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CLASS:- B.E - 4
ROLL NO:- 04
BATCH:- A

Experiment No-5

AIM: To implement Matrix multiplication using Map-Reduce.

THEORY:

What is Matrix Multiplication?

Matrix multiplication is a binary operation that takes a pair of matrices, and produces another matrix. Numbers such as the real or complex numbers can be multiplied according to elementary arithmetic.

Let A be an m x n matrix and B an n x p matrix.

$$\mathbf{A} = \begin{bmatrix} a_{11} & a_{12} & \cdots & a_{1n} \\ a_{21} & a_{22} & \cdots & a_{2n} \\ \vdots & \vdots & \ddots & \vdots \\ a_{m1} & a_{m2} & \cdots & a_{mn} \end{bmatrix} \quad \mathbf{B} = \begin{bmatrix} b_{11} & b_{12} & \cdots & b_{1p} \\ b_{21} & b_{22} & \cdots & b_{2p} \\ \vdots & \vdots & \ddots & \vdots \\ b_{n1} & b_{n2} & \cdots & b_{np} \end{bmatrix}$$

We want to compute the product AB, an m x p matrix.

$$\mathbf{AB} = \begin{bmatrix} \sum_{j=1}^n a_{1j}b_{j1} & \sum_{j=1}^n a_{1j}b_{j2} & \cdots & \sum_{j=1}^n a_{1j}b_{jp} \\ \sum_{j=1}^n a_{2j}b_{j1} & \sum_{j=1}^n a_{2j}b_{j2} & \cdots & \sum_{j=1}^n a_{2j}b_{jp} \\ \vdots & \vdots & \ddots & \vdots \\ \sum_{j=1}^n a_{mj}b_{j1} & \sum_{j=1}^n a_{mj}b_{j2} & \cdots & \sum_{j=1}^n a_{mj}b_{jp} \end{bmatrix}$$

INPUT

The input file has one line of the following format for each non-zero element m_{ij} of a matrix M:
<M><i><j><m_{ij}>

Suppose

$$\mathbf{A} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 \\ 5 & 6 & 7 & 8 & 9 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\mathbf{B} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 2 \\ 3 & 4 & 5 \\ 6 & 7 & 8 \\ 9 & 10 & 11 \\ 12 & 13 & 14 \end{bmatrix}$$

The input file that represents A and B has the following lines:

| | |
|-----------|------------|
| A,0,1,1.0 | B,1,1,4.0 |
| A,0,2,2.0 | B,1,2,5.0 |
| A,0,3,3.0 | B,2,0,6.0 |
| A,0,4,4.0 | B,2,1,7.0 |
| A,1,0,5.0 | B,2,2,8.0 |
| A,1,1,6.0 | B,3,0,9.0 |
| A,1,2,7.0 | B,3,1,10.0 |
| A,1,3,8.0 | B,3,2,11.0 |
| A,1,4,9.0 | B,4,0,12.0 |
| B,0,1,1.0 | B,4,1,13.0 |
| B,0,2,2.0 | B,4,2,14.0 |
| B,1,0,3.0 | |

The output file has one line of the following format for each non-zero element m_{ij} of a matrix M:
<i><j><m_ij>

In our example, the output file that represents AB should have the following lines:

```
0,0,90.0
0,1,100.0
0,2,110.0
1,0,240.0
1,1,275.0
1,2,310.0
```

ALGORITHM:

```
map(key, value):
    // value is ("A", i, j, a_ij) or ("B", j, k, b_jk)
    if value[0] == "A":
        i = value[1]
        j = value[2]
        a_ij = value[3]
        for k = 1 to p:
            emit((i, k), (A, j, a_ij))
    else:
        j = value[1]
        k = value[2]
        b_jk = value[3]
        for i = 1 to m:
            emit((i, k), (B, j, b_jk))

reduce(key, values):
    // key is (i, k)
    // values is a list of ("A", j, a_ij) and ("B", j, b_jk)
    hash_A = {j: a_ij for (x, j, a_ij) in values if x == A}
    hash_B = {j: b_jk for (x, j, b_jk) in values if x == B}
    result = 0
    for j = 1 to n:
        result += hash_A[j] * hash_B[j]
    emit(key, result)
```

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 2 \\ 1 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \quad B = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 2 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

| INPUT TEXT | MAP | |
|------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| A 0,0,0.0 | (0,0) (A,0,0.0) | (0,0) (B,0,1.0) |
| A 0,1,2.0 | (0,1) (A,0,0.0) | (0,1) (B,0,1.0) |
| A 1,0,1.0 | (0,0) (A,1,2.0) | (0,0) (B,1,2.0) |
| A 1,1,3.0 | (0,1) (A,1,2.0) | (0,1) (B,1,2.0) |
| B 0,0,1.0 | (1,0) (A,0,1.0) | (1,0) (B,0,2.0) |
| B 0,1,2.0 | (1,1) (A,0,1.0) | (1,1) (B,0,2.0) |
| B 1,0,2.0 | (1,0) (A,1,3.0) | (1,0) (B,1,1.0) |
| B 1,1,1.0 | (1,1) (A,1,3.0) | (1,1) (B,1,1.0) |

Reduce:

$$(0,0) \begin{bmatrix} (A,0,0.0) \\ (A,1,2.0) \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} (B,0,1.0) \\ (B,1,2.0) \end{bmatrix} = (0 \times 1) + (2 \times 2) = \underline{4}$$

$$(0,1) \begin{bmatrix} (A,0,0.0) \\ (A,1,2.0) \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} (B,0,2.0) \\ (B,1,1.0) \end{bmatrix} = (0 \times 2) + (2 \times 1) = \underline{2}$$

$$(1,0) \begin{bmatrix} (A,0,1.0) \\ (A,1,3.0) \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} (B,0,1.0) \\ (B,1,2.0) \end{bmatrix} = (1 \times 1) + (3 \times 2) = \underline{7}$$

$$(1,1) \begin{bmatrix} (A,0,1.0) \\ (A,1,3.0) \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} (B,0,2.0) \\ (B,1,1.0) \end{bmatrix} = (1 \times 2) + (3 \times 1) = \underline{5}$$

$$\text{Final Answer} = \begin{bmatrix} 4 & 2 \\ 7 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$$

