```
Started on Saturday, 3 May 2025, 3:17 PM

State Finished

Completed on Saturday, 3 May 2025, 3:56 PM

Time taken 39 mins 9 secs

Grade 80.00 out of 100.00
```

```
Question 1
Correct
Mark 20.00 out of 20.00
```

LONGEST COMMON SUBSTRING PROBLEM

The longest common substring problem is the problem of finding the longest string (or strings) that is a substring (or are substrings) of two strings.

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
1 def lcss(s1,s2):
2
        m=len(s1)
 3
         n=len(s2)
        dp=[[0] *(n+1) for _ in range(m+1)]
 4
 5
        maxl=<mark>0</mark>
 6
         end=<mark>0</mark>
 7 •
         for i in range(1,m+1):
8 🕶
             for j in range(1,n+1):
                  if s1[i-1]==s2[j-1]:
dp[i][j]=dp[i-1][j-1]+1
9 •
10
11 •
                      if dp[i][j]>maxl:
12
                           maxl=dp[i][j]
13
                           end=i
14
        lcs=s1[end-max1:end]
15
        return lcs
    s1=input()
16
17
    s2=input()
18
    res=lcss(s1,s2)
19
    print('The longest common substring is',res)
20
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
~	ABC BABA	The longest common substring is AB	The longest common substring is AB	~
~	abcdxyz xyzabcd	The longest common substring is abcd	The longest common substring is abcd	~

Passed all tests! 🗸

Correct

Marks for this submission: 20.00/20.00.

```
Question 2
Correct
Mark 20.00 out of 20.00
```

To Write a Python Program to find longest common subsequence using Dynamic Programming

For example:

Input	Result		
abcbdab	bdab		
bdcaba			

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
1 def lcs(s1,s2):
        m=len(s1)
        n=len(s2)
3
        dp=[[0] *(n+1) for _ in range(m+1)]
4
 5
        for i in range(1,m+1):
6 •
7 🔻
            for j in range(1,n+1):
                if s1[i-1]==s2[j-1]:
8 •
9
                     dp[i][j]=dp[i-1][j-1]+1
10 •
                     dp[i][j]=max(dp[i-1][j],dp[i][j-1])
11
12
13
        lcs=[]
14
        i=m
15
        j=n
16 •
        while i>0 and j>0:
            if s1[i-1]==s2[j-1]:
17 🕶
18
                lcs.append(s1[i-1])
19
                i-=1
            j-=1
elif dp[i-1][j]>dp[i][j-1]:
20
21 🔻
                i-=1
22
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
~	abcbdab bdcaba	bdab	bdab	~
~	treehouse elephant	eeh	eeh	~

Passed all tests! 🗸

Correct

Marks for this submission: 20.00/20.00

```
Question 3

Not answered

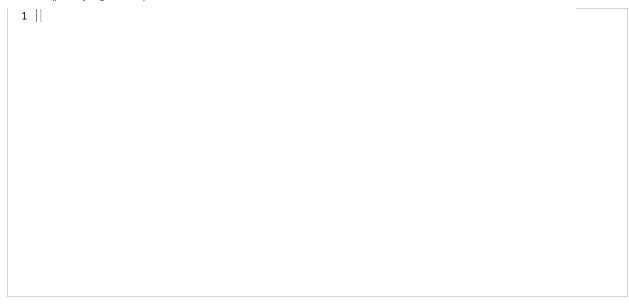
Mark 0.00 out of 20.00
```

Write a python program to implement merge sort without using recursive function on the given list of float values.

For example:

	_
Input	Result
4.1 3.2 5.6	left: [6.2] Right: [4.1] left: [3.2] Right: [5.6] left: [7.4] Right: [] left: [4.1, 6.2] Right: [3.2, 5.6] left: [7.4] Right: [] left: [3.2, 4.1, 5.6, 6.2] Right: [7.4] [3.2, 4.1, 5.6, 6.2, 7.4]
8.9 4.5 6.2 1.5	left: [3.2] Right: [8.9] left: [4.5] Right: [6.2] left: [1.5] Right: [8.0] left: [3.2, 8.9] Right: [4.5, 6.2] left: [1.5, 8.0] Right: [] left: [3.2, 4.5, 6.2, 8.9] Right: [1.5, 8.0] [1.5, 3.2, 4.5, 6.2, 8.0, 8.9]

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)



```
Question 4
Correct
Mark 20.00 out of 20.00
```

Create a Naive recursive python program to find the minimum number of operations to convert str1 to str2

For example:

Input	Result			
Python Peithen	Edit Distance	3		

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
Reset answer
```

```
1 v def LD(s, t):
        ####### Add your code here #########
 2
        if s=='':
 3 ▼
 4
            return len(t)
       if t=='':
 5 ▼
 6
            return len(s)
       if s[-1]==t[-1]:
 7 ▼
 8
            cost=<mark>0</mark>
 9 ▼
        else:
            cost=1
10
        res=min([LD(s[:-1],t)+1,\ LD(s,t[:-1])+1,\ LD(s[:-1],t[:-1])+cost])
11
        return res
12
13
14 str1=input()
15 str2=input()
16 print('Edit Distance',LD(str1,str2))
17
18
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
~	Python Peithen	Edit Distance 3	Edit Distance 3	~
~	food money	Edit Distance 4	Edit Distance 4	~

Passed all tests! ✔

Correct

Marks for this submission: 20.00/20.00.

```
Question 5
Correct
Mark 20.00 out of 20.00
```

Given a string s, return the longest palindromic substring in s.

Example 1:

```
Input: s = "babad"
Output: "bab"
Explanation: "aba" is also a valid answer.
```

Example 2:

```
Input: s = "cbbd"
Output: "bb"
```

For example:

Test	Input	Result
ob1.longestPalindrome(str1)	ABCBCB	BCBCB

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

Reset answer

```
1 ▼ class Solution(object):
       def longestPalindrome(self, s):
3
         n=len(s)
4
           dp=[[False]*n for i in range(n)]
5
           for x in range(n):
6 ▼
7
               dp[x][x]=True
8
           start=0
9
           maxl=1
10 🕶
           for 1 in range(2,n+1):
               for i in range(n-l+1):
    j=i+l-1
    if l==2:
11 •
12
13 ⋅
                       if s[i]==s[j]:
14 ▼
15
                           dp[i][j]=True
16
                           max1=1
17
                           start=i
                   else:
18
19 •
                       if s[i]==s[j] and dp[i+1][j-1]:
                           dp[i][j]=True
20
21
                           max1=1
22
                           start=i
```

	Test	Input	Expected	Got	
~	ob1.longestPalindrome(str1)	ABCBCB	BCBCB	BCBCB	~
~	ob1.longestPalindrome(str1)	BABAD	ABA	ABA	~

Passed all tests! ✔

Correct

Marks for this submission: 20.00/20.00.