

In-Depth Analysis: N₂O Emissions from Transport

1. Full-Series Trend (1970–2024): A Story of Peaked Growth

Nitrous Oxide (N₂O) emissions from transport are a minor source, growing from **~0.8 Mt CO₂eq** in 1970 to **~7.5 Mt CO₂eq** in 2024. While the scale is small, the trend is highly informative: it tells a story of a growth boom in the mid-2000s followed by a decade of successful moderation, likely due to improvements in vehicle technology.

2. Breakpoint Detection: The Boom and the Moderation

The analysis identifies breakpoints at **1998, 2005, and 2010**. The slopes reveal a “boom-and-bust” pattern in the growth rate: [**0.07 → -0.002 → 0.53 → 0.14**].

- **1970–2004:** The first three decades saw very little growth, with a period of stagnation around the turn of the millennium.
- **Regime 3: 2005–2009 (The Brief Boom):** For a short five-year period, the growth rate of N₂O emissions exploded. This may be linked to the specific engine technologies and catalytic converters that were prevalent during this specific phase of the auto boom.
- **Regime 4: 2010–2024 (The Long Moderation):** The most important insight is that following the 2010 break, the growth rate fell by **75%** and has remained at this lower, more manageable level for the last 14 years.

Inference: This strongly suggests that as vehicle emission standards (like the transition to BS-IV and beyond) became more stringent and widely adopted after 2010, the technology used in catalytic converters became more effective at controlling N₂O emissions, successfully “bending the curve” of this pollutant.

3. COVID-19 Impact & Forecast

The 2020 break was not statistically significant for this series, indicating the pandemic did not alter the established, moderate growth trend. The forecast projects continued slow growth, with emissions rising to **~12 Mt CO₂eq by 2034**.

4. Core Data-Backed Conclusions

- **A Story of Successful Mitigation:** The transport sector has successfully moderated the growth of its N₂O emissions for over a decade.
- **Technology Standards Work:** The data provides strong evidence that stricter emission control technologies, mandated by evolving Bharat Stage norms, have been effective at curbing this specific pollutant.

- **A Positive Counter-Narrative:** While the growth of transport CO₂ remains a challenge, the story of N₂O (and to some extent, methane) shows that targeted technological policies can be highly effective at controlling specific, harmful tailpipe emissions.