paciainne Japanice N 13 KAPACERA M3135 Cranspuce Moissegence (nacris) Baique s. 1 F(XY) = det (XY) He ygjobrensopeen CS-84 oghopognoen det ((2x)y) = 2 det (xy) 2" det(xy) Le ygosnemisopem cs-sy honomer en blog on pegeneum ocami tax. tax =0 => X=0 he Bononneenice herpuneep gui

X = (01)

X = (xy) = fr (x:y)

He yeobrenisopeen cs-sy hononiementation onferency

to (xy) Response X= (10): X.X= (00) => +R(x)=0

[4] F(xy) = fa(xTy) Э Симиеричность tr (yTx) = \$\frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{2} \frac\ Assure Brock ho reprovey aproprenty  $\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \left( (X_1 + X_2)^T \cdot \mathcal{G} \right) = + R \left( (X_1^T + X_2^T) \mathcal{G} \right) = \frac{1}{2} \left( (X_1 + X_2)^T \cdot \mathcal{G} \right) = \frac{1$ = tr(x, y + x, y) = tr(x, y) + tr(x, y) (3) Oghopognows tr((ax)y) = tr((ax)y) = tr(a(xy)) = 2tr(xy)(4) Nohonumeronas onfegerennais  $tr(x^{T} \cdot x) = 0 \Rightarrow x = 0$  ? rozge u romeko porge : Vik Xxi=0 25 X - (1)

[5] F(xy) = te(x by) The (x t dy) = \( \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{2} \left( x t \frac{1}{2} \right)\_{ix} \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{2} \left( x t \frac{1}{2} \right)\_{ix} \frac{1}{2} = ZZ Yki · ZXT Bix = ZZ Yki Xik · DKK = ZZ Xki · Yki · AKK dR(y'Ax) = ∑∑(y'A); ×κ; =∑∑X; ∑y ¬¬; = / Ty) = ZZXxi · Yix · Dxx = ZZXxi · Yxi · Dxx 2) Agrunue Snooms no nephocuey oprymenny  $tr((x_1+x_2)^T \mathcal{D} \mathcal{Y}) = tr((x_1^T + x_2^T) \mathcal{D} \mathcal{Y}) =$ 2tr(xtg)  $= tr(x_1^T D y + x_2^T D y) = tr(x_1^T D y) + tr(x_2^T D y)$ (3) DonoLognocos te((xxxy)=te((xx)xy)=te(x(xxy))=1te(xxxy) (3) Rohoncementual onfogeninnounce tr (x xx) =x=0 tr(x'xx) = ZZ(x'x) Xki = ZZXki ZXi Zix Zix Zix = \( \sum\_{k=1} \times Bepno roipe y moreas morge : Vix Xxi=0 -> X=D

Japane 2 XX, y7, XX, y72 - CRANefuel yfor 3 Eegecen <x, y> = 2< x, y2, + y < x, y22 - cxanep, npoy8? 1) Cumedurnocos. (y, x)= 2<y,x>,+4<y,x>= 2<x,y>,+4<x,y>= = (x,y) 2 Appene Snoence to replacing aprijueling 172x, +x2, y7, = 2 < x, y7, + 2 < x2, y7, +7 4< x1 + x2, y722 4< x1, y72 + 4< x2, y72 < x , + x , 47 = 3 < x , + x , 47 , + 4 < x , + x , 4 > , 4 +(2<x,4>, + 4<x,4) = <x,4> + <x,4> (3) Ognopoghoemes. ( < x, y> = > < ax, y>, + ( < ax, y>2 = a) < x, y = 1 + \(\gamma\g\x\y\)\_2 = \(\lambda\lambda\x\y\), + \(\gamma\x\y\)\_1 = \(\lambda\lambda\x\y\) (4) Moronuncerauxe onpeperentiass <xx>>>0 => x=0 ? (XXX = 1< XXX) + y(< XXX) = 0 = > (XXX) = 0 } => (XXX) => (X

3apare 3 x: (1) y= (3) G= (-2 5 -4) cas y = JxiGx JyiGy  $x^{7}Gy = (111) \begin{pmatrix} 1 - 2 & 1 \\ -2 & 5 & -4 \\ 1 & -4 & 6 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 - 1 & 3 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 3 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} = 0$  $\times {}^{t}6 \times = (111) \begin{pmatrix} 1 - 2 & 1 \\ -2 & 5 & -4 \\ 1 & -4 & 6 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 - 1 & 3 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} = 2$ y'' 6 y = (131) (1-21) (1) = (4.9-5) (4) = 18cos 4 = 536 = 0 => 4 = 11/2 t, t3 t-43 li=1 li=t li=t2 li=t5 Sagara 4 ocquence beneges Ортогонализирусы  $b_1(t) = 1$ St. 1 dt . 1 = t bi(t) = t - ja idt stitelt to to 1 83(t) = t'- 5t' rolt. Jn. lolt

Teresto 10 15 J+3. tolt + J+3. (+2-1/3) oft (3) 84(4) = +3 1-63.1dt 1 La 53 13= 15 = t3-3t 1 2 2 Tenepo &, 82, 83, 84 - Herre Opt. Segue Hangen nearpereny G Hours 7 - 5 178 005 fr = -91,2 11.10lt= 2 8222 St. telt = 3 cos42 = -335= j (+2 1/3)(+2 1/3) dt= S(+4/3+1/3)dt = COS 1/3 = = Stylt -3 Stylt + 5 Solt = 3 - 4 + 2 8 2 45 Quy = S(+3-3/st) elt = S(+6-6/s+4 + 3/25t2) elt = fiz ar Pr= aR = Stidt - 5 Stidt + 3 Stidt = 2 - 12 + 6 & Psz ar Boigagnes ugharasonoil Benops, egge 8, by So= t=(0100); s=t3=(03/501) Som to to = (0 3/50 -1)T

Teneps hairgeur gueurs emopon Liz JS, TGS, = 3/3 La = 152 6 Si = 12/7 13= 15, 65 = 116/105 Henrigen yours:  $\cos \varphi_1 = \frac{S_1^* b S_2}{L_1 \cdot L_2} = \frac{2/5}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}}} = \frac{2\sqrt{21}}{5 \cdot 2} = \frac{\sqrt{21}}{5}$  $\cos \varphi_{2} = \frac{S_{1}^{2}}{l_{2} \cdot l_{3}} = \frac{9/35}{105.7} = \frac{9.7.15}{35.9.52} = \frac{3}{100}$  $\cos \varphi_3 = \frac{5_3' \cdot 6_3'}{l_3 \cdot l_1} = \frac{4/15}{\sqrt{105 \cdot 3}} = \frac{4 \cdot 15}{\sqrt{105 \cdot 3}} = \sqrt{\frac{7}{100}}$ 41= accos(5) 42 = arccos(Vão) (1= arccos( To)