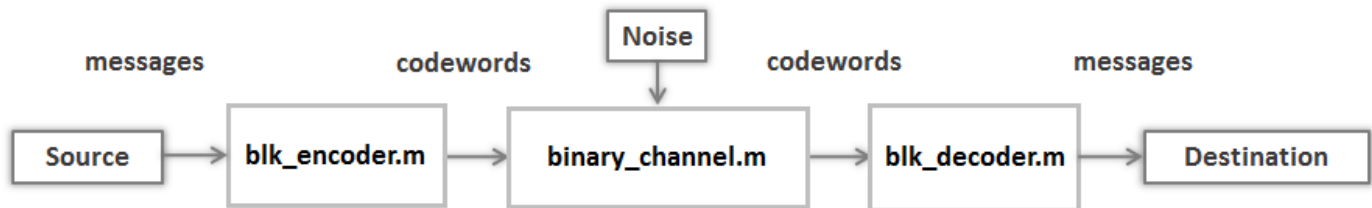


## LAB 10 TASK 3 - ERROR CORRECTION CAPABILITY

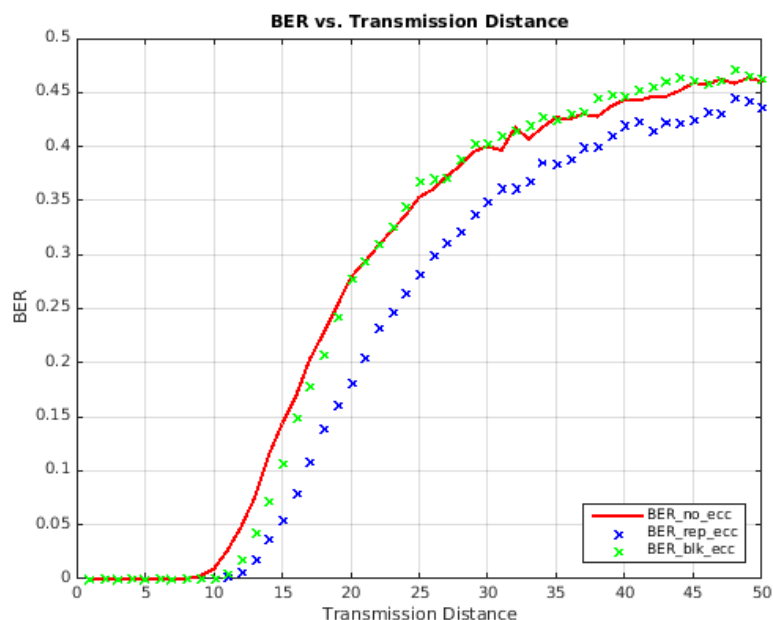
In this task, you will investigate the error correction capability of the (3,1,3) repetition code and (8, 4, 3) block code, by comparing their BER performance with that of a communication system without using any coding scheme.



```
1 num_bits=12800;
2 bs_raw = rand(1,num_bits)>0.5; % generate a random bit sequence
3 distance_list = [1:50]; % list of transmission distances
4 num_dist = length(distance_list);
5 BER_no_ecc = zeros(1,num_dist); % initialize storage arrays
6 BER_rep_ecc = zeros(1,num_dist);
7 BER_blk_ecc = zeros(1,num_dist);
8
9 rep = 3; % number of repetition
10 bs_rep_enc = rep_encode_bs(bs_raw,rep); % (3,1,3) repetition code encoder
11 bs_blk_enc = blk_encode_bs(bs_raw); % (8,4,3) block code encoder
12
13 % loop over different transmission distances
14 for i = 1:num_dist,
15     distance = distance_list(i);
```

Unanswered

Figure 1

Run CodeCheck

## INSTRUCTIONS

### Step 1: Run the code as presented

After you click on the **Run Code** button, the code will generate a figure with three curves representing the BER performance of three transmission schemes, namely, without error correction code, with the repetition code, and with the (8, 4, 3) parity bit code, respectively.

### Step 2: Change the repeating time for repetition code

Try adjusting the number of repetitions used in the repetition code by changing the value of the variable **rep** to 5 and 7, and observe the resulting **BER**.

### Step 3: Answer the questions

You do not need to submit your work for this task. Based on your observations and what you have learned in the lectures, **answer the questions below** for credit.

## LAB 10 TASK 3 - QUESTION 1 (1 point possible)

At the transmission distance 15, what is the ranking of the error correcting schemes (no error correction coding, (3,1,3) repetition code, (8,4,3) parity bit code) from lowest BER to the highest?

*Please select the correct answer.*

- ☐ no ecc, (8,4,3), (3,1,3)
- ☐ (8,4,3), no ecc, (3,1,3)
- ☐ (3,1,3), (8,4,3), no ecc
- ☐ (8,4,3), (3,1,3), no ecc

You have used 0 of 2 submissions

## LAB 10 TASK 3 - QUESTION 2 (1 point possible)

What is the ranking of the three error correcting coding schemes in terms of net bit rate from highest to lowest? Assume that the number of samples per bit and the sampling frequency used for transmission are the same for all schemes.

Please select the correct answer.

- ☐ no ecc, (8,4,3), (3,1,3)
- ☐ (8,4,3), no ecc, (3,1,3)
- ☐ (3,1,3), (8,4,3), no ecc
- ☐ (8,4,3), (3,1,3), no ecc

You have used 0 of 2 submissions

## LAB 10 TASK 3 - QUESTION 3 (1 point possible)

Which one of the following statements about the (3,1,3) and (5,1,5) repetition coding schemes is correct?

Please select the correct answer.

- ☐ At the same transmission distance, the (3,1,3) code has a higher BER, and a higher code rate.
- ☐ At the same transmission distance, the (3,1,3) code has a lower BER, but a higher code rate.
- ☐ At the same transmission distance, the (3,1,3) code has a higher BER, but a lower code rate.
- ☐ At the same transmission distance, the (3,1,3) code has a lower BER, and a lower code rate.

You have used 0 of 2 submissions





EdX offers interactive online classes and MOOCs from the world's best universities. Online courses from MITx, HarvardX, BerkeleyX, UTx and many other universities. Topics include biology, business, chemistry, computer science, economics, finance, electronics, engineering, food and nutrition, history, humanities, law, literature, math, medicine, music, philosophy, physics, science, statistics and more. EdX is a non-profit online initiative created by founding partners Harvard and MIT.

© 2014 edX, some rights reserved.

[Terms of Service and Honor Code](#)

[Privacy Policy \(Revised 4/16/2014\)](#)

#### About & Company Info

[About](#)

[News](#)

[Contact](#)

[FAQ](#)

[edX Blog](#)


[Donate to edX](#)

[Jobs at edX](#)

#### Follow Us

 [Twitter](#)

 [Facebook](#)

 [Meetup](#)

 [LinkedIn](#)

 [Google+](#)