 Karan = np.resize(ucs420 Karan, (2, 3))
print("Resized array (2 rows*3 columns):\n",resized ucs420 Karan)
Mean: 43.33333333333333
Median: 37.5
Max: 90
Min: 10
Unique elements: [10 15 20 30 35 40 50 60 70 80 90]
 [[10 20 30]
 [40 50 60]
 [70 80 90]
```

```
[15 20 35]]
Resized array (2 rows*3 columns):
  [[10 20 30]
  [40 50 60]]
```