

## How to Use Jade


### LAB 1. ADDER

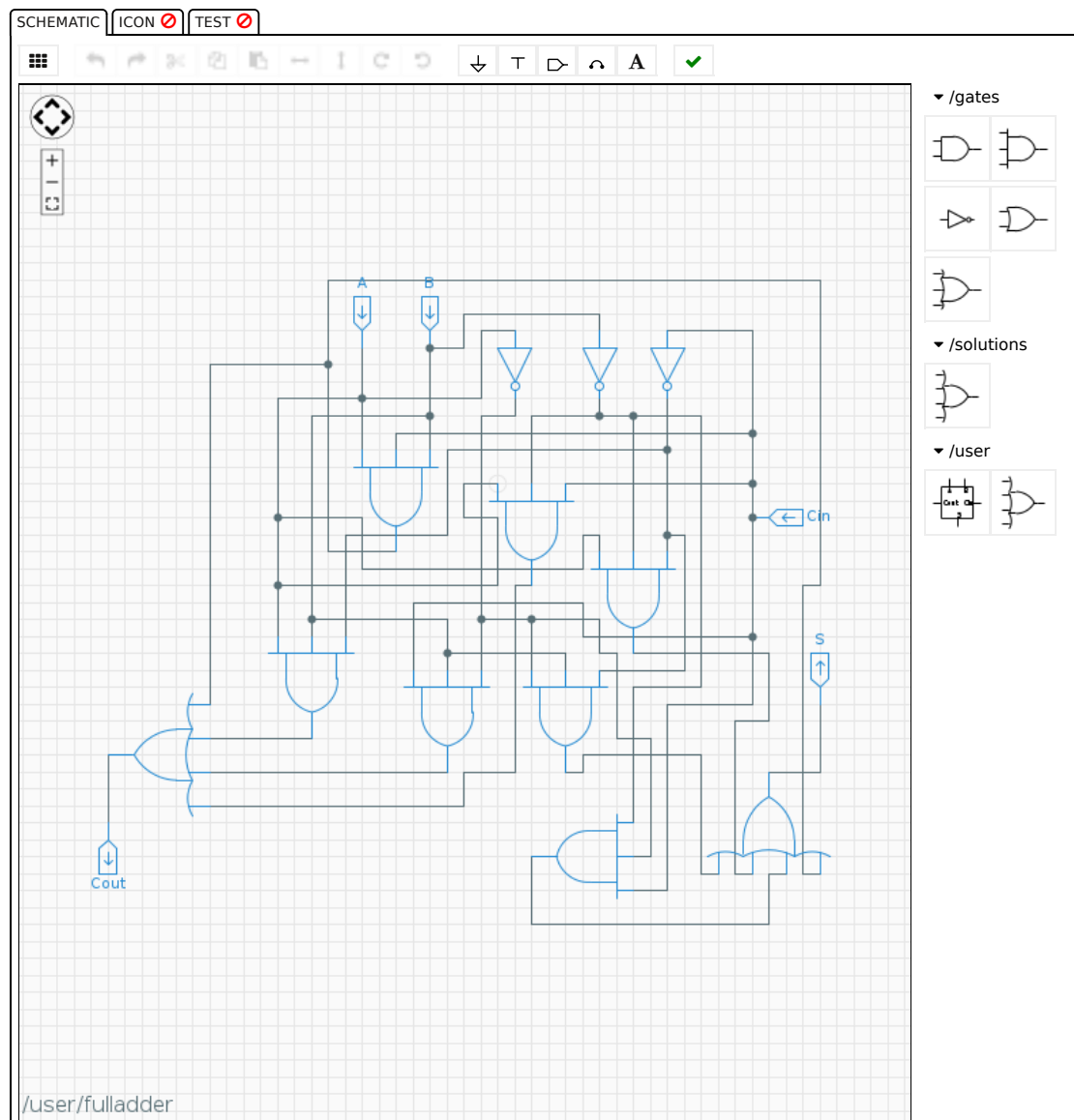
Design a Full Adder, using NOT, AND, and OR gates, and test it using the provided test file.

