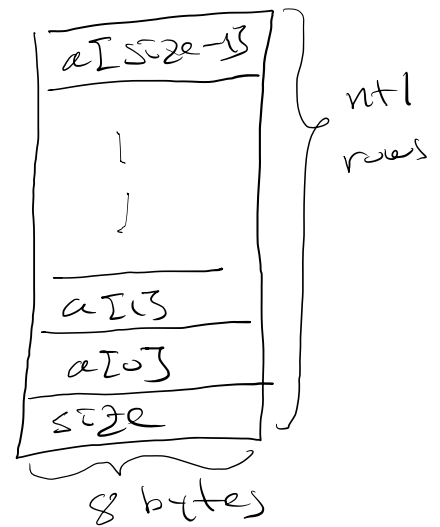


Array Manipulation

- ① create a region of n bytes
and store address in `%rax`

```
movq $n, %rdi
callq -malloc
```



Java arrays of n integers
will be represented by $8(n+1)$ bytes

So to create an array of n longs
we must allocate $8(n+1)$ bytes
and store n in the 1st 8 bytes

```
movq $n, %rdi
incq %rdi
shlq $3, %rax
```

add 1 to `%rdi`
shift left by 3 bits
= multiply by 8

```
callq -malloc
```

```
movq %rax, -1(%rbp)
```

move array address
to local variable
in the frame

```
movq $n, (%rax)
```

store size in "array"
in 1st 8 bytes

```
movq $3, %rcx
```

```
movq $200, (%rax, %rcx, 8)
```

store 200 in `a[2]`

```
movq (%rax, %rcx, 8), %r7
```

copy `a[2]` to `r7`