Feedback — Period Three Graded Quiz

Help Center

You submitted this quiz on **Thu 26 Feb 2015 10:31 AM PST**. You got a score of **8.50** out of **10.00**. You can attempt again, if you'd like.

The EU Charter of Fundamental Rights became legally binding in 2009. How is it relevant for European Labour Law? (Please select all that apply)

Your Answer		Score	Explanation
It contains articles protecting freedom of expression, freedom of assembly, and equality between men and women, which are relevant in labour law situations.	~	0.25	
The Charter doesn't apply to labour law situations.	~	0.25	
It regulates the relationship between labour rights and the freedom of movement.	~	0.25	
It contains explicit protection for certain labour rights, such as collective bargaining, collective action, and right to information within the undertaking.	~	0.25	
Total		1.00 / 1.00	

Question 2

The aim of the (96/71/EC) Posted Workers Directive is to enable the free movement of persons and services and to provide protection for workers in the case of the posting of workers and the transnational provision of services.

Your Answer		Score	Explanation
True	~	1.00	
False			
Total		1.00 / 1.00	

protection.

The (97/81/EC) Part-Time Work Directive, the (99/70/EC) Fixed-Term Work Directive and the (2008/104) Temporary Agency Work Directive provide protection for employees through a specific principle, which one? (Please select all that apply)

Your Answer		Score	Explanation
The principle of mutual recognition	~	0.25	
The principle of non-discrimination	~	0.25	
The principle of legal certainty	~	0.25	

The principle of equal treatment	~	0.25
Total		1.00 / 1.00

Question Explanation

The principle of non-discrimination (when it comes to part-time work and fixed-term work) and The principle of equal treatment (when it comes to temporary agency work). The principle of legal certainty and the principle of mutual recognition are not correct.

Question 4

In the wake of the economic crisis many EU Member States have made far-reaching labour law reforms, sometimes as a result of 'bail out-packages' from the European Commission, the European Central Bank and the International Monetary Fund. What areas of labour law have been targeted by these reforms? (Please select all that apply)

Your Answer		Score	Explanation
Gender equality	~	0.17	
Wage-setting	~	0.17	
Flexible work	×	0.00	
Collective bargaining	~	0.17	

Employment protection	~	0.17
Discrimination	~	0.17
Total		0.83 / 1.00

Pursuant to the Brussels I Regulation, a person domiciled within an EU Member State (MS) can be sued in matters relating to tort in the MS where he/she is domiciled.

Your Answer		Score	Explanation
False			
True	~	1.00	
Total		1.00 / 1.00	

Question Explanation

This is the main rule and can be found in article 2 of the Brussels 1 Regulation (Council Regulation (EC) No 44/200). An alternative rule regarding tort can be found in article 5.3) of the Brussels I.

Which of the following EU Member States have been granted special standing regarding the EU private international law rules? (Please select all that apply)

Your Answer		Score	Explanation
Ireland	×	0.00	
Sweden	~	0.33	
Denmark	~	0.33	
Total		0.67 / 1.00	

Question 7

A Spanish company and a French company have entered into a contract regarding research and development cooperation.

The contract stipulates that it is governed by German law. Is this choice of law valid?

Your Answer		Score	Explanation
No	×	0.00	

Yes				
Total	0.00 / 1.00			
Question 8				
Why is it important to understand the framing of enviror	nmental problems?			
Your Answer			Score	Explanation
It is not important.				
It determines how environmental problems are ta	ckled.	~	1.00	
It is interesting.				
Total			1.00 / 1.00	
Question Explanation				
The way in which environmental problems are describ start the legal environmental inquiry with understandir law.				





