Lab 8: Basic switch setup

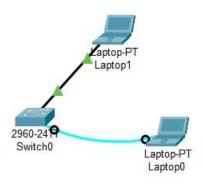
SOLVED BY 20ES062

Introduction

A new switch just purchased from Cisco contains no default configuration. You need to configure the switch with setup mode or from scratch using the command line interface (CLI) before connecting it in your network environment.

As a Cisco CCNA certified professional, it is very important to know the basic Cisco switch configuration commands to improve the performances and the security of the enterprise network.

Network diagram



Lab instructions

This lab will test your ability to configure basic settings such as hostname, motd banner, encrypted passwords, and terminal options on a Cisco Catalyst 2960 switch emulated in Packet Tracer 8.1.1.

- 1. Use the local laptop connect to the switch console and configure the laptop with the right parameters for console access to the Cisco 2960 Catalyst switch
- 2. Configure Switch hostname as LOCAL-SWITCH
- 3. Configure the message of the day as "Unauthorized access is forbidden"
- 4. Configure the password for privileged mode access as "cisco". The password must be md5 encrypted
- 5. Configure password encryption on the switch using the global configuration command
- 6. Configure CONSOLE access with the following settings:
- Login enabled

Password : ciscoconsoleHistory size : 15 commands

- Timeout : 6'45"

- Synchronous logging

6. Configure TELNET access with the following settings:

- Login enabled

Password : ciscotelnetHistory size : 15 commands

- Timeout: 8'20"

- Synchronous logging

- 7. Configure the IP address of the switch as 192.168.1.2/24 and it's default gateway IP (192.168.1.1).
- 8. Test telnet connectivity from the other Laptop using the telnet client.

Lab solution

Configure Switch hostname as LOCAL-SWITCH

Switch>enable
Switch#configure terminal
Switch(config)#hostname LOCAL-SWITCH

Configure the message of the day as "Unauthorized access is forbidden"

Switch(config)#banner motd # Unauthorized access is forbidden#

Configure the password for privileged mode access as "cisco". The password must be md5 encrypted

Switch(config)#enable secret cisco

Configure password encryption on the switch using the global configuration command

Password encryption is an important setting for securing switch credentials as defaut behavior is saving clear-text passwords in the running-config. Although useful to avoid naive hacking, be advised that tools have been released to crack those passwords. Use the **service passwordencryption** command with additional security measures.

Switch(config)#service password-encryption

Configure CONSOLE access [...]

Switch(config)#line con 0

Switch(config-line)#password ciscoconsole Switch(config-line)#logging synchronous Switch(config-line)#login Switch(config-line)#history size 15 Switch(config-line)#exec-timeout 6 45 Switch(config-line)#exit

Configure TELNET access [...]

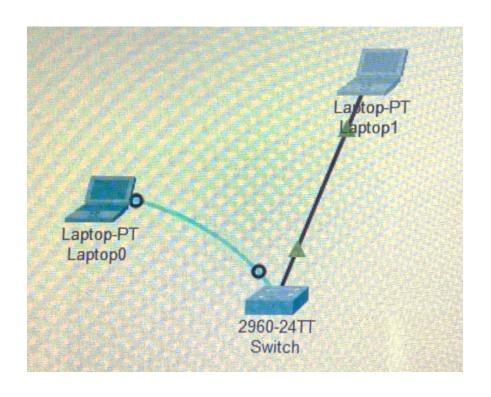
Switch(config)#line vty 0 15

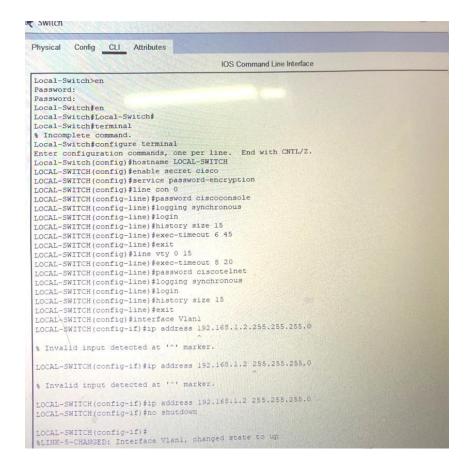
Switch(config-line)#exec-timeout 8 20 Switch(config-line)#password ciscotelnet Switch(config-line)#logging synchronous Switch(config-line)#login Switch(config-line)#history size 15 Switch(config-line)#exit

Configure the IP address of the switch as 192.168.1.2/24 and it's default gateway IP (192.168.1.1).

Switch(config)#interface Vlan1

Switch(config-if)#ip address 192.168.1.2 255.255.255.0 Switch(config-if)#no shutdown Switch(config-line)#exit





```
* Invalid input detected at '^' marker.

LOCAL-SWITCH(config-if) #ip address 192.168.1.2 255.255.255.0

LOCAL-SWITCH(config-if) # white to up

*LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface Vlan1, changed state to up

*LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface Vlan1, changed state to up

LOCAL-SWITCH(config-if) #address 192.168.1.2 255.255.255.0

LOCAL-SWITCH(config) #interface Vlan 1

LOCAL-SWITCH(config-if) #ip address 192.168.1.2 255.255.255.0

LOCAL-SWITCH(config-if) #o shutdown

LOCAL-SWITCH(config-if) #exit

LOCAL-SWITCH config-if) #exit

LOCAL-SWITCH config-if
```

```
Cisco Facket Tracer FC Command Line 1.0
C:\>telnet 192.168.1.2
Trying 192.168.1.2
Trying 192.168.1.2
C:\>telnet 192.168.1.2
Trying 192.168.1.2
```