

**HKUSTx: ELEC1200.3x A System View of Communications: From Signals to Packets (Part 3)**

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Materials

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Layer

**2.1 Link Layer**

Week 1 Quiz due Jan 25,  
2016 at 15:30 UTC

**2.2 Multiple Access  
Protocols**

Week 1 Quiz due Jan 25,  
2016 at 15:30 UTC

**2.3 Aloha Protocol**

Week 1 Quiz due Jan 25,  
2016 at 15:30 UTC

**2.4 Efficiency of Slotted  
Aloha**

Week 1 Quiz due Jan 25,  
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Topic 2: The Link Layer &gt; 2.5 Lab 1: Link Layer &gt; LAB 1 - TASK 4



Bookmark

**LAB 1 - TASK 4 (EXTERNAL RESOURCE)** (0.0 / 1.0 points)

**2.5 Lab 1: Link Layer**Lab due Jan 25, 2016 at  
15:30 UTC

- MATLAB download and tutorials

## LAB 1 - TASK 4

In this task, you will evaluate the performance of the slotted ALOHA protocol by investigating the effect of changing the transmission probability  $p$  on the system efficiency by both simulation and analytically.

### INSTRUCTIONS

The initial MATLAB code in the window below is similar to code in Task 1. Some changes were made to set up the simulation. In particular, each user always sends the same frame. These frames are now a matrix that will be used to create the slots. The variable **slot** is still computed by the logical OR of all frames, although the code is slightly different.

The goal of this task is to study the performance of the ALOHA system as a function of the transmission probability. For this purpose, we created a list of probabilities, called **p\_list**, and we added a for loop to test the system for these probabilities. For each value of **p\_list**, we will store the efficiency of the system (variable **eff\_v**), the expected (theoretical) efficiency obtained by the equation studied in the lecture (variable **expeff\_v**), the fraction of the total number of slots in the simulation (**n\_slots**) that are empty (variable **empty\_v**) and the fraction of slots that contain collisions (variable **coll\_v**). These fractions should vary between 0 and 1.

If you run the code, Fig. 1 will show the efficiency (simulated and analytical), the normalized number of empty slots, and the normalized number of collision as a function of the probability  $p$ . In the initial code, these values are always zero, but if you revise the code correctly, they will change with  $p$  and Fig.1 will illustrate how probability  $p$  affects the performance of the ALOHA protocol. For example, when  $p$  is set to 1, we expect the fraction of collisions to be 1 and the fraction of empty slots to be zero because every user always transmits. On the other hand, when  $p$  is set to 0, we expect there to be no collisions because all slots are empty.

Your task is to revise the code to compute the correct values of **eff\_v**, **expeff\_v**, **empty\_v** and **coll\_v**. Be reminded that these variables are row vectors with lengths equal to length of **p\_list**. Refer to the lecture for the formula to calculate **expeff\_v**.

Please revise the code between the lines


```
% % % % Revise the following code % % % %
```

and

```
% % % % Do not change the code below % % % %
```

Do not change other parts of the code.

## Your Solution

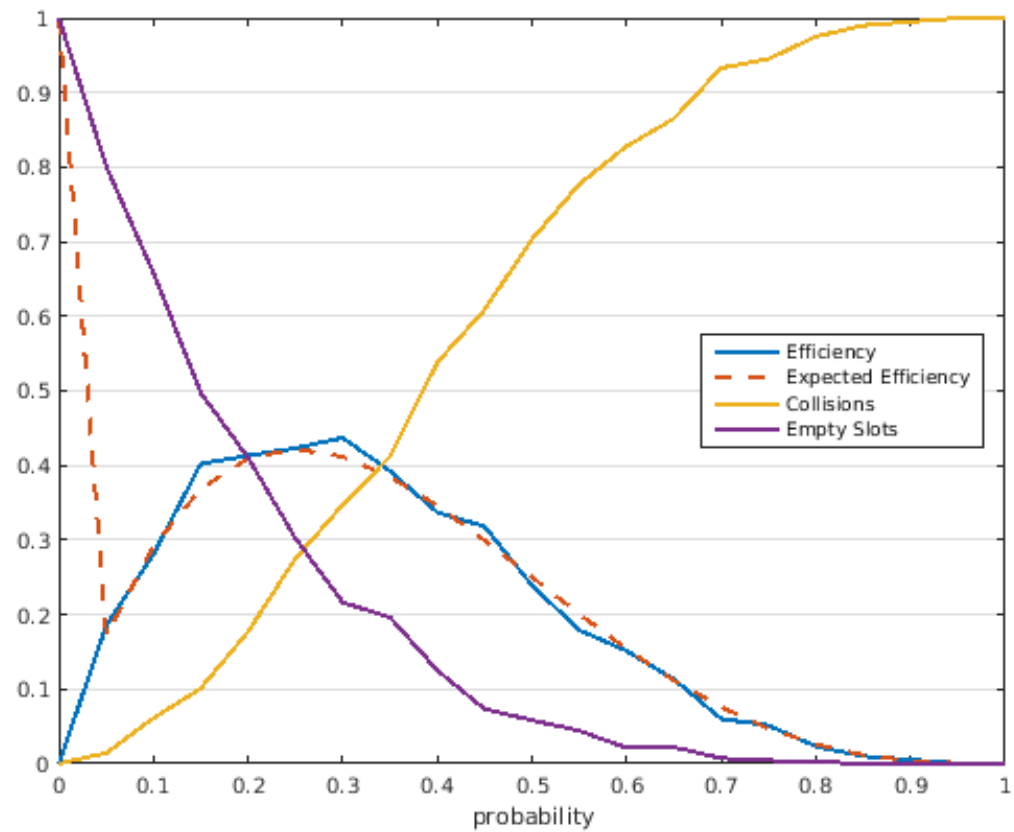
 Reset MATLAB Documentation (<https://www.mathworks.com>)

```
64     exponent_v(pc) = n_users * p * exponentPart;  
65     %disp(expeff_v(pc));  
66     elseif (p == 0)  
67         expeff_v(pc) = 1;  
68     elseif (p == 1)  
69         expeff_v(pc) = 0;  
70     end  
71  
72
```

## Assessment Tests: Failed

- ✓ Is problem setup unmodified?
- ✓ Is the efficiency correct?
- ✓ Is the normalized number of empty slots correct?
- ✓ Is the normalized number of collisions correct?
- ✗ Is the expected (theoretical) efficiency correct?  
The value stored in the variable expeff\_v is incorrect.  
The theoretical efficiency is incorrect

## Output



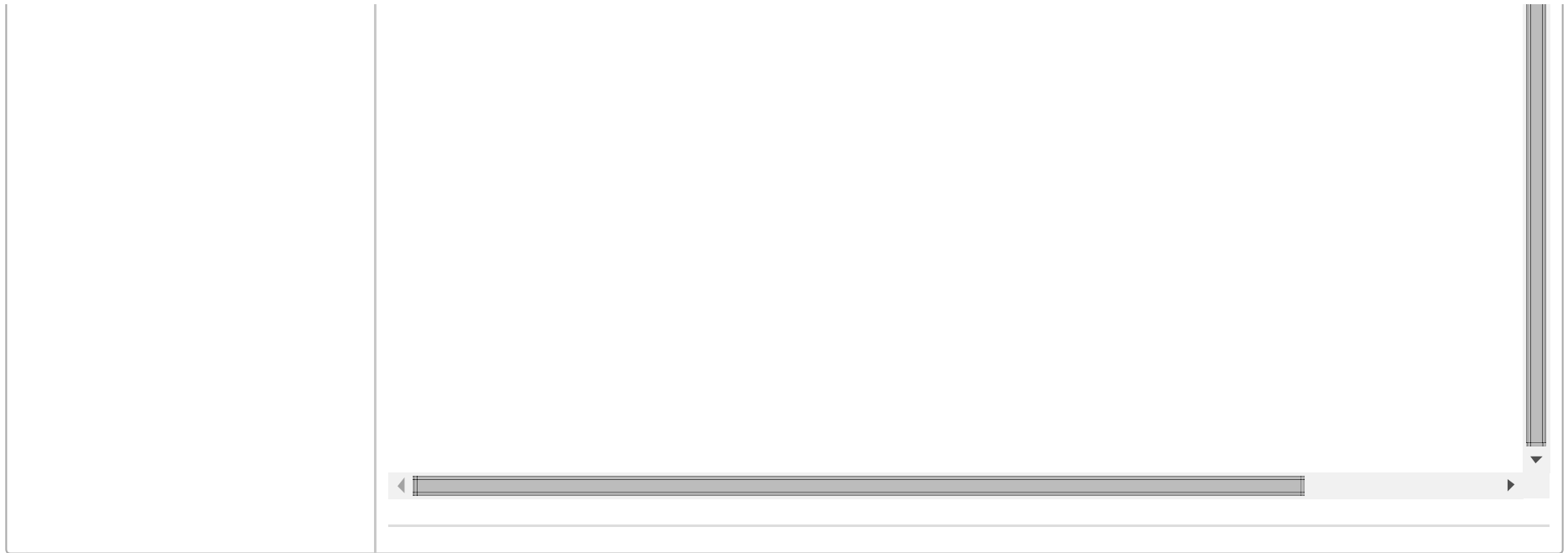












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