SQA Assignment 1 – Fall 2019

Due: 11:59PM, Monday, October 14

Any questions? Contact TA Xiaopu Peng <xzp0007@auburn.edu>

Problem Descriptions:

The purpose of this assignment is to reinforce the material on program graphs from lecture.

For each of the four problems below:

(15 pts) 1. Draw the program graph. You must use line numbers to label all nodes in the graph. Do not use the statements or statement fragments themselves as nodes labels.

(5 pts) 2. Compute the cyclomatic number using each of the three methods discussed in class. Show your work.

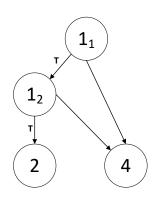
(5 pts) 3. Calculate the P* using the given conditions under each problem. Show your work.

```
Problem 1:
```

```
1
      void Q1(){
            S1;
2
3
            if(C1 && C2){
4
                   S2;
5
            }
            else if(C3){
6
7
                   S3;
8
            }
9
            else{
                   if(C4){
10
                         S6;
11
12
                   }
                   else{
13
14
                         S7
15
                   }
16
            }
17
            S8;
18
      }
Hint:
      if (C1 && C2)
1
```

```
if (C1 && C2
S1;
else
S2;
```

For the program slice above, the program graph should be drawn below:



Problem 2:

```
void Q2(){
1
2
             S1;
3
             if(C1) {
                    if(C2 && C3) {
4
5
                           S2;
6
                           If(C4){
7
                                  S3;
8
                           }
9
                    } else {
10
                           S4;
                    }
11
             } else {
12
                    do{
13
14
                           S5;
                           if(C5) {
15
16
                                  S6;
17
                           }
                    } while(C6)
18
19
             }
20
             S7;
21
      }
```

For P*, suppose the do loop (line 13) executed exactly 4 times.

Problem 3:

```
1
      void Q2(){
2
             S1;
3
             if(C1 && C2){
                    S2;
4
             }
5
6
             else{
                    for(S3;C3;S4){
7
8
                          S5;
9
                          if(C4){
10
                                 S6;
                          }
11
                    }
12
             }
13
             if(C5){
14
15
                    for(S7;C6;S8){
                          S9;
16
                    }
17
             }
18
             else{
19
                    S10;
20
             }
21
22
             S11;
      }
23
```

For P*, suppose the for loop defined by Line 7 may be executed anywhere from 1 to 3 times, the for loop defined by Line 14 is executed exactly 3 times.

Problem 4:

```
void Q4(){
1
2
             S1;
3
             while(C1){
                    if(C2 && C3){
4
5
                           S2;
6
                    }
7
                    else if(C4 && C5){
8
                           S3;
                    }
9
10
                    else{
                           S4;
11
                    }
12
                    while(C6){
13
                           S5;
14
                           if(C7){
15
16
                                  S6;
                           }
17
18
                           else{
                                 while(C8){
19
20
                                        S7;
21
                                 }
22
                           }
23
                    }
24
                    S8;
25
             }
26
      }
```

For P*, suppose the while loops defined by lines 3, 13 and 19 are executed exactly 2, 2 and 3 times respectively.