

HKUSTx: ELEC1200.1x A System View of Communications: From Signals to Packets (Part 1)

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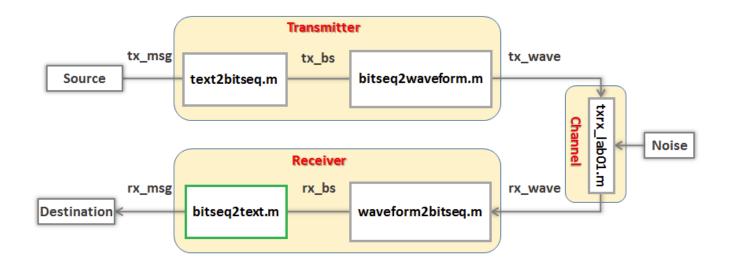
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LAB 1 TASK 4 - FROM BIT SEQUENCE TO TEXT (1 point possible)

In this task, you will implement the "Bits to Text" block highlighted in green, which decodes the received bit sequence to the text message.



The code window below contains a MATLAB script similar to that of Task 1. This time the line

rx_msg=bitseq2text(rx_bs) has been replaced by code written to implement its functionality. However, this code is incorrect. Your task is to correct it.

```
1 tx_msg = 'Hello'; % message to transmit
2 SPB = 10; % bit time in samples per bit
3
4 % transmitter %
5 tx_bs = text2bitseq(tx_msg); % change text message to bit sequence
6 tx_wave = bitseq2waveform(tx_bs,SPB); % change bit sequence to waveform
7
8 % channel
9 rx_wave = txrx_lab01(tx_wave,SPB); % transmit waveform through channel
10
11 % receiver
1 of23rx_bs = waveform2bitseq(rx_wave,SPB); % change waveform to bit sequence
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```

La	ab 1 Task I 13 %	4 - Fron	n bit sequence to text bitseq2text(rx bs)	2.4		h	.ttps://courses.edx.org/courses/HKUSTx/EL
					receiver	knows	length of tx_msg
Unanswered							
	Run Code						
Help							
¥	Check	Save	You have used 0 of 10 su	bmissions	5		

INSTRUCTIONS

Step 1: Run the code

You will see that the received message rx_msg is always a sequence of "e" characters no matter what the tx_msg is. This is because there is an error in converting the recieved bit sequence to a text message.

Step 2: Correct the code implementing bitseq2text.m

To correct the code, let's first look at code given for **bitseq2text.m**.

The **for** loop cycles through the received bit sequence and extracts num_char characters. For simplicity, we assume here that the receiver knows how many characters were in the transmitted message. This is not a good assumption. Later in the course, we will tell you how communication systems handle this.

Inside the for loop, we first extract the 8-bits encoding each character as byte (a 1 by 8 binary vector of 1's and 0's).

We need to map byte to the corresponding ASCII character. The function **char** is a standard MATLAB built-in function that converts the decimal number data to its corresponding ASCII character. Right now, the value of data is set to 101, the decimal value of the ASCII code for the character "e". However, data should be set to the decimal value corresponding to the binary number stored in byte (where the MSB is the first element byte(1) and the LSB is the last element byte(8)).

For more about strings of characters, please review the video String Variables (/courses/HKUSTx/ELEC1200.1x/3T2014/jump_to_id/f05ba6fd846e4469883004f6fb66ba87).

Step 3: Submit your work

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After you have completed the correction, click on the **Check** button to submit your answer.

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