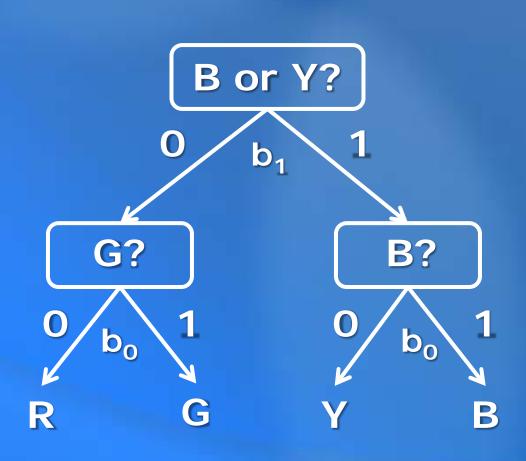
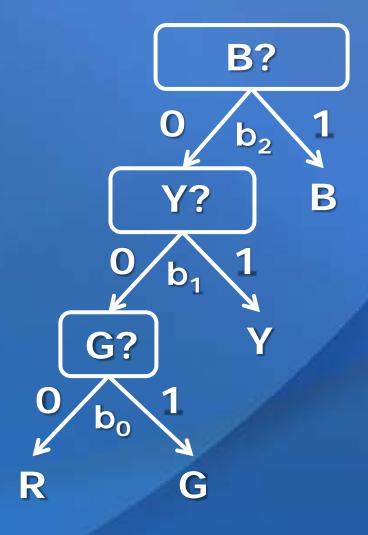
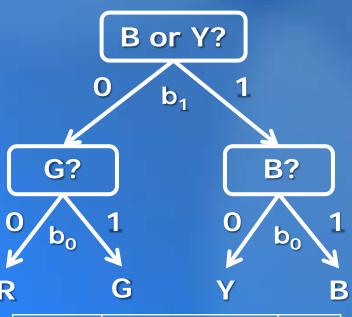
Average Code Length

Two Strategies

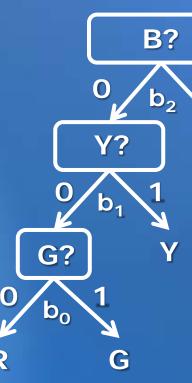




Encoding Tables



| \boldsymbol{x}_k | codeword _k | I _k |
|--------------------|-----------------------|----------------|
| В | 11 | 2 |
| Υ | 10 | 2 |
| G | 01 | 2 |
| R | 10 | 2 |



В

 I_k = length of codeword_k

| \boldsymbol{x}_k | codeword _k | I_k |
|--------------------|-----------------------|-------|
| В | 1 2 | 1 |
| Υ | 01 | 2 |
| G | 001 | 3 |
| R | 000 | 3 |

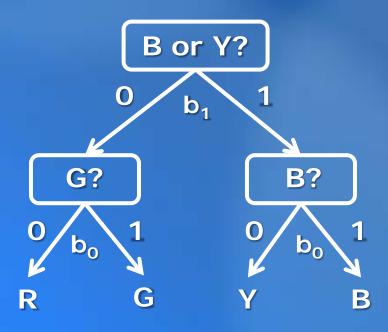
Average Code Length

The average length of a random code is the expected value of its length:

$$\overline{L} = \sum_{k=0}^{K-1} p_k I_k$$

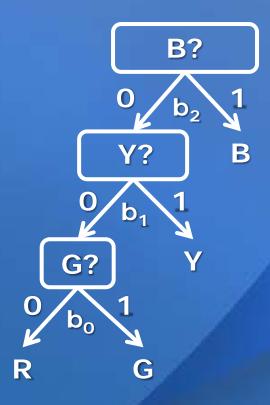
The entropy of the distribution p_k is a lower bound on the average code length!

Example



| \boldsymbol{x}_k | p_k |
|--------------------|-------|
| В | 1/4 |
| Y | 1/4 |
| G | 1/4 |
| R | 1/4 |

$$H = 2$$



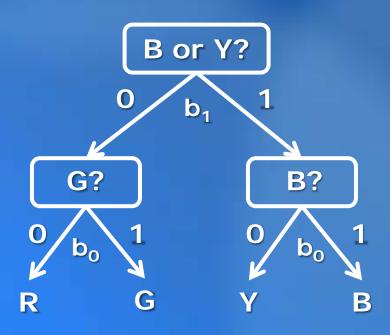
$$\overline{L} = \frac{1}{4} \cdot 2 + \frac{1}{4} \cdot 2 + \frac{1}{4} \cdot 2 + \frac{1}{4} \cdot 2$$

$$= 2$$

$$\overline{L} = \frac{1}{4} \cdot 1 + \frac{1}{4} \cdot 2 + \frac{1}{4} \cdot 3 + \frac{1}{4} \cdot 3$$

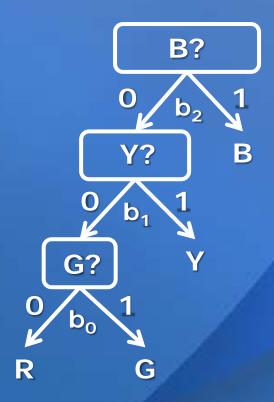
$$= 2.25$$

Example



| \boldsymbol{x}_k | p_k |
|--------------------|-------|
| В | 1/2 |
| Y | 1/4 |
| G | 1/8 |
| R | 1/8 |

$$H = 1.75$$



$$\overline{L} = \frac{1}{2} \cdot 2 + \frac{1}{4} \cdot 2 + \frac{1}{8} \cdot 2 + \frac{1}{8} \cdot 2$$

$$= 2$$

$$\overline{L} = \frac{1}{2} \cdot 1 + \frac{1}{4} \cdot 2 + \frac{1}{8} \cdot 3 + \frac{1}{8} \cdot 3$$

$$= 1.75$$