You may want to load your "/user/or4".

**After testing and checking, save this as a library component. We will need it in future labs!**

### FULL ADDER (1/1 point)

Module:    



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## LAB 2. ADDERS

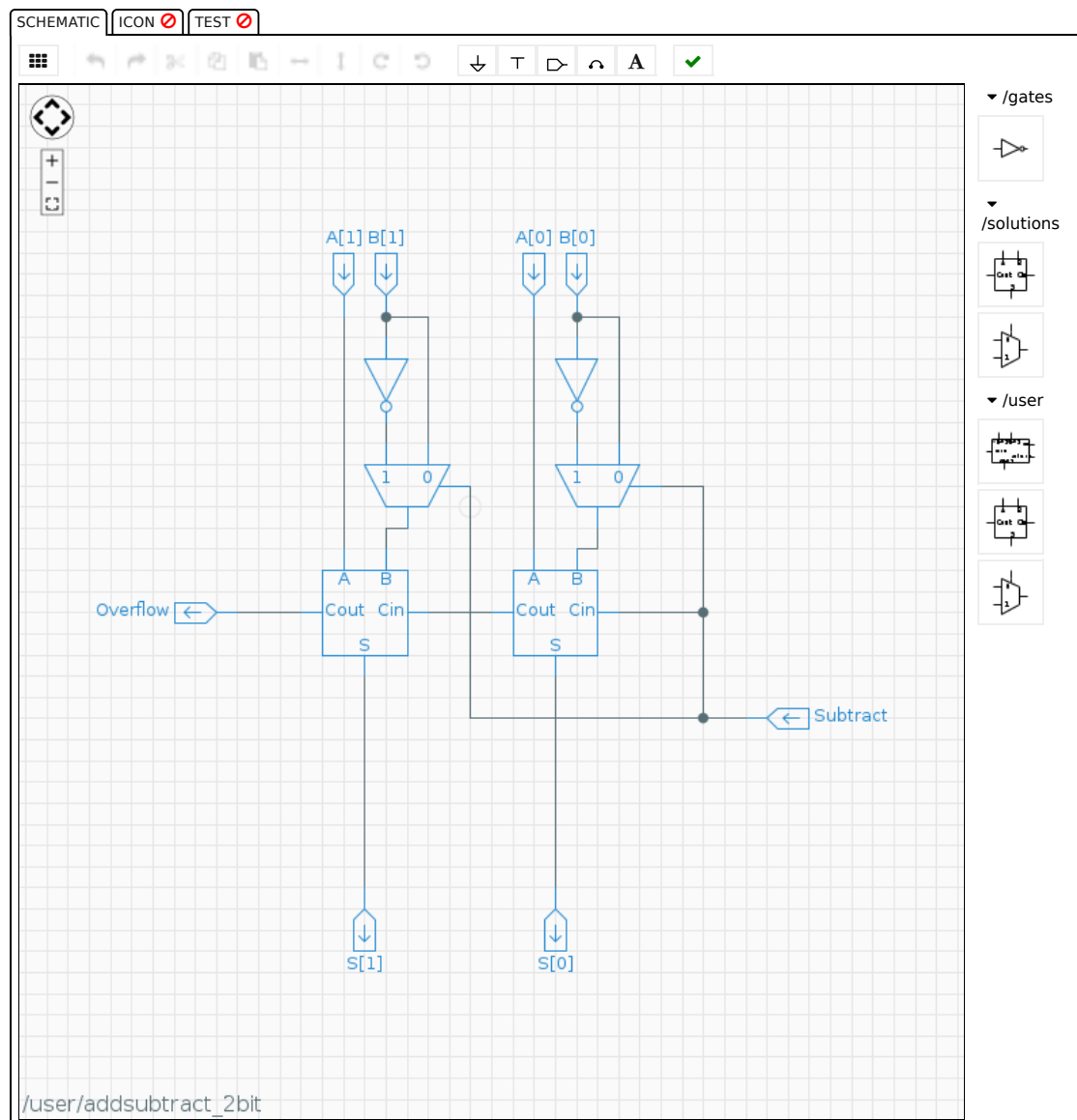
Design a 2-bit adder/subtractor, using two copies of your Full Adder library component, two inverters, and two 2-to-1 Muxes. Your design should have an input signal, **Subtract**, that subtracts the inputs when **Subtract = 1** and adds them when **Subtract = 0**.

The output terminal **Overflow** should be connected to the carry out of the MSB. For unsigned integer addition, a 1 on this output indicates that overflow occurred (As discussed in the videos, a carry out of the MSB of 1 does not necessarily indicate that overflow occurred for two's complement integer arithmetic).

**You need to load your "/user/mux2to1" and "/user/fulladder" designs, and "/user/or4" if you used that component.**

**Test your design using the provided test file. Save it after it passes the tests.**

### 2-BIT ADDER/SUBTRACTOR (1/1 point)

Module: [/user/addsubtract\\_2bit](#)   

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## LAB 3. ADDERS

Design a 16-bit Ripple Carry Adder that adds the 16-bit inputs A and B, using 16 copies of your Full Adder library component, and test it using the provided test file.

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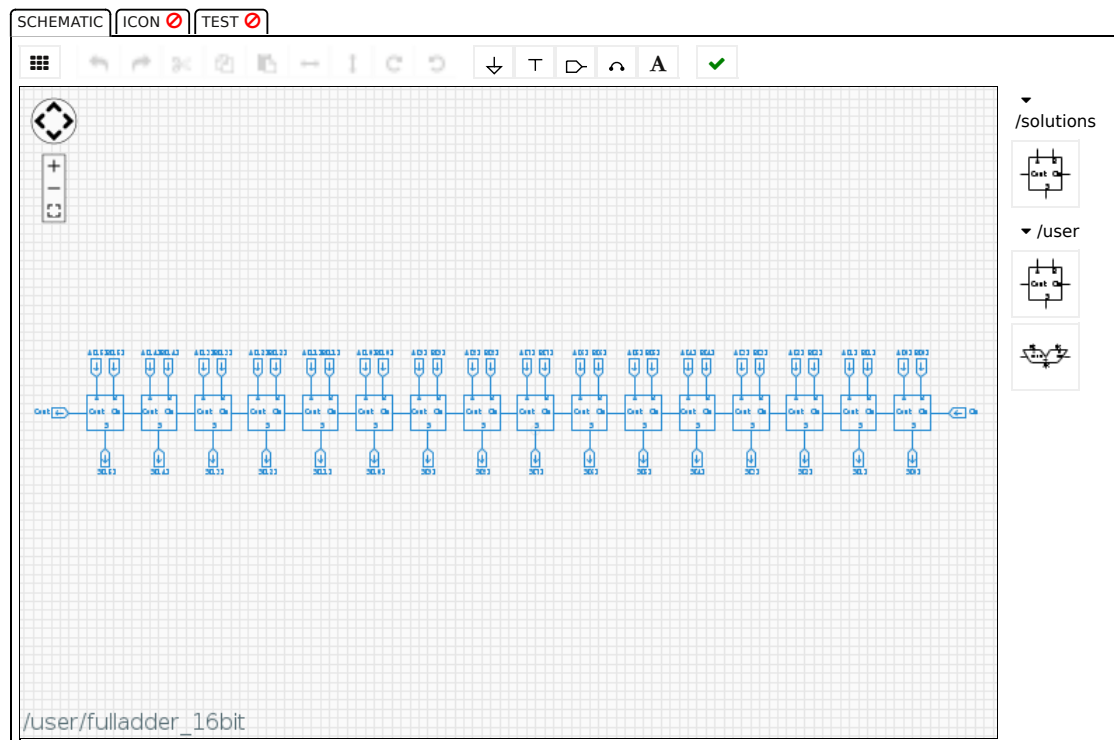
**Don't forget to load your "/user/fulladder" component, and "/user/or4" if you used that component.**

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**After testing and checking, save this as a library component. We will need it in future labs!**

## 16 BIT RIPPLE CARRY ADDER (1/1 point)

Module:    



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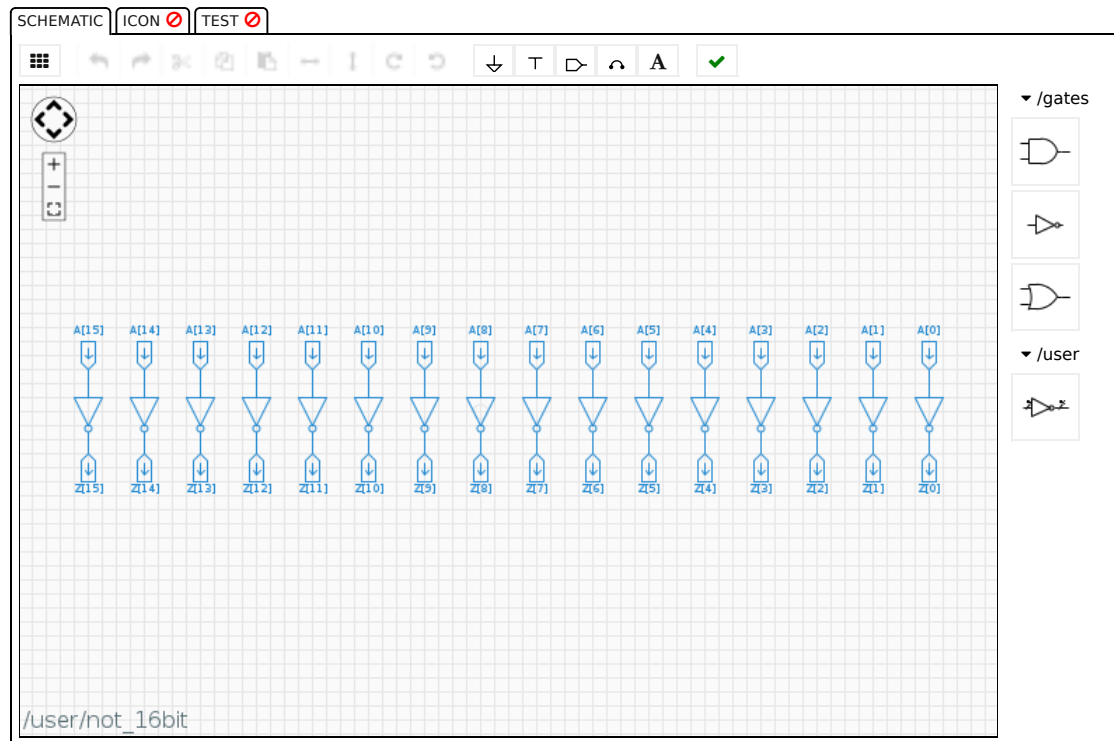
## LAB 4. ADDERS

Design a 16-bit **NOT** circuit that inverts the individual bits of the 16-bit input A and test it using the provided test file.

**After testing and checking, save this as a library component. We will need it in future labs!**

## 16 BIT NOT (1/1 point)

Module: /user/not\_16bit

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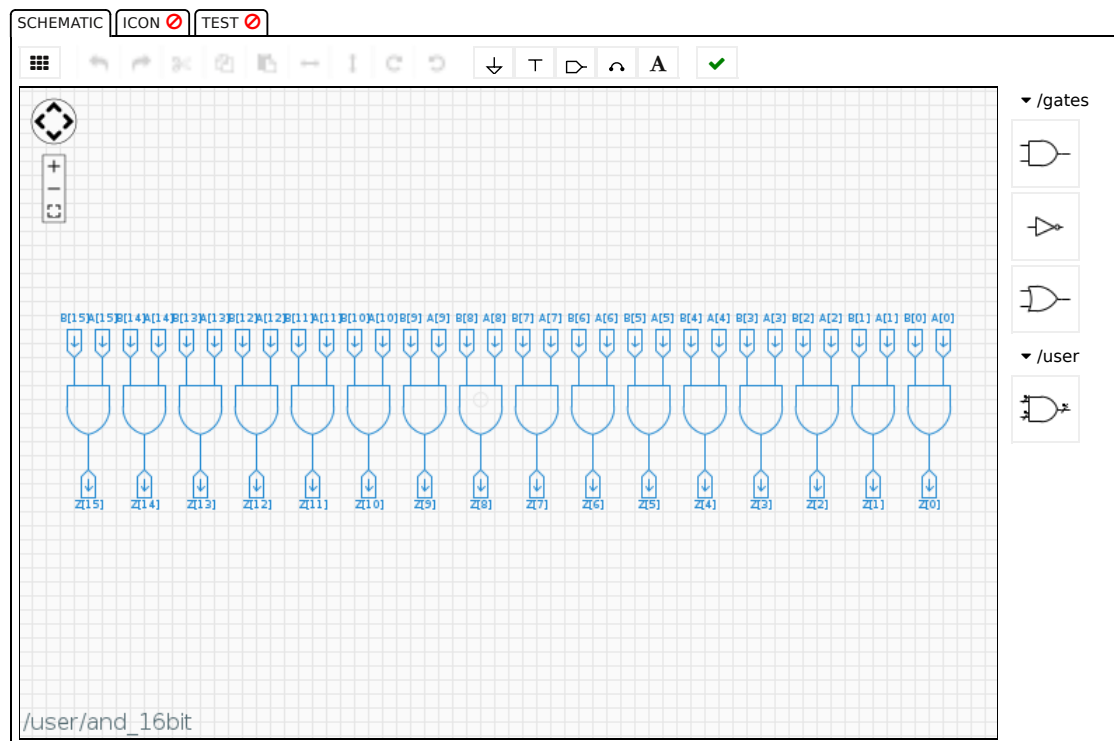
## LAB 5. ADDERS

Design a 16-bit AND circuit that ANDs the individual bits of the 16-bit inputs A and B and test it using the provided test file.

**After testing and checking, save this as a library component. We will need it in future labs!**

16 BIT AND (1/1 point)

Module: /user/and\_16bit


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## LAB 6. ADDERS

Design an *Arithmetic Logic Unit (ALU)* that performs the Add, NOT, and AND operations on the 16-bit inputs A and B, and also provides the ability to pass A to the output unchanged.

The 16-bit output of the ALU is defined by the 2-bit ALUK input:

ALUK[1] ALUK[0] ALU Output

- |   |   |                     |
|---|---|---------------------|
| 0 | 0 | Addition of A and B |
| 0 | 1 | AND of A and B      |
| 1 | 0 | NOT of A            |
| 1 | 1 | A (unchanged)       |

In your design, the inputs A and B should be passed to your previously designed Add, NOT, and AND circuits and the output of those components sent to the appropriate data inputs of a 16-bit 4-to-1 Mux as defined by the above table. The last data input of the Mux should be the input A. The select input for the Mux is the 2-bit ALUK input. Take care to connect ALUK[1] and ALUK[0] to the correct two bits of the select input.

Load your "/user/fulladder", "/user/fulladder\_16bit", "/user/and\_16bit", "/user/not\_16bit", "/user/mux4to1", "/user/mux4to1\_16bit" modules first, and "/user/or4" if you used that component.

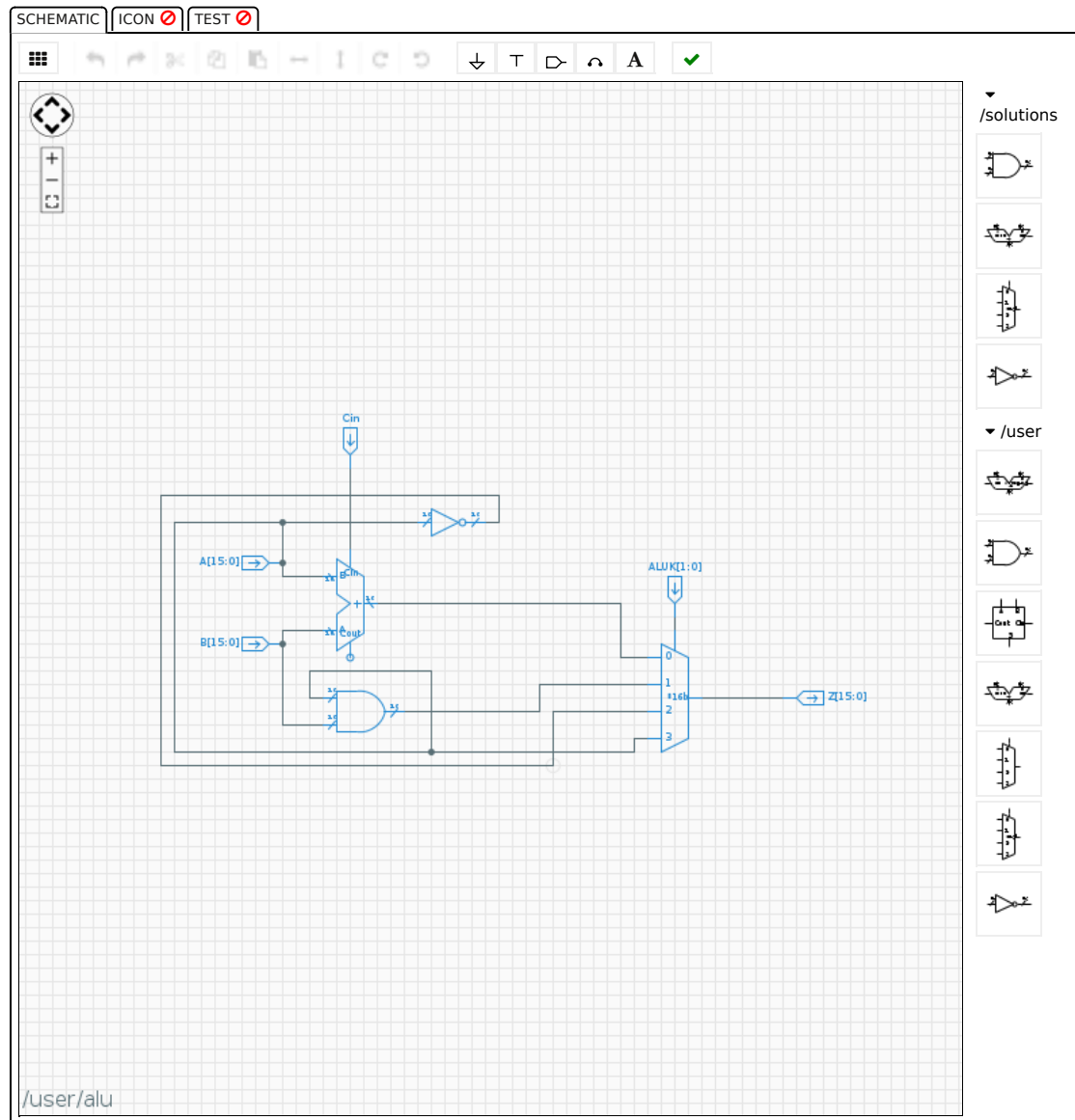
Test your ALU using the provided test file.

After testing and checking, save this as a library component. We will need it in future labs!

Help

ALU (1/1 point)

Module: /user/alu



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