

HKUSTx: ELEC1200.2x A System View of Communications: From Signals to ...

- Pre-course Materials
- ▶ Topic 1: Course Overview
- ▶ Topic 2: **Lossless Source** Coding: Hamming Codes
- ▶ Topic 3: The Frequency Domain
- ▶ Topic 4: Lossy Source Coding
- **▼** Topic 5: Filters and the Frequency Response
- 5.1 Channels as **Filters**

5.2 Frequency Response

Week 3 Quiz due Nov 16, 2015 at 15:30 UTC

5.3 Filter Examples Week 3 Quiz due Nov

16, 2015 at 15:30 UTC

5.4 Frequency Response of the IR Channel

Week 3 Quiz due Nov 16, 2015 at 15:30 UTC ☑ Consider a linear time invariant channel with amplitude response

$$S(f) = rac{0.2}{\sqrt{1.64 - 1.6\cos(2\pi f)}}$$

and phase response

$$heta(f) = rctan\left(rac{0.8\sin(2\pi f)}{1-0.8\cos(2\pi f)}
ight)$$

5.2 QUIZ QUESTION 1 (1 point possible)

Suppose that the channel input has the form

$$x(n) = 2\cos(2\pi \cdot 0.05n)$$

for all n from $-\infty$ to $+\infty$. The channel output can be written as

$$y(n) = A\cos(2\pi\cdot 0.05n + \phi)$$

where $-\pi < \phi < \pi$.

What is the numerical value of A to two decimal places (e.g. 3.14)?

4.4

Answer: 1.1629

4.4

EXPLANATION

The output amplitude (A) is the amplitude of the input cosine (2) multiplied by the value of the amplitude response S(f) evaluated at f = 0.05.

You have used 3 of 3 submissions

5.2 QUIZ QUESTION 2 (1 point possible)

5.2 Quiz Premble (Question 1 - Question 2) | 5.2 Frequency Response | ELEC1200.2x Courseware | edX

5.5 Lab 3 -Frequency Response

Lab due Nov 16, 2015 at 15:30 UTC

- ▶ Topic 6: The Discrete Fourier Transform
- ▶ MATLAB download and tutorials
- MATLAB Sandbox

What is the numerical value of ϕ for the problem above to two decimal places?

.1

X Answer: 0.8020

.1

EXPLANATION

The phase shift ϕ is the sum of the phase of the input cosine (0) plus the phase response $\theta(f)$ evaluated at f = 0.05.

You have used 3 of 3 submissions

5.2 QUIZ QUESTION 3 (1 point possible)

Suppose that the input to the linear time invariant channel has the form

$$x(n)=2\cos(0.1\pi n)+\cos(0.4\pi n)$$

for all n from $-\infty$ to $+\infty$.

What is the value of the output at sample n=0 to two decimal places?

1.6

X Answer: 1.2129

1.6

EXPLANATION

The output is given by

$$y(n) = 2 \cdot S(0.05) \cos(0.1\pi n + \phi(0.05)) + S(0.2) \cos(0.4\pi n + \phi(0.2))$$

At n = 0,

$$y(0) = 2 \cdot S(0.05) \cos(\phi(0.05)) + S(0.2) \cos(\phi(0.2))$$

You have used 3 of 3 submissions

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