

Домашнее задание №18 КАРПЕНОВА М.3125
 Текущая работа (часть 2)

Задача 1

$$a_{ijkl} = A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 2 & 2 \\ 3 & 3 & 4 & 4 \\ 2 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 5 & 4 & 3 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$b_{ijkl} = a_{kjil} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 2 & 2 \\ 2 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 3 & 3 & 4 & 4 \\ 5 & 4 & 3 & 2 \end{pmatrix} \quad c_{ijkl} = a_{ilkj} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 1 & 2 \\ 3 & 4 & 3 & 4 \\ 2 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 5 & 3 & 4 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

Задача 2

$$x^i a_{ik} = \begin{pmatrix} x^1 a_{11} + x^2 a_{21} \\ x^1 a_{12} + x^2 a_{22} \end{pmatrix}^T$$

$$x^k a_i^k = \begin{pmatrix} x^1 (a_{11} + a_{21}) \\ x^2 (a_{11} + a_{22}) \end{pmatrix}$$

$$a_i^i a_k^k = (a_{11} + a_{22}) \cdot (a_{11} + a_{22})$$

$$x^{(i} y^{k)} = \frac{1}{2!} (x^i y^k + x^k y^i) = \frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} x^1 y^1 + x^1 y^1 & x^1 y^2 + x^2 y^1 \\ x^2 y^1 + x^1 y^2 & x^2 y^2 + x^2 y^2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$x^{[k} a_i^{i]} = \frac{1}{2!} (x^k a_i^i - x^i a_k^k) = \frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} x^1 (a_1^1 + a_2^2) - (x^1 a_1^1 + x^2 a_2^1) \\ x^2 (a_1^1 + a_2^2) - (x^1 a_1^2 + x^2 a_2^2) \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} x^1 a_2^2 - x^2 a_2^1 \\ x^2 a_1^1 - x^1 a_1^2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 a_i^i a_k^k &= \frac{1}{2} (a_i^i a_k^k - a_k^i a_i^k) = \\
 &= \frac{1}{2} (a_1^1 + a_2^2) (a_1^1 + a_2^2) - (a_1^1 a_2^1 + a_2^1 a_1^2 + a_1^2 a_1^2 + a_2^2 a_2^2) \\
 &= \frac{1}{2} (2a_1^1 a_2^2 - 2a_2^1 a_1^2) = (a_1^1 a_2^2 - a_2^1 a_1^2)
 \end{aligned}$$

Separate 3

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 \\ 5 & 6 & 7 & 8 \\ 8 & 7 & 6 & 5 \\ 4 & 3 & 2 & 1 \end{pmatrix} = a_{ijkl}^i$$

$$a_{ikl}^i = \frac{1}{2} (a_{ikl}^i + a_{kil}^i) = \frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 12 & 16 \\ 16 & 16 & 16 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 6 & 8 \\ 8 & 6 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$a_{ikl}^i = \begin{pmatrix} 7 & 11 \\ 11 & 7 \end{pmatrix} \quad a_{kil}^i = \begin{pmatrix} 5 & 5 \\ 5 & 5 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$a_{ijkl}^i = \frac{1}{6} (a_{jkl}^i + a_{klj}^i + a_{ljk}^i - a_{jkl}^i - a_{kjl}^i - a_{lkj}^i)$$

$$-a_{jlk}^i = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 8 & 7 \\ 5 & 6 & 4 & 3 \\ 3 & 4 & 6 & 5 \\ 7 & 8 & 2 & 1 \end{pmatrix} - a_{kjl}^i = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 8 & 3 & 6 \\ 5 & 4 & 7 & 2 \\ 2 & 7 & 4 & 5 \\ 6 & 3 & 8 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$+ a_{klj}^i = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 8 & 2 & 7 \\ 5 & 4 & 6 & 3 \\ 3 & 6 & 4 & 5 \\ 7 & 2 & 8 & 1 \end{pmatrix} + a_{ljk}^i = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 3 & 8 & 6 \\ 5 & 7 & 4 & 2 \\ 2 & 4 & 7 & 5 \\ 6 & 8 & 3 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$-a_{lkj}^i = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 3 & 2 & 4 \\ 5 & 7 & 6 & 8 \\ 8 & 6 & 4 & 5 \\ 4 & 2 & 3 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$A_{ijkl}' = \frac{1}{6} \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

separate \downarrow

$$A(123) \quad g(111) \quad h = (001)$$

$$\dim V' = C_3^3 = 1$$

$$f \wedge g \wedge h = 3! \text{Alt}(f \otimes g \otimes h)$$

$$C^{ijk} = f \otimes g \otimes h$$

$$C^{ij} = f \otimes g \quad C^{ij} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 2 & 2 & 2 \\ 3 & 3 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$C^{ijk} \otimes h = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 2 & 2 & 2 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 2 & 2 & 2 \\ 3 & 3 & 3 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 3 & 3 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$C_{ijkl} = \frac{1}{3!} (C^{ijk} + C^{jik} + C^{kji} - C^{ikj} - C^{jki} - C^{kij})$$

$$-C^{ijk} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 2 & 0 & 2 & 2 & 0 & 2 & 2 & 0 & 2 \\ 3 & 0 & 3 & 3 & 0 & 3 & 3 & 0 & 3 \end{pmatrix} - C^{jik} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 1 & 2 & 3 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 1 & 2 & 3 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 2 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$+C^{kji} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 1 & 2 & 3 & 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 2 & 3 & 1 & 2 & 3 & 1 & 2 & 3 \end{pmatrix} + C^{kij} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 & 2 & 0 & 2 & 3 & 0 & 3 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 2 & 0 & 2 & 3 & 0 & 3 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 2 & 0 & 2 & 3 & 0 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$-C^{kij} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 2 & 2 & 2 & 3 & 3 & 3 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 2 & 2 & 2 & 3 & 3 & 3 \end{pmatrix} - C^{ikj} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 2 & 0 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & 2 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 2 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 & 0 & 2 & 0 & 0 & 2 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

3. Aufgabe 5

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & -1 & 2 \\ 1 & 0 & -2 \\ -2 & 2 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$c = (6 \ 3 \ 3)$$

$$UAV = \frac{3}{2} \cdot \text{Alt}(A \otimes c)$$

$$+ B_{ijk} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & -6 & 12 & 0 & -3 & 6 & 0 & -3 & 6 \\ 6 & 0 & -12 & 3 & 0 & -6 & 3 & 0 & -6 \\ -12 & 12 & 0 & -6 & 6 & 0 & -6 & 6 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$- B_{ikj} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 & -6 & -3 & -3 & 12 & 6 & 6 \\ 6 & 3 & 3 & 0 & 0 & 0 & -12 & -6 & -6 \\ -12 & -6 & -6 & 12 & 6 & 6 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \quad + B_{jik} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 6 & -12 & 0 & 3 & -6 & 0 & 3 & -6 \\ -6 & 0 & 12 & -3 & 0 & 6 & -3 & 0 & 6 \\ 12 & -12 & 0 & 6 & -6 & 0 & 6 & -6 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$+ B_{jki} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 & 6 & 3 & 3 & -12 & -6 & -6 \\ -6 & -3 & -3 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 12 & 6 & 6 \\ 12 & 6 & 6 & -12 & -6 & -6 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \quad + B_{kij} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 6 & -12 & -6 & 0 & 12 & 12 & -12 & 0 \\ 0 & 3 & -6 & -3 & 0 & 6 & 6 & -6 & 0 \\ 0 & 3 & -6 & -3 & 0 & 6 & 6 & -6 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$- B_{kji} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & -6 & 12 & 6 & 0 & -12 & -12 & 12 & 0 \\ 0 & -3 & 6 & 3 & 0 & -6 & -6 & 6 & 0 \\ 0 & -3 & 6 & 3 & 0 & -6 & -6 & 6 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$UAV = \frac{3}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{3!} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -12 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 12 & 0 & -12 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$UAV = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 21 & 0 & -21 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -21 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 21 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 21 & 0 & -21 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$