

lim 727+8" = lime h 2/2" = lime 1 = lime 1 = = e lim 1 (27+5") = lim 1 = 1 (2/5+1) = e has he was he are him hims Phon 1 3 / 1 3 3 Tim 3 = 3 1/R = 1 Opeden 5 R = 1

(N3)  $f(x) = aretg \frac{2x+1}{2x-1}$ ancto 2x+1 =  $\int_{0}^{x} \frac{2(2t-1)-2(2t+5)}{(2t+1)^2} dt =$ = \ \( \( \frac{4t-2-4t-2}{4t-1)^2} dt = \int \( \frac{4t^2-4t+1+4t^2+4t+3}{4t^2-4t+1+4t^2+4t+3} = \) = Lut2+1 = -2 / 2(-1)" (4t)" dt - $=-2\sum_{n=0}^{\infty}(-1)^n\int_0^x (4t)^2ndt = -2\sum_{n=0}^{\infty}(-1)^n\frac{4^n+1}{2n+1}$ = -2 \( \frac{2}{(-1)} \) \( \frac{2}{2} \) \( \frac{1}{4} \) \( \frac{1}{4} \) In an = (2n+3) x 2n+1 = 1x 2n+3 16 1x1 < 1/4 R - 1/4

(NS) fa) + E TR gymn on xe (9,000) 1) F(x) - nexposerble we ke (0,400) 2) × F'(x) + Z JR (e"+ e"-(-h)-x) + Z JR I Ero precinquis palmanes exquencimo se se +00) 3 maier passioners, engurer no 8 cerce reasers ha Manerymne OCX \* Leggen nee разначит при жомоги chegyen gug. Mocro Emp

10° Jang xy"-3'+xy-0? y'= 5 (2n'1)2-(2n) - x2n-1 y= 2 (201)30 (20)0 (20-1) - x 11-2  $+\sum_{n=0}^{\infty}\frac{(-1)^{n}}{(2n!)^{2}}\cdot \chi^{2n+3} \geq \sum_{n=0}^{\infty}\frac{(-1)^{n+1}}{(2(n+1)!)^{2}}\cdot \chi^{2n+1} + \chi^{2n+1}$  $\frac{2}{2} \frac{(1)^{n+2}}{(2n+2)!!} = \frac{(2n+2)}{2} \cdot (2n+2) \cdot x^{2n+4} + \frac{2}{2} \frac{(2n+2)!}{(2n+2)!} = x^{2n+4} = \frac{(2n+2)!}{2} \cdot x^$  $+\frac{(-1)^n}{(2n!!)^2}$  |  $\times$  = 2 (-1) 2h+1 (2h+2-2h-1-1) = 0