CONCLUSION:

Thus, Map-Reduce technique is used to perform Matrix Multiplication. Map function reads the input file and generates the intermediate key-value pairs of matrix. Reduce function multiplies and generates final result in key-value pairs which can be viewed in HDFS.

| Program formation/ Execution/ ethical practices (06) | Timely Submission and Documentation (02) | Viva Answer (02) | Experiment Marks (10) | Teacher Signature with date |
|---|--|---------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------------|
| | | | | |

MATRIX MULTIPLICATION:-

```
package packagel;
import java.io.IOException;
import java.util.*;
import org.apache.hadoop.fs.Path;
import org.apache.hadoop.conf.*;
import org.apache.hadoop.io.*;
import org.apache.hadoop.mapreduce.*;
import org.apache.hadoop.mapreduce.lib.input.FileInputFormat;
import org.apache.hadoop.mapreduce.lib.input.TextInputFormat;
import org.apache.hadoop.mapreduce.lib.output.FileOutputFormat;
import org.apache.hadoop.mapreduce.lib.output.TextOutputFormat;

public class Matrixmulti{

    public static class Map extends Mapper<LongWritable, Text, Text, Text> {
        public void map(LongWritable key, Text value, Context context) throws
IOException, InterruptedException {
            Configuration conf = context.getConfiguration();
            int m = Integer.parseInt(conf.get("m"));
            int p = Integer.parseInt(conf.get("p"));
            String line = value.toString();
            String[] indicesAndValue = line.split(",");
            Text outputKey = new Text();
            Text outputValue = new Text();
            if (indicesAndValue[0].equals("A")) {
                for (int k = 0; k < p; k++) {
                    outputKey.set(indicesAndValue[1] + "," + k);
                    outputValue.set("A," + indicesAndValue[2] + "," +
indicesAndValue[3]);
                    context.write(outputKey, outputValue);
                }
            } else {
                for (int i = 0; i < m; i++) {
                    outputKey.set(i + "," + indicesAndValue[2]);
                    outputValue.set("B," + indicesAndValue[1] + "," +
indicesAndValue[3]);
                    context.write(outputKey, outputValue);
                }
            }
        }
    }

    public static class Reduce extends Reducer<Text, Text, Text, Text> {
        public void reduce(Text key, Iterable<Text> values, Context context)
throws IOException, InterruptedException {
            String[] value;
            HashMap<Integer, Float> hashA = new HashMap<Integer, Float>();
            HashMap<Integer, Float> hashB = new HashMap<Integer, Float>();
            for (Text val : values) {
                value = val.toString().split(",");
                if (value[0].equals("A")) {
                    hashA.put(Integer.parseInt(value[1]),
Float.parseFloat(value[2]));
                } else {
                    hashB.put(Integer.parseInt(value[1]),
Float.parseFloat(value[2]));
                }
            }
            int n = Integer.parseInt(context.getConfiguration().get("n"));
            float result = 0.0f;
            float a_ij;
```

```

        float b_jk;
        for (int j = 0; j < n; j++) {
            a_ij = hashA.containsKey(j) ? hashA.get(j) : 0.0f;
            b_jk = hashB.containsKey(j) ? hashB.get(j) : 0.0f;
            result += a_ij * b_jk;
        }
        if (result != 0.0f) {
            context.write(null, new Text(key.toString() + "," +
Float.toString(result)));
        }
    }
}

public static void main(String[] args) throws Exception {
    Configuration conf = new Configuration();
    // A is an m-by-n matrix; B is an n-by-p matrix.
    conf.set("m", "2");
    conf.set("n", "3");
    conf.set("p", "3");

    Job job = new Job(conf, "MatrixMatrixMultiplicationOneStep");
    job.setJarByClass(Matrixmulti.class);
    job.setOutputKeyClass(Text.class);
    job.setOutputValueClass(Text.class);

    job.setMapperClass(Map.class);
    job.setReducerClass(Reduce.class);

    job.setInputFormatClass(TextInputFormat.class);
    job.setOutputFormatClass(TextOutputFormat.class);

    FileInputFormat.addInputPath(job, new Path(args[0]));
    FileOutputFormat.setOutputPath(job, new Path(args[1]));

    job.waitForCompletion(true);
}
}

```

input file matrix.txt in HDFS:-

A,0,0,0.0
A,0,1,2.0
A,1,0,1.0
A,1,1,3.0
B,0,0,1.0
B,0,1,2.0
B,1,0,2.0
B,1,1,1.0

```
[training@localhost ~]$ hadoop jar mul.jar package1.Matrixmulti matrix_in  
matrix_out
```

```
[training@localhost ~]$ hadoop fs -ls matrix_out
```

Found 3 items

```
-rw-r--r--    1 training supergroup          0 2016-02-25 00:19  
/user/training/matrix_out/_SUCCESS  
drwxr-xr-x    - training supergroup          0 2016-02-25 00:18  
/user/training/matrix_out/_logs  
-rw-r--r--    1 training supergroup        32 2016-02-25 00:19  
/user/training/matrix_out/part-r-00000
```

```
[training@localhost ~]$ hadoop fs -cat matrix_out/part-r-00000
```

output file matrix_out in HDFS:-

0,0,4.0
0,1,2.0
1,0,7.0
1,1,5.0