Title: Online Bank Management System

• **Subtitle:** EX 8 : OO design — Package, Component and deployment models

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1. Package Model

Overview

The Online Bank Management System is structured into distinct packages to modularize functionalities such as user authentication, transaction processing, loan management, and notifications. Each package contains relevant classes that handle specific banking operations.

Packages and Their Classes

1. User Management Package

- User Represents customers and employees.
- Customer Stores customer-specific details (e.g., name, email, account information).
- Employee Handles employee details and tasks.
- Admin Manages administrative actions (e.g., user account control).
- Authentication Manages user login, authentication, and access control.

2. Account Management Package

- Account Stores account details (e.g., account type, balance, status).
- SavingsAccount Inherits from Account for savings accounts.
- CurrentAccount Inherits from Account for current accounts.
- TransactionHistory Stores transaction logs for auditing.

3. Transaction Processing Package

- Transaction Manages all banking transactions.
- FundTransfer Handles online fund transfers between accounts.
- BillPayment Manages bill payments through the banking system.
- ExternalPaymentGateway Connects to third-party payment services.

4. Loan Management Package

- LoanApplication Handles customer loan applications.
- LoanApproval Processes loan approvals and rejections.

- LoanRepayment Manages EMI payments and schedules.
- InterestCalculator Computes interest and repayment details.

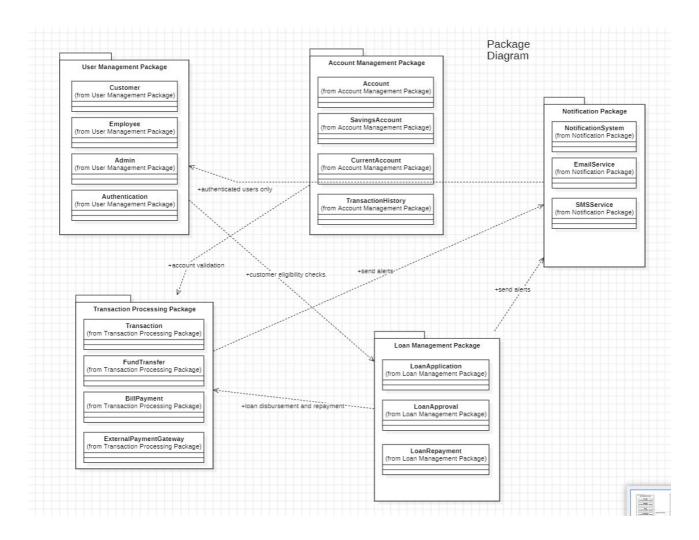
5. Notification Package

- NotificationSystem Sends alerts and messages to customers.
- EmailService Sends email notifications.
- SMSService Sends SMS alerts.

Dependencies

- The Transaction Processing package depends on Account Management for account validation.
- The Loan Management package depends on User Management for customer eligibility checks.
- The Notification package interacts with Transaction Processing and Loan Management to send alerts.
- The Authentication package controls access to all other packages.
- The Transaction Processing package depends on the ExternalPaymentGateway for online transactions.
- The Loan Management package depends on Transaction Processing for loan disbursement and repayment.
- The Admin class in User Management depends on Account Management and Loan Management for monitoring transactions and loan approvals.
- The Notification Package depends on Authentication to ensure notifications are sent to authenticated users only.

Package Diagram:



2. Component Model

Overview

The Component Model represents the modular structure of the Online Bank Management System, showing interactions between different components through defined interfaces.

Components and Their Interfaces

1. User Authentication Service

- Interfaces:
 - registerUser() Registers a new customer.
 - loginUser() Authenticates a customer.
 - updateProfile() Allows users to modify account details.
 - validateUser() Verifies login credentials.
- **Motive:** Handles user authentication and profile updates.

2. Transaction Processing System

- Interfaces:
 - processTransaction() Handles fund transfers and payments.
 - validateAccount() Ensures sufficient balance before transactions.
 - transferFunds() Transfers money between accounts.
- **Motive:** Ensures secure and accurate financial transactions.

3. Loan Management System

- Interfaces:
 - applyLoan() Submits a new loan request.
 - approveLoan() Approves or rejects a loan.
 - calculateEMI() Computes repayment details.
- **Motive:** Manages loan applications, approvals, and repayments.

4. Notification System

• Interfaces:

- sendNotification() Sends general notifications.
- sendEmail() Sends email alerts.
- sendSMS() Sends SMS notifications.
- **Motive:** Keeps customers informed about transactions and account updates.

5. Database Service

- Interfaces:
 - storeData() Saves customer, account, and transaction details.
 - fetchData() Retrieves stored data.
 - updateData() Updates records in the database.
- **Motive:** Ensures secure and efficient data storage.

6. Admin Management System

- Interfaces:
 - manageUsers() Blocks or unblocks users.
 - manageAccounts() Freezes or deactivates accounts.
- **Motive:** Allows administrative control over banking operations.

Dependencies

- User Authentication interacts with Transaction Processing and Loan Management for secure transactions.
- Transaction Processing and Loan Management rely on Database Service for data storage.
- Notification System works with Transaction Processing and Loan Management to send alerts.
- Admin Management System depends on Transaction
 Processing and Loan Management to monitor transactions and loan approvals.

Mappings Between Interfaces

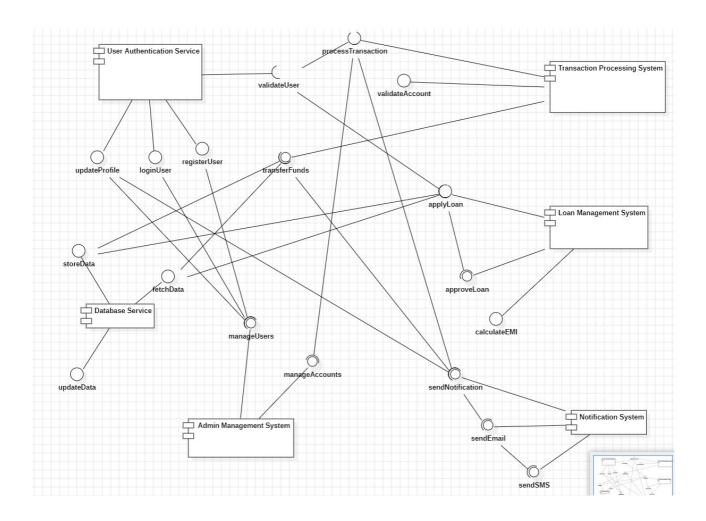
Component	Interface	Interacting Component(s)	Purpose of Interaction
User Authentication Service	validateUser()	Transaction Processing System, Loan Management System	Ensures only authenticated users can initiate transactions or apply for loans.
Service	registerUser()	Database Service	Stores user registration details securely.
User Authentication Service	updateProfile()	Database Service	Updates user account details in the database.
Transaction Processing System	<pre>processTransacti on()</pre>		Validates transactions, updates account balances, and notifies users.
Transaction Processing System	validateAccount()	User Authentication Service, Database Service	Ensures the user is authenticated and has sufficient balance for transactions.
Transaction Processing System	transferFunds()	Database Service, Notification System	Transfers money between accounts and alerts users upon successful transfer.
Loan Management System	applyLoan()	Database Service, User Authentication Service	applications.
Loan Management System	approveLoan()	Admin Management System, Notification System	Sends loan approval/rejection updates to users and administrators.
Loan Management System	calculateEMI()	Database Service	Retrieves loan amount and computes EMI details.
Notification System	sendNotification	Transaction Processing System, Loan Management System	Notifies users about transactions and loan updates.
Notification System	sendEmail()	Admin Management	Sends email alerts for system-related

Component	Interface	Interacting Component(s)	Purpose of Interaction
		System, Transaction Processing System	actions.
Notification System	sendSMS()	Admin Management System, Transaction Processing System	Sends SMS alerts for transactions and critical updates.
Database Service	storeData()	User Authentication, Transactions, Loans	Stores various system-related data securely.
Database Service	fetchData()	All major components	Provides stored data for business logic processing.
Database Service	updateData()	All major components	Updates account, loan, or transaction details based on system actions.
Admin Management System	manageUsers()	Database Service, Notification System	Manages user access, blocking, and security.
Admin Management System	manageAccounts()	Database Service, Transaction Processing System	Freezes or deactivates accounts as required.

Interaction Flow Example

- User logs in → ValidateUser() (User Authentication → Transaction Processing)
- 2. **User initiates a transaction** → processTransaction() (Transaction Processing → Database Service)
- 3. **Funds are transferred** → transferFunds() (Transaction Processing → Database & Notification)
- 4. User receives a confirmation email & SMS → sendNotification(), sendEmail(), sendSMS() (Notification System)
- 5. Admin monitors user activities → manageUsers(), manageAccounts() (Admin Management → Database & Notifications)

Component Diagram:



3. Deployment Model

Overview

The Deployment Model illustrates the physical architecture of the Online Bank Management System, showing how different components are deployed across multiple nodes.

Deployment Components

1. Client System (Web & Mobile Apps)

- Hosts: Web Browser, Mobile App
- Interacts with: User Authentication Service, Transaction Processing System

2. Load Balancer

• Distributes requests to web servers to enhance performance.

3. Web Server

- Hosts: User interface components.
- Communicates with: Application Server.

4. Application Server

- Hosts: Business Logic (Authentication, Transactions, Loans, Admin Management, Notifications)
- Communicates with: Database Server, External APIs (e.g., Payment Gateway, SMS Service)

5. Database Server

- Hosts: Database Service
- Stores: User, Account, Transaction, and Loan Data
- Implements replication for high availability.

6. External Services

- Includes: Payment Gateway, Email Server, SMS Gateway
- Communicates with: Application Server for processing payments and sending notifications

Deployment Interactions

- Clients (Web/Mobile Apps) send requests to the Application Server via the Load Balancer.
- Application Server processes business logic and interacts with the Database Server for data storage and retrieval.
- **Application Server** connects to **External Services** for payments and notifications.
- Admin System is hosted on the Application Server and manages users and accounts.

Deployment Diagram:

