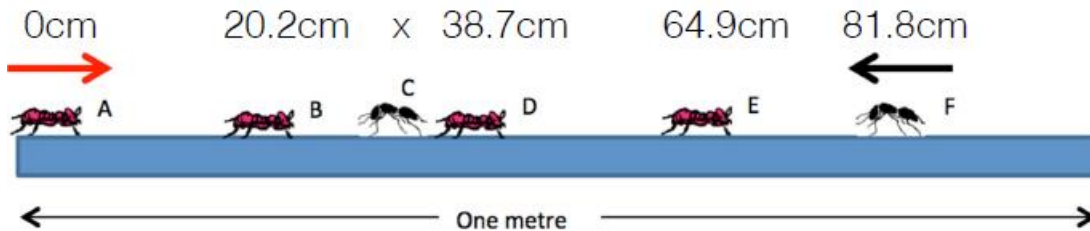


# Ant on a stick

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## Introduction



Ants walk at 1cm/second. When they meet, each ant turns around and walks in the other direction. When they reach the end of the stick they fall off.

- (1) How many seconds until the last ant falls off?
- (2) Which ant is the last to fall off the stick?

## Solution

Create three vectors:

- (1) Flag: represent the label of each ant;
- (2) Speed: represent the speed of each ant in the flag vector;
- (3) Location: represent the location of each ant in the flag vector from the 0 point on the stick;

Examine the location of each ant each second. Since ants which go to left only meet the ant on the left of it, when the location of ants which goes to left is smaller than that of the ant on the left of it, their location and speed will be changed.

Here is the code:

```
set.seed(789)
Time <- numeric()
Last <- vector()
ant <- function(n){
  for (l in 1:n){
    location <- c(0, 20.2, runif(1,20.2,38.7), 38.7, 64.9, 81.8) #define location of each ant
    flag <- c('a','b','c','d','e','f') #define label of each ant
    speed <- c(1,1,-1,1,1,-1) #define initial speed of each ant
```

```

T <- 0
while(length(location)>1){ # Examine if there is only one ant on the stick
  T <- T+1 # Time flows one second
  # The location of each ant changes
  for (i in 1:length(location)){
    location[i] <- location[i] + speed[i]
  }

  left <- which(speed < 0) # Find the ants go to left side
  # If the ant is not the most left side ant, compare its location with the ant on the left
  # of it. And if its location is lower the ant on the left of it, change their speed and location
  if(left[1] > 1){
    for (j in 1:length(left)){
      if (location[left[j]] < location[left[j]-1]){
        tmp1 <- speed[left[j]]
        speed[left[j]] <- speed[left[j]-1]
        speed[left[j]-1] <- tmp1
        tmp2 <- location[left[j]]
        location[left[j]] <- location[left[j]-1]
        location[left[j]-1] <- tmp2
      }
    }
  }

  # Examine if there's ant fall off from the stick. If there is one, remove its label, location and speed
  k <- 1
  while (k <= length(location)){
    if ((speed[k] < 0 & location[k] < 0) | (speed[k] > 0 & location[k] > 100)){
      location <- location[-k]
      flag <- flag[-k]
      speed <- speed[-k]
    }
    else{
      k <- k+1
    }
  }

  T <- T + 100 - location #Total time equals to the sum of time flowed from the very beginning and
                          #the stick will use to fall off from the stick

  Time[l] <- T

```

```

Last[l] <- flag
}
cat('\nIt will be', mean(Time) , 'seconds until last ant falls off.')
cat('\nFor the last trial, ', flag, 'is the last ant to fall off.')
as.data.frame(table(Last))
}
ant(1)

```

```

##
## It will be 100 seconds until last ant falls off.
## For the last trial, c is the last ant to fall off.

##   Last Freq
## 1      c      1

```

If we repeat the situation for 100 times.

```
ant(100)
```

```

##
## It will be 100 seconds until last ant falls off.
## For the last trial, c is the last ant to fall off.

##   Last Freq
## 1      c  100

```

In such case, we can know that it will be always 100 seconds until last ant falls off from the stick and the last ant will always be No.